Exhibit 1



City of Alameda, California Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



CITY OF ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

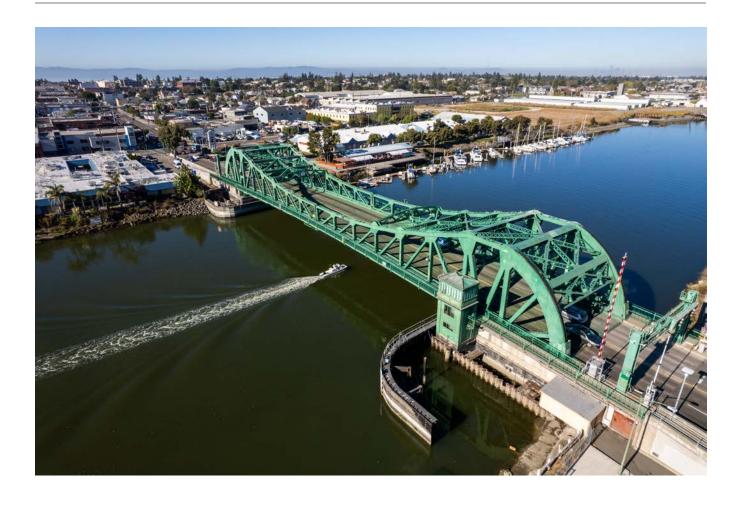
PREPARED BY THE

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MARGARET O'BRIEN FINANCE DIRECTOR

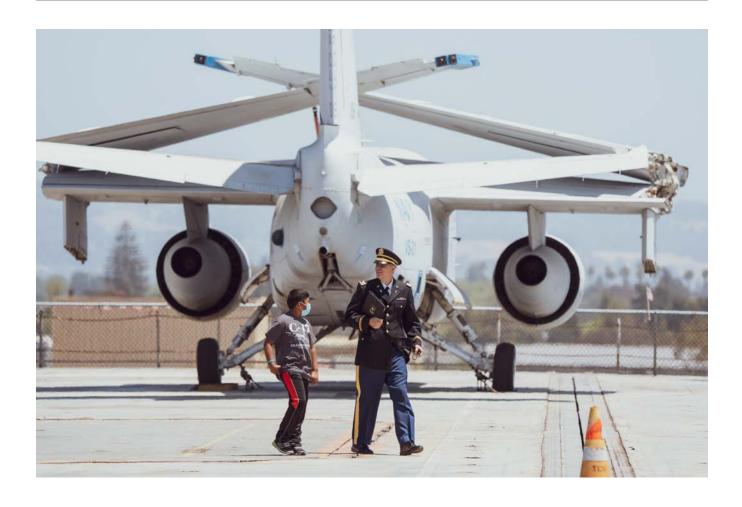


City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City



Alameda INTRODUCTORY SECTION





City of Alameda, California Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 Table of Contents

Introductory Section:

Table of Contents	i
Transmittal Letter	iv
City Council	xiii
Principal Officers	xiv
Organizational Chart	xv
Regional Map	xvi
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xvii
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet with the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Reconciliation of the Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds with the Change in Governmental Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	
Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund	
Grants Special Revenue Fund	



City of Alameda, California Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 Table of Contents

Pr	oprietary Funds:	
	Statement of Net Position	40
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	41
	Statement of Cash Flows	42
Fi	duciary Funds:	
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	45
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	46
Notes	s to Basic Financial Statements	49

Required Supplementary Information:

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Miscellaneous Plan	134
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Safety Plan	136
Schedule of Contributions – Miscellaneous Plan	138
Schedule of Contributions – Safety Plan	140
The 1079 & 1082 Pension Plans – Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios	142
OPEB – Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan	144
OPEB – Schedule of Contributions - Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan	146
OPEB – Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan	148
OPEB – Schedule of Contributions - Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan	149

Supplemental Information - Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:

Non-major Governmental Funds:

	Combining Balance Sheets	154
	Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	160
	Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	163
In	ternal Service Funds:	
	Combining Statements of Net Position	178
	Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	180
	Combining Statements of Cash Flows	182



City of Alameda, California Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 Table of Contents

Statistical Section:

Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Basic Revenue Index (BRI)	
Revenue Capacity:	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Property Tax Rates - All Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Ten Years Ago	
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Alameda Municipal Power Electric Operating Revenues by Source – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Alameda Municipal Power Customer Accounts – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Alameda Municipal Power Pricing Changes – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Alameda Municipal Power Top Ten Customers – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Debt Capacity:	
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt.	
Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin	
Sewer Fund Debt Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Alameda Municipal Power Fund Debt Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	
Operating Information:	
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	



Finance Department 2263 Santa Clara Avenue, Room 220 Alameda, California 94501 (510) 747-4881

December 30, 2024

Citizens of the City of Alameda Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

We are pleased to present the City of Alameda (City) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. The information in this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and includes an unmodified opinion on the report by the City's independent certified public accountants. Although we rely on the standards and expertise of these external auditors, the responsibility for the accuracy and fairness of this report rests with the City.

For those readers interested in a more detailed review of the City's financial statements, a narrative section called *Management's Discussion and Analysis* (MD&A) has been included as part of the Financial Section. The MD&A reports on the financial highlights of the City and provides additional analysis on the variances and trends reported as part of the financial statements. The MD&A also discloses significant items affecting the financial condition of the City and is designed to be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal.



City Profile

The City was incorporated in 1854 and is located in Alameda County, the growing East Bay region of the San Francisco Bay Area. The City has a permanent staff of 593 allocated full-time positions (including Alameda Municipal Power) and serves 78,071 residents in a land area of 10.61 square miles, plus 12.3 square miles of water.

The City operates utilizing the Council-Manager form of government. The Mayor and four Council members are elected at large for staggered four-year terms to govern the City. The City Treasurer and City Auditor are also elected for four-year terms. The City Council is responsible for establishing policies, adopting a biennial budget, appointing commissioners and committee members, as well as hiring the City Manager, City Attorney and City Clerk. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the Council's policies, and overseeing the day-to-day operations and management of the City. Current City Council priorities include: preparing Alameda for the future; encouraging economic development across the island; supporting enhanced livability and quality of life; protecting core services; and ensuring effective and efficient operations.

City departments and areas of responsibility are comprised of the following:

General Government includes staff and activities associated with the City Council, City Manager, City Clerk, and City Attorney.

Finance Department provides strategic long-term financial planning, financial reporting, payroll services, budgeting, purchasing, accounts payable, accounts receivable, and business licenses.

Human Resources Department includes staff and activities associated with recruitment, training and development, employee and labor relations, disability management, safety administration, and policy and procedure development.

Information Technology Department provides internal support overseeing technology information and daily needs of City as well as collaborates with regional partners to advance tech related issues.

Community Services includes the City's Library Department and the Recreation and Parks Department, which also includes Senior Center operations and Corica Park Golf Course contract management.

Base Reuse and Economic Development provides oversight services and project management at the former Naval Air Station, known as Alameda Point, as well as working with business and the Alameda community to cultivate and develop the City's economic, social, and cultural resources.

Planning, Building, and Transportation includes the permit center, current and advance planning, transportation planning, and building inspection and code enforcement.

Public Safety includes Police with its Communications, Patrol, Investigations, and Traffic divisions, as well as Fire with its Emergency Services, Prevention Services, and Ambulance Transport divisions.

Public Works includes Engineering, Transportation Operations, Parking Enforcement, Streets and Sidewalk Maintenance, Tree Maintenance, and Storm Drains and Sewer Maintenance divisions.

Alameda Municipal Power includes staff and activities associated with operation and maintenance of the local electric distribution system.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City of Alameda is a community situated in the San Francisco Bay with residential neighborhoods and commercial areas. There are scenic views of Oakland, San Francisco, and other areas of the Bay shoreline and surrounding hills. The City has physical links to the City of Oakland to the north and east, and offers ferry services to San Francisco from three ferry terminal locations.

Between 2023 and 2024, the population of Alameda increased by 1.0% from 77,287 residents to 78,071 residents, according to the California Department of Finance. It is anticipated that Alameda's population will increase as new housing units are constructed and occupied at the former Naval Station and elsewhere in the City.

Nationally, the economy continues to expand at a moderate rate, with Gross Domestic Product (GDP) increasing at an annualized rate of 2.8% for the second quarter of 2024, up from 1.4% from the previous quarter. The U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis cited health care and social assistance, finance and insurance, retail trade and construction as the leading contributors to this growth in real GDP.

The City's financial outlook remains generally stable. Several revenue streams, such as property tax, sales tax, licenses and permits, and use of money and property (mostly interest income) increased year-over-year. Most revenues that did weaken, namely real property transfer tax, utility user tax, and other local taxes, fell between 1.4% and 3.5%. The largest general fund year-over-year decrease was the City's other revenue, which accounted for a large, one-time settlement in the prior year. Overall, the General Fund ended the year with a 3.9% increase in revenues from the prior year.

Due to years of a strong local real estate market and fiscal responsibility, the City has been able to maintain General Fund reserves in excess of City Council's established level of 25% of expenditures for more than a decade.

Under state law, the City is required to report any revenues generated from State Lands Trust properties to the state on an annual basis. Through a public records act request, staff discovered that the City had not been correctly classifying lease and license revenue in State Lands Trust areas at Alameda Point into a separate fund from the Alameda Point Fund. The City is not aware of why this has been the case, but staff have been working with the California State Lands Commission and our property management team to separate out the revenues and correct our reporting.

Beginning with Fiscal Year 2024-25, the City will have a separate fund for Alameda Point State Lands funds. The City has identified the lease and license accounts that will be distributed into this fund, and will provide the State Lands Commission with reports for Fiscal Year 2022-23 and Fiscal Year 2023-24. The City cannot retroactively reclassify these funds as the accounting and auditing for prior fiscal years have been closed. The State Lands Commission staff have confirmed that this is an acceptable solution. The City has separately reported State Lands Trust properties outside of Alameda Point to the Commission.

The City received a total of \$28.68 million of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds that have helped address the critical needs of residents and drive Alameda's economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. The City either spent or obligated to spend all the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds as of June 30, 2024. The City's ARPA spending plan prioritizes initiatives aimed at addressing housing needs, behavioral and mental health services, supporting households and local small businesses, and offsetting revenue losses. This spending is centered on assisting members of the community who were or continue to be disproportionately affected by the pandemic. In collaboration with community leaders and City Council, the City continues to focus allocations toward:

• The Midway Shelter of Alameda: ARPA funds were used to replace three portable units that house the kitchen/community room, staff/children's room, and a 25-bed dormitory at this shelter for women and children who are unhoused or suffering from domestic violence.

- **Covid Recognition Pay:** ARPA funds were used as a flat monthly payment for employees required to report on-site during the pandemic.
- **Guaranteed Basic Income Pilot Program:** ARPA funds are being used to pilot a guaranteed basic income program for those in the community who were disproportionately impacted by the pandemic.
- **Transitional Housing:** ARPA funds, along with other grant funding, were used to build and operate Dignity Village, a 47-unit modular housing project for individuals who are formerly unhoused.
- **Emergency Supportive Housing:** ARPA funds have been and continue to be used to provide emergency housing for up to six months with wrap-around services to assist residents with individual challenges and locate permanent housing.
- **Commercial Streets:** ARPA funds supported the survival of Alameda's small businesses and the health and safety of people who live, work, and visit Alameda through the creation of an on-street parklet program, reconfiguring the main streets in our two downtown districts, and implementing parking improvements.
- Revenue Replacement: ARPA funds were used to offset revenue lost due to the pandemic.

The economic outlook for the City of Alameda for Fiscal Year 2024-25 reflects a mix of positive and negative factors. While elevated interest rates benefit the City's investment portfolio, they also increase borrowing costs and complicate financial planning. The City has seen a decline in real property transfer tax over the last two years, a manifestation of an overall cooling in the real estate market. However, so far this cooling trend has been relatively predictable resulting from the rise in interest rates. Operational costs, including labor and maintenance, have increased relatively quickly over the past few years. Yet, the City has also seen increases to property and sales taxes during that timeframe, which has alleviated some of the burden, but anticipates decreases to sales tax revenues in Fiscal Year 2024-25 due to the loss of a major taxpayer.

Amid these challenges, the City's residual fund balance in excess of policy or fund balance deficits of \$24.8 million, provides a critical financial cushion. This reserve requires strategic resource allocation and effective financial management. Careful stewardship of these funds is essential for navigating economic uncertainties, preserving essential services, and fostering long-term economic resilience within the City.

Internal Controls

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the stated framework. City management believes the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls

The City maintains budgetary controls as part of its control environment. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the appropriated budget approved by City Council. Every two years, departments work with the City Manager and Finance Department to submit operating budget requests for the next two fiscal years. The City Manager then makes recommendations to City Council regarding the budget. After public discussion and evaluation of the recommendations, City Council adopts the budget for the next two fiscal years.

Expenditures are controlled at the fund level for all budgeted departments within the City. At this level, expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. The City Manager or their designee is authorized to transfer funds between departments within the same fund, and to limit expenditures in response to lower-than-expected revenues whenever necessary. The budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with GAAP. Any amendments to the total level of appropriations for a fund or transfers between funds must be approved by City Council.

<u>City Council Goals and Objectives</u>

During 2023, City Council and City management created a strategic plan formulating goals and objectives titled *City of Alameda 2023 Strategic Plan – Fiscal Years 2023 - 2026*. The following lists strategic priorities established for FYs 2023-24:

- 1. Enhance Community Safety and Services
 - Invest in public safety staff and resources, including crime prevention, fire infrastructure, disaster preparedness, and legal protections. Expand and maintain City services that support community wellbeing and quality of life, including libraries, parks, and mental health services.
- 2. Build Resilience to Climate Change and Water Level Rise
 - Reduce greenhouse gas emissions and become more resilient and adaptive to climate change through equitable efforts in building decarbonization, solar power and electrification, urban greening, flood protections, and composting.
- 3. Invest in Transportation, Infrastructure, Economic Opportunities and Historic Resources
 - Upgrade and enhance Alameda's bicycle, pedestrian, transit, and car infrastructure to increase safety, reliability, sustainability and accessibility. Beautify public places, restore historic buildings, rehabilitate utilities and expand broadband. Support local businesses and workforce development.
- 4. House all Alamedans and End Homelessness
 - Overcome housing challenges and support unhoused or housing insecure residents through affordable housing productions and preservation of existing affordable housing stock, equitable housing practices, housing assistance programs, and comprehensive housing and supportive services, including homelessness prevention.
- 5. Practice Fiscally Responsible, Equitable and Inclusive Governance
 - Increase fiscal resilience and ensure equitable distribution of public resources. Invest in equitable, inclusive and sustainable organizational practices including professional development, employee engagement and recognition, safety and wellness programming, and succession planning. Strengthen public communications and resident engagement.

Major Initiatives and Projects

In July 2023, City Council approved the disposition and development agreement at Alameda Point and the developer commenced demolition and horizontal site improvements for the *Rebuilding Existing Supportive Housing at Alameda Point* (RESHAP) development during the fiscal year. The RESHAP campus, located at the former Alameda Naval Air Station, is nearly eight acres of City-owned land that will include 332 affordable homes with supportive services, after-school and youth program spaces, a state-of-the-art family shelter and other mixed use and community spaces.

Citizens of the City of Alameda Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

Also at Alameda Point, Storehouse Lofts, located on Saratoga Street, continued to receive its phased certificates of occupancy (COOs) for this adaptive reuse, work/live project. Final COOs are expected in Fiscal Year 2024-25. The City sold 677 West Ranger Avenue to the Alameda Food Bank, which is expected to be the Food Bank's permanent home after completion of its expansion project. City Council also approved an exclusive negotiating agreement with Little Opera House to advance entitlements and a term sheet for development of a new 600+ seat performing arts center adjacent to Seaplane Lagoon Park.

The City is working to bring its first phase of new backbone infrastructure into Alameda Point's Adaptive Reuse Area. The project brought a much-needed new water system from the eastern edge of Alameda Point all the way west to Monarch Street and connected all occupied buildings to the new system. The project also included construction of all backbone utilities on four blocks within the Historic District. The new streets are complete streets, safely serving all modes of travel. This \$30.0 million dollar investment is nearing completion and will have a grand opening soon.

Demonstrating its commitment to enhancing transportation efficiency and connectivity, the City of Alameda has collaborated with local partners to launch a water taxi service linking Bohol Circle Immigrant Park at Alameda Landing to Oakland's Jack London Square. This two-year pilot program operates free of charge from Wednesday through Sunday, providing a convenient and accessible transit option for the community.

Affordable housing remains a critical priority for the City, highlighted by City Council's October 2021 approval of *The Road Home: A 5-Year Plan to Prevent and Respond to Homelessness in Alameda*. This plan outlines a practical framework to address homelessness in the City, grounded in a thorough evaluation of existing programs and systems, the latest data and proven best practices. As part of its commitment, the City is tasked with delivering 5,353 additional housing units under the Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA) for the 2023-2031 cycle. To meet these targets, the City has initiated several efforts to facilitate affordable housing development including drafting a comprehensive site inventory and exploring policy changes aimed at achieving RHNA compliance.

It took the City just over a year to complete Dignity Village, the 47-unit interim supportive housing project located near the College of Alameda. In addition to case management and housing navigation, Alameda Family Services staffs a fulltime mental health clinician on site to provide support to residents, train staff and offer resources to mental health services as needed. Construction and operations were funded by a combination of grants, City-awarded ARPA funds, and City general funds.

Alameda Recreation and Parks District (ARPD) is proud to be the third oldest park system in the State of California with over 30 arks and facilities. During Fiscal Year 2023-24, ARPD facilitated the construction or replacement of multiple projects including:

- Resurface of the basketball court at Lincoln Park
- Overlay of the tennis court at Krusi Park
- Resurface of the tennis court at Franklin Park
- Replacement of the playground serving those ages 5 to 12 at McKinley Park
- LED replacement at Upper Washington Park near Central Avenue and 8th Street
- Extension of the tennis court and field netting at Lower Washington Park near Otis and Westline Drive
- Completion of the Shoreline Pathway paving Phase 2

Throughout the prior two fiscal years, the City of Alameda has taken initial steps for the design and construction of an aquatic center located on the west side of Sweeney Park. Such steps taken during the year include issuing \$15 million in lease revenue bonds in December 2023 and City Council approving a Phase I design-build agreement for the design and permitting of the City's aquatic Center in May 2024.

Pension and Post-Employment Benefits Liability

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability - The City has worked to successfully enact pension and OPEB solutions to address these liabilities. These efforts include limiting retiree health care to former employees only (spouses and families are now excluded), significant employer financial contributions to both pension and retirement health care benefits and raising the age of retirement as a result of the State's own pension reform efforts. In addition to these actions, City Council has adopted a Pension Rate Stabilization and OPEB Funding Policy that directs annual contributions to a Public Agencies Retirement Services (PARS) Trust for prefunding Pension and OPEB obligations. The Council further adopted a policy such that one-half of each fiscal year's General Fund surplus over a 25% available fund balance shall be put toward reducing the CalPERS unfunded liability for either pensions or OPEB. The Council recently directed 25% of the surplus fund balance be sent to the City's 115 Trust and the remaining 75% be sent directly to CalPERS to reduce the City's unfunded pension liability. The 115 Trust also restricts funds so they can only be used to address these long-term obligations. Another notable feature of the policy is to direct any unspent funds of the City's closed legacy pension plans (1079/1082 Pension Plans) toward these PARS trust accounts, which will further help fund these obligations.

Capital Improvement Program

The City developed a Capital Improvement and Maintenance Plan (CIP) detailing specific budgeted capital projects. Each of the projects is consistent with the overall goals and principles of the City. Below are certain highlights of projects completed during the reporting period.

Storm Drain Pump Station Electric Upgrade (\$2 million)

This project made upgrades to the electrical and control equipment at four stormwater pump stations and installed a new wet well and pumps at one of the stations. Ensuring the long-term viability of the City's storm system is critical for ensuring proper drainage to prevent roads and neighborhoods from flooding during storm events.

Sidewalk Repair and Replacement (\$1.2 million)

The City's sidewalk program replaced over 21,000 square feet of sidewalk and nearly 11,000 linear feet of curb and gutter. The program also removed more than 4,000 tripping hazards. As conduits for pedestrian movement and access, sidewalks enhance connectivity and promote walking. Safe, accessible and well-maintained sidewalks are fundamental to mobility and a healthy community.

Alameda City City Hall West Lawn Conversion (\$0.5 million)

This project converted the landscape at City Hall West from turf, which requires heavy watering, to more drought-tolerant plantings that conserve water. The new landscape has outdoor seating areas for City employees and the general public. Vibrant water-wise succulents, aloes and agaves were selected for year-round colorful foliage and brightly colored seasonal flowers were added to the plant palette. The water wise plants chosen for this project thrive in coastal conditions and were commonly found in early California Missions and residences.

Alameda Police Department's Reception Area and Ramp Renovation Project (\$0.5 million)

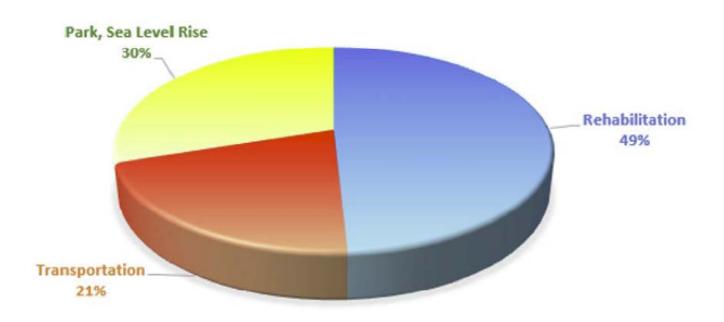
This project enhanced accessibility by widening the existing ramp entrance, adding ADA-compliant handrails, replacing the lobby and elevator door controls with modernized push-button controls and modifications to the reception and service counter/window. Additionally, the non-compliant fire-rated walls, windows and door assemblies were upgraded to comply with current codes, the floor and soffit/ceiling finishes restored, and the reception area façade renovated for improved security.

Harbor Bay Isle (HBI) Lagoon Improvement Project (\$0.3 million)

The HBI lagoon system provides open space, aesthetic and recreational enjoyment for residents. The lagoon system brings in surrounding Bay waters and receives stormwater drainage from the adjacent developed areas. Water circulation through the lagoon is critical for water quality. This project restored the level sensing, logic and remote lagoon monitoring through the City's System Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system. The project also replaced equipment at the end of its useful life and improved worker safety at each site. The system now has built-in alarms to ensure reliability.

The FY 2023-24 adopted Capital Improvement Program Budget appropriated an additional \$72.8 million and was allocated to the following types of projects:

Category	Amount in Millions	Percent of Total				
Rehabilitation	\$37.78	49.16 %				
Transportation	\$15.12	20.77 %				
Park, Sea Level Rise, Alameda Point	\$21.90	30.07 %				



Fiscal Year 2023-24 Capital Improvement Program by Category

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

The City received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its two-year budget document for FYs 2022-2023. In order to qualify for the Award, the City's budget document had to meet specific criteria as a policy document, a financial plan and a communications device.

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was prepared by the City's Finance Department staff, under the leadership of Margaret O'Brien, Finance Director. This report is representative of the staff's ongoing commitment to provide excellent service to Alameda residents.

Many thanks are also extended to the independent auditors of Maze & Associates for their review of this report, and to City Council, City Treasurer, and City Auditor for their stewardship and commitment to assist in ensuring the long-term fiscal health of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Signed by: Junifer Off

Jennifer Ott

City Manager

Signed by: Margaret L. O'Brien

Margaret L. O'Brien

Finance Director

City of Alameda





Mayor Marilyn Ezzy Ashcraft Vice Mayor Tony Daysog **Councilmember Trish Herrera Spencer Councilmember Tracy Jensen Councilmember Malia Vella**

xiii



City of Alameda

Principal Officers

ELECTED OFFICIALS



Kevin Kearney, City Auditor



Kevin Kennedy, City Treasurer

CHARTER OFFICERS

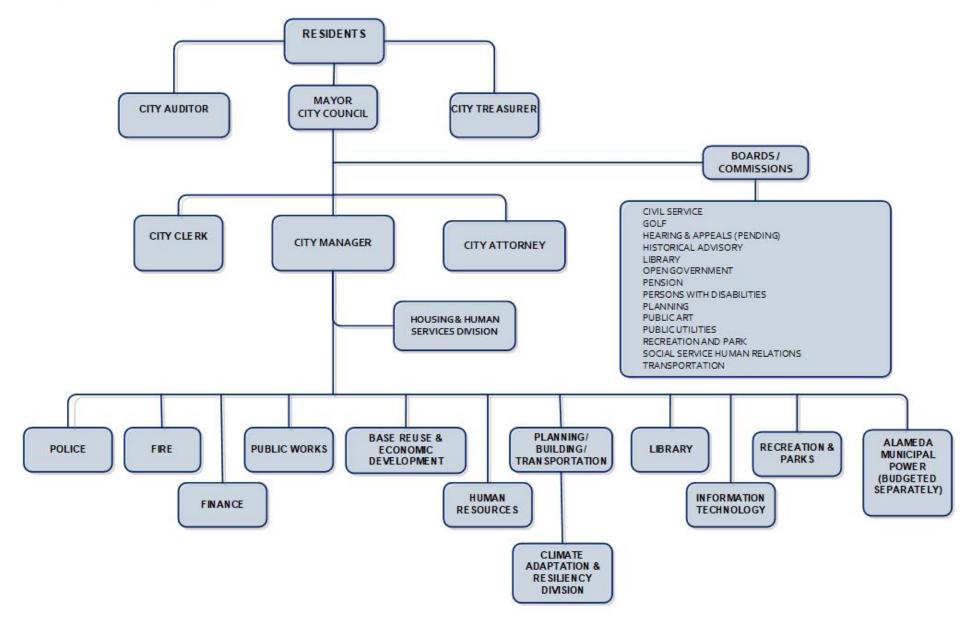
City Manager, Jennifer Ott City Attorney, Yibin Shen City Clerk, Lara Weisiger

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM

Assistant City Manager, Amy Wooldridge Finance Director, Margaret L. O'Brien Base Reuse and Economic Development Director, Abigail Thorne-Lyman Chief of Police, Nishant Joshi Fire Chief, Nicolas Luby General Manager, Alameda Municipal Power, Tim Haines Human Resources Director, Jessica Romeo Information Technology Director, Demetrius Cagampan Library Director, Michael Eitner Planning, Building and Transportation Director, Allen Tai Public Works Director, Erin Smith Recreation and Park Director, Justin Long Communications Director, Sarah Henry

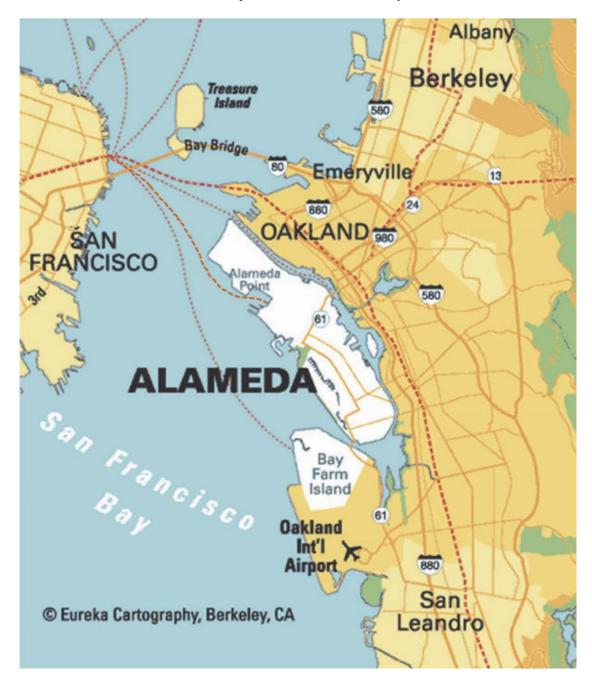


City Organization





The City of Alameda, incorporated April 19, 1854, is a 10.6 square mile city located in San Francisco Bay. Alameda has a population of 78,071. The City of Alameda is seven miles east of San Francisco, situated within San Francisco Bay, and less than one mile west of the City of Oakland, directly west of Interstate 880. Alameda is a brief drive north of Oakland International Airport, which borders the City on the southeast.





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Alameda California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Alameda, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alameda (City), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons listed in the Table of Contents as part of the basic financial statements for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Accountancy Corporation 3478 Buskirk Avenue, Suite 217 Pleasant Hill, CA 94523

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplementary Information, as listed in the Table of Contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maze & Associates

Pleasant Hill, California December 30, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the City of Alameda's activities and financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. To obtain a complete understanding of the City's financial condition, this document should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Transmittal Letter, Basic Financial Statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the governmental activities of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$342.8 million, of which unrestricted net position was a deficit \$145.3 million. Excluding the \$358.2 million net pension, total pension, and net OPEB liabilities, which are not claims on current year financial assets, \$212.9 million of unrestricted net position is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$34.1 million from the prior year, with \$10.6 million attributable to business-type activities and \$23.5 million to governmental activities. The City's net investment in capital assets increased by \$8.9 million from the prior year.
- As of June 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$250.1 million, an increase of \$13.0 million in comparison to the prior year. Of this amount, \$45.2 million of unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the General Fund reported total assets of \$125.4 million and a total fund balance of \$113.6 million. This represents an increase in fund balance of \$1.1 million, or 1.0% from prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance, \$52.4 million, or 46.1%, was unassigned.

Overview of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in five sections:

- An introductory section that includes the Transmittal Letter and general information
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
- The Basic Financial Statements include all of the financial activities of the City. There are three components: Government-Wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements, and Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.
- Required and Other Supplemental Information
- Statistical Information



Government-Wide Financial Statements

The **Government-Wide Financial Statements** provide a long-term view of the City's activities as a whole. They also provide the overall financial condition of the City using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector businesses. They include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources on a full accrual basis of accounting similar to that used by private-sector companies. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities provides information about the City's revenues and expenses on a full accrual basis, with an emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses for each of the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains, in detail, the change in net position for the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The amount of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into two categories in order to provide a summary of each type of activity:

Governmental Activities – all of the City's basic services are reported in this category. Included in basic services are the City Council, City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk, Human Resources, Finance, Police, Fire, Public Works, Building, Planning, Transportation, Economic Development, Housing, Library, and Recreation and Parks. These services are supported by the City's general revenues such as taxes, state subventions, and by special program revenues such as fees and grants.

Business-Type Activities – all of the City's enterprise activities are reported in this category. Unlike governmental services, these services are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Included in the City's enterprise activities are sewer and electric utility systems.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, or "major funds", not the City as a whole. Therefore, each major fund is presented individually, while all non-major funds are combined in a single column on each fund statement. Supplemental schedules display these non-major funds in more detail. The General Fund is always considered a major fund, but other funds may change from year-to-year as a result of changes in the pattern of City activities.

Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help control and manage funds for particular purposes or to show legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants or other monies are being met.

The Fund Financial Statements display the City's operations in more detail than the Government- Wide Financial Statements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds.



Governmental Funds – Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end that are available for spending. Governmental Funds Financial Statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which means they measure only current financial resources and uses. Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's ability to meet its near-term financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist the reader with this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Capital assets and other long-term assets, along with long-term liabilities, are presented only in the Governmental-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary Funds – When the City charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or other units of the City, these monies are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. These financial statements are prepared on the full accrual basis of accounting, similar to that used by private-sector companies. The City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as a statement of cash flows.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements including the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the Government-Wide Financial Statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary funds are prepared on the full accrual basis, similar to the proprietary funds. The City has two types of fiduciary funds: the custodial fund and the private purpose trust fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements follow the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the Basic Financial Statements and accompanying notes, the Required Supplementary Information presents required supplementary information, including information on the City's pension and OPEB plans. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.



Financial Analysis of Government-Wide Financial Statements

This section focuses on the City's net position and changes in net position of its governmental and business-type activities. The overall net position for the City reflects a \$34.1 million or 6.8% increase, from \$505.0 million at June 30, 2023 to \$539.1 million at June 30, 2024. Assets of the City were the biggest driver of this increase in net position, with total asset increases of \$70.2 million, or 6.4%, over the prior year. Our cash and investment portfolio increased \$29.9 million from the prior year due to favorable market conditions and consistent returns. The City's construction in progress, netted with land under the Capital Assets: Non-depreciable header of the Statement of Net Position, increased \$16.4 million from the prior year. Additions to construction in progress were \$23.2 million, a large portion of this amount is for the first phase of the backbone infrastructure at Alameda Point's Adaptive Reuse Area. Completed projects that were transferred from construction in progress to infrastructure totaled \$8.1 million. Deferred outflows relating to pensions weighed on this increase to net position, reducing total deferred outflows of resources by \$4.6 million. As the measurement date of our pension assets and liabilities is one year in arrears, unrealized investment losses from Fiscal Year 2022-23 negatively impacted these deferred outflows of resources.

Details of the net position are presented in the summary are as follows:

Condensed Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023

(In thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total				
		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	484,258	\$	443,547	\$	158,665	\$	147,897	\$	642,923	\$	591,444
Capital assets		379,796		368,710		149,774		142,184		529,570		510,894
Total assets	\$	864,054	\$	812,257	\$	308,439	\$	290,081	\$	1,172,493	\$	1,102,338
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Deferred losses on refunding	\$	—	\$	_	\$	254	\$	315	\$	254	\$	315
Related to pensions		70,967		73,681		7,601		9,598		78,568		83,279
Related to OPEB		9,714		11,118		103		109		9,817		11,227
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	80,681	\$	84,799	\$	7,958	\$	10,022	\$	88,639	\$	94,821
Liabilities												
Long-term Liabilities	\$	410,101	\$	386,310	\$	56,653	\$	58,405	\$	466,754	\$	444,715
Other Liabilities		55,554		51,878		14,850		13,237		70,404		65,115
Total Liabilities	\$	465,655	\$	438,188	\$	71,503	\$	71,642	\$	537,158	\$	509,830
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Related to pensions	\$	95	\$	742	\$	206	\$	310	\$	301	\$	1,052
Related to OPEB		40,622		50,905		426		637		41,048		51,542
Related to leases		95,604		87,936						95,604		87,936
Balancing account						47,889		41,773		47,889		41,773
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	136,321	\$	139,583	\$	48,521	\$	42,720	\$	184,842	\$	182,303
Net Position:												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	338,369	\$	339,462	\$	121,316	\$	111,367	\$	459,685	\$	450,829
Restricted		149,664		137,170		21,490		22,157		171,154		159,327
Unrestricted		(145,275)		(157,347)		53,567		52,217		(91,708)		(105,130)
Total Net Position	\$	342,758	\$	319,285	\$	196,373	\$	185,741	\$	539,131	\$	505,026



On June 30, 2024, the City reported positive balances in all categories of net position except for unrestricted net position primarily due to the inclusion of the net pension liabilities and net OPEB liabilities. The largest portion of the City's net position, \$459.7 million, is its investment in capital assets less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its residents and other stakeholders. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position, that portion of the City's net position subject to restrictions on how these resources may be used, increased \$11.9 million, or 7.4%, from \$159.3 million at June 30, 2023 to \$171.2 million at June 30, 2024. While most of the restricted funds increased or decreased slightly during the year, the majority of this difference can be attributed to the increase in net position restricted for debt service, accounted for using restricted cash held in the City Hall and Library Bonds debt service fund. In December 2023, the City issued \$14.6 million of lease revenue bonds through the City of Alameda Financing Authority for the construction of a new aquatic center at Jean Sweeney Park. Preliminary project scope, design, and contract negotiation are all ongoing as of June 30, 2024.

Total liabilities increased by \$27.4 million from \$509.8 million at June 30, 2023 to \$537.2 million at June 30, 2024 due to increases in accounts payable (\$6.2 million), net pension liability (\$13.5 million), and long-term debt due in more than one year (\$8.7 million). Accounts payable fluctuate throughout a fiscal year and were up in most City funds at fiscal year-end, however these are expected to be paid using current resources soon after June 30, 2024. Net pension liability increased by 4.4% over the prior fiscal year as CalPERS did not reach their 6.8% return target for Fiscal Year 2022-23, the measurement date of these financial statements, coming up shy of that target by 1.0%. The increase in long-term debt due in more than one year is applicable to the aforementioned revenue bond issued for the new aquatic center (\$14.6 million) less normal payments of the City's other outstanding debt (\$4.7 million).



Information about changes in net position is presented in the summary schedule below:

Condensed Statement of Activities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands)

(111	mousanus

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Revenues												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$ 30,693	\$	30,588	\$	90,458	\$	84,569	\$	121,151	\$	115,157	
Operating grants and contributions	12,059		25,216						12,059		25,216	
Capital grants and contributions	11,328		7,955						11,328		7,955	
General revenues												
Property taxes	71,847		70,539						71,847		70,539	
Sales taxes	22,620		22,522						22,620		22,522	
Utility users tax	9,780		10,103						9,780		10,103	
Other taxes	19,344		19,472						19,344		19,472	
Gain on sale of capital assets	186		72						186		72	
Use of money and properties	33,178		28,263		5,559		2,109		38,737		30,372	
Miscellaneous	 11,222		2,008		657		720		11,879		2,728	
Total revenues	\$ 222,257	\$	216,738	\$	96,674	\$	87,398	\$	318,931	\$	304,136	
_												
Expenses												
General Government	\$ 20,448	\$	11,161	\$	_	\$	—	\$	20,448	\$	11,161	
Police	50,107		39,359						50,107		39,359	
Fire	52,565		45,132						52,565		45,132	
Public Works	37,014		31,827						37,014		31,827	
Community Development	11,636		15,688						11,636		15,688	
Recreation and Parks	13,975		14,007						13,975		14,007	
Library	7,097		5,624						7,097		5,624	
Planning, Building and Transportation	8,479		7,898						8,479		7,898	
Interest on long-term debt	1,843		1,098						1,843		1,098	
Sewer Services					6,955		6,889		6,955		6,889	
Alameda Municipal Power					74,704		72,011		74,704		72,011	
Total expenses	\$ 203,164	\$	171,794	\$	81,659	\$	78,900	\$	284,823	\$	250,694	
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	\$ 19,091	\$	44,946	\$	15,015	\$	8,499	\$	34,106	\$	53,445	
Transfers, Net	4,382		4,293		(4,382)		(4,293)				-	
Change in Net Position	 23,473		49,239		10,633		4,206		34,106		53,445	
Beginning Net Position	 319,285		270,047		185,741		181,535		505,026		451,582	
Ending Net Position	\$ 342,758	\$	319,286	\$	196,374	\$	185,741	\$	539,132	\$	505,027	

Total revenues rose by approximately \$14.8 million, or 4.9%. Charges for services in the AMP Enterprise Fund increased nearly 7.2% from \$72.3 million in FY 2022-23 to \$77.5 million in FY 2023-24. This revenue increase coincided with a \$4.8 million, or 7.1%, increase of AMP's total operating expenses. Investment returns under the Use of money and properties category increased \$8.4 million as sited previously in this analysis. While the City increased program revenues for capital grants and contributions by \$3.4 million, operating grants and contributions fell nearly \$13.6 million a majority of the grant funding received through the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was used in the prior year as revenue replacement or project funding. The City's miscellaneous revenues also increased by \$9.2 million over the prior year.



Expenses increased approximately \$34.1 million, or 13.6%, compared to the prior year. A majority of this increase is due to the rise in cost of services offered by the governmental activities portion of the City. For example, cost of police activities throughout the City increased approximately \$10.7 million, mostly due to labor and overtime costs of the force. Fire expenses increased over the same period by \$7.4 million, totaling an \$18.2 million increase in expenses year-over-year for safety services. General government expenses, including finance, human resources, legal and managerial aspects of the City, increased by \$9.3 million over the prior year. While the City did see increases in finance and legal costs for the year, a majority of this increase is due to a restructure within the City where the Housing and Human Resources division was moved from the Community Expense category of the Statement of Activities to the General Government category.

Governmental Activities – Expense and Program Revenue by Source

Program revenue associated with Governmental Activities total \$54.1 million, or 26.6%, of program expenses. Expenses not covered by program revenues must be funded from non-program sources such as general tax revenues. The table below illustrates the gap between program revenues and expenses by major activity. Public safety programs rely heavily on taxes to support operations. General government programs provide benefits to both governmental and business-type activities and receive some funding through internal indirect cost allocations to supplement program revenue and general tax revenue.

Expense and Program Revenue - Governmental Activities for the year ended June 30, 2024

(In thousands)

	Expenses	Program Revenues	Net Revenue (Expense) of Activities			
Governmental Activities						
General Government	\$ 20,448	\$ 8,417	\$	(12,031)		
Police	50,107	712		(49,395)		
Fire	52,565	6,333		(46,232)		
Public Works	37,014	18,876		(18,138)		
Community Development	11,636	2,765		(8,871)		
Recreation and Parks	13,975	4,673		(9,302)		
Library	7,097	170		(6,927)		
Planning, Building and Transportation	8,479	12,133		3,654		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	 1,843			(1,843)		
	\$ 203,164	\$ 54,079	\$	(149,085)		



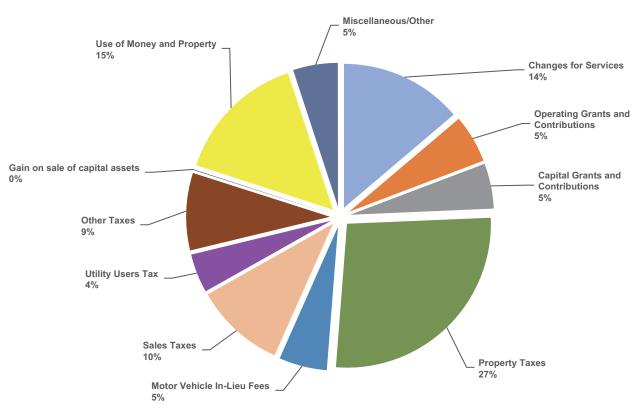
The pie chart on the next page illustrates the distribution of total revenue of \$222.3 million among the various sources of the City's governmental activities. Most revenues by source increased slightly or tracked closely to prior year revenues including charges for services, property taxes, sales tax, and other taxes. Operating grants and contributions decreased \$13.2 million as mentioned in the Financial Analysis of Government-Wide Financial Statements portion of this examination. Discussion regarding use of money and property and miscellaneous/other revenues can also be found there.

Revenues by Source- Governmental Activities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(In thousands)

	2024	2023	Difference
Charges for Services	\$ 30,693	\$ 30,588	\$ 105
Operating Grants and Contributions	12,059	25,216	(13,157)
Capital Grants and Contributions	11,328	7,955	3,373
Property Taxes	59,819	59,470	349
Motor Vehicle In-Lieu Fees	12,028	11,069	959
Sales Taxes	22,620	22,522	98
Utility Users Tax	9,780	10,103	(323)
Other Taxes	19,344	19,472	(128)
Gain on sale of capital assets	186	72	114
Use of Money and Property	33,178	28,263	4,915
Miscellaneous/Other	 11,222	 2,008	 9,214
	\$ 222,257	\$ 216,738	\$ 5,519





REVENUE BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Business-Type Activities

The following table presents the same net program information for business-type activities. In these programs, annual surpluses or deficits are retained in the programs as an increase or decrease in the program's net position.

Program and General Revenue and Expense - Business-Type Activities for the year ended June 30, 2024

(In thousands)

	Revenue		Expense	Net		
Sewer Services	\$	12,988	\$ 6,955	\$	6,033	
Alameda Municipal Power (AMP)		77,470	74,704		2,766	
	\$	90,458	\$ 81,659	\$	8,799	

Net position of the Sewer Services Fund at June 30, 2024 was \$118.9 million with the largest portion, \$102.6 million, invested in capital assets less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The remaining \$16.2 million is available to fund debt service, sewer operations, and future improvements and maintenance projects. The Sewer Services Fund generated operating income of \$13.0 million, exceeding last year's operating income by \$0.7 million, or 5.4%. Nonoperating revenues - Interest income improved net position by \$0.9 million, while operating expenses increased year-over-year by 1.1%, or \$0.1 million,



Net position of AMP at June 30, 2024 was \$77.5 million, with the largest portion, \$53.6, available to fund operations, maintenance projects and future capital improvements. Of the remaining \$23.9 million, \$5.3 million is restricted for debt service and \$18.7 million is invested in capital assets less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The cost of AMP operating activities this year was \$72.1 million, while the cost of non-operating activities and transfers out net another \$2.30 million in expenses. The largest source of operating revenue was user charges for services of \$77.5 million. The overall net increase in net position of AMP was \$3.7 million. For more information about the financial position of AMP, please visit their financial reports website at alamedamp.com/274/Financial-Reports.

Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(In thousands)

	2024			2023	Difference		
Charges for Services	\$	90,458	\$	84,569	\$	5,889	
Investment Earnings/Rents		5,559		2,109		3,450	
Miscellaneous Revenues		657		720		(63)	
	\$	96,674	\$	87,398	\$	9,276	

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Alameda uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Alameda's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance not yet limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or an entity that has been delegated authority by City Council to assign resources for use at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$250.1 million. Approximately \$45.2 million, or 18.1%, of the combined ending fund balance constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remaining balance is either *non-spendable*, *restricted*, *committed or assigned* to indicate that it is:

- 1. not in spendable form (\$3.6 million) as it has been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders from the prior fiscal period, pay debt service, or fund future needs;
- 2. restricted for particular purposes (\$133.5 million);
- 3. committed for particular purposes (\$17.8 million); or
- 4. assigned for particular purposes (\$50.0 million).

The following are the major funds that either qualified under the reporting criteria or were considered to be important to financial statement users:



The *General Fund* is the chief operating fund of the City. As of June 30, 2024, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$52.4 million. Assigned fund balance was \$50.0 million. The remaining fund balance, including non-spendable, restricted and committed resources, was \$11.1 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 37.7% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

General Fund revenues net of transfers increased \$6.2 million, or 4.9%, from the prior fiscal year to \$132.1 million in FY 2023-24. Property tax revenues for the fiscal year were \$61.3 million, an increase of \$4.1 million or 7.2% over the prior year. This increase is primarily due to the increase in assessed value of properties in the City of Alameda and the receipt of higher-than-anticipated residual property tax trust fund distributions from the redevelopment agency. Sales tax increased from \$11.6 million in the prior year to \$12.3 million in the current year, a \$0.7 million or 6.0%, increase. Higher prices for goods throughout the area have sparked this increase. All other revenue sources stayed fairly consistent year-over-year excluding use of money and property, which increased \$3.1 million from prior year due to the returns of the City's investments, and other revenues, which decreased \$1.4 million from the prior year due to a one-time settlement received by the City in the prior year.

General Fund expenditures excluding transfers totaled \$124.4 million for FY 2023-24 compared to \$109.1 million in the prior fiscal year. This amount excludes encumbrances outstanding at year end. The increase of \$15.3 million, or 14.0%, was mostly attributed to an increase in costs related to Police and Fire protection. While costs related to the Police and Fire Departments have increased during the fiscal year, neither department closed the fiscal year at full staffing levels.

Transfers out for FY 2023-24 were \$14.7 million compared to \$10.9 million in the prior year. This increase of \$3.8 million was due to an increase of \$3.4 million in General Fund transfers to capital project funds for building improvements. There was also a reorganization of the Urban Forest fund which constituted a one-time transfer of \$1.3 million. The General Fund also transferred out an additional \$0.7 million more than the prior fiscal year for payments on leased equipment.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund was \$113.6 million at June 30, 2024, which is a \$1.1 million, or 1.0%, increase from the prior fiscal year. Of this \$113.6 million, \$24.3 million has been assigned to certain construction projects, namely \$14.4 million to the construction of an aquatic center at Jean Sweeney Park, \$3.3 million to improvements of streets and sidewalks, and \$6.6 million to other various infrastructure projects. \$7.5 million of this fund balance has been committed to the Emma Hood Swim Center. Revenues and transfers in of \$140.2 million were \$0.8 million, or 0.6% higher, than FY 2022-23. Expenditures and transfers out were \$139.2 million, which is \$19.2 million, or 16.0%, higher than FY 2022-23. These increases are explained above.

The *Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund* had a decrease in fund balance from \$46.2 million in prior year to \$43.3 million in FY 2023-24, a decrease of \$2.9 million, or 6.3%. A large portion of this decrease is transfers to the Capital Improvement Projects Fund to fund the Alameda Point Backbone Infrastructure project. In the prior year, transfers out approximated \$16.4 million. In the current year, transfers out decreased substantially to \$10.0 million. This reduction in transfers out comprises the majority of the reduction of loss in fund balance from the prior year.

The *Grants Special Revenue Fund* accounts for revenues received from federal, state, county, and private grants. This fund qualified under the reporting criteria of a major fund as the City is using ARPA monies to fund significant projects. The fund balance of this account increased slightly from \$1.1 million in prior year to \$1.8 million in the current year, mainly due to a one-time transfer out to the General Fund in the prior year as revenue replacement under the standard allowance of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF) not occurring in the current year.



The *Capital Improvement Projects Fund* has a total fund balance of \$(7.3) million as of June 30, 2024, all of which is unassigned due to previous capital projects using the Capital Improvements Project fund balance as a funding source. The fund incurred expenditures of \$24.2 million for capital projects during FY 2023-24, including the following:

- Alameda Point Backbone Infrastructure (\$8.9 million)
- Clement Ave CAT Grand to Broadway (\$2.4 million)
- Pavement Management (\$2.0 million)
- Sidewalks (\$1.2 million)
- Storm Water Management (\$1.2 million)
- Sea Level Rise (\$0.9 million)

Financial Analysis of Proprietary Funds

The City of Alameda enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the business- type activities of the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. During FY 2023-24, there were two enterprise funds, the Sewer Services Fund and the Alameda Municipal Power Fund.

Internal Service Funds

The City of Alameda maintains nine Internal Service Funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The following table presents each funds' net position as of June 30, 2024:

Internal Service Fund Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2024

(In thousands)

	Net	Position
IT Cable Replacement	\$	1,758
Fleet Maintenance		16,286
Technology Services		4,924
Facilities Replacement and Maintenance		12,310
Workers' Compensation Insurance		3,498
General Liability Insurance		968
Unemployment Insurance		245
OPEB/Vacation		7,582
Pension Stabilization		20,051
Total	\$	67,622

The current net position of the Worker's Compensation Fund increased by \$2.8 million from the prior year. Claims decreased by \$1.0 million from the prior year and the City has drawn funds from other sources to match anticipated increases in premiums. Both Fleet Maintenance and Replacement and Facilities Replacement and Maintenance operating revenues have increased from prior year, \$1.7 million and \$0.9 million respectively, leading to increases in both of these Internal Service Fund ending net positions.



General Fund Budgetary Highlights

While the City budgeted for a \$4.6 million, or 3.8%, increase in budgeted revenues net of transfers for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 over the prior fiscal year budgeted revenues, revenues came in \$6.1 million, or 4.8%, higher than prior year actual amounts. As stated previously, this increase in revenues stems from a variety of sources including property taxes and use of money and property. Actual amounts came in \$7.4 million over budgeted amounts for the current fiscal year.

Actual expenditures within the General Fund came in at \$124.4 million compared to a budgeted final amount of \$131.1 million, or 5.1% less than the budgeted final projections. General government expenditures came in \$3.0 million, or 30.6%, below budgeted expenditures. Vacancy savings for departments such as the City Attorney's Office and Finance helped fuel this variance. Fire costs came in roughly \$1.4 million below expectations and less money than expected was used by the General Fund to fund capital outlay to the extent of \$1.1 million. The largest variances between our final budgeted and actual amounts are found in the other financing sources (uses) category, where two major transfers out, one for the new aquatic center at Jean Sweeney Park of approximately \$15.0 million and one for Emma Hood Swim Center of \$7.5 million, did not take place. These funds still reside in the General Fund, assigned to recreation and parks and committed to culture and recreation, respectively.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The capital assets of the City are those assets which are used in the performance of the City's functions. As of June 30, 2024, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of the Governmental Activities totaled \$379.8 million. For FY 2023-24, additions to governmental activities capital assets included \$23.2 million for Streets projects, such as Pavement Management (\$2.0 million) and Sidewalks (\$1.2 million), for Storm Water projects such as Storm Water Management (\$1.2 million) and for projects currently in the construction phase such as Alameda Point Backbone Infrastructure (\$9.0 million) and Clement Ave Safety Improvements (\$2.4 million). Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of the Business-Type Activities totaled \$149.8 million. For FY 2023-24, additions to Business-Type Activities capital assets included \$12.7 million for Sewer projects such as Sewer Rehabilitation (\$9.0 million). Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the government-wide financial statements. Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

			Capital Asse	ts, Gi	Alameda ross of Deprecia ousands)	ation				
	Goveri Acti	1ment vities	·		Busine	ss-Ty vities		To	tal	
	2024		2023		2024		2023	2024		2023
Land	\$ 5,995	\$	5,995	\$	220	\$	220	\$ 6,215	\$	6,215
Construction in progress	60,499		45,310		7,700		6,316	68,199		51,626
Buildings and Plants	291,004		291,004		103,377		102,129	394,381		393,133
Machinery and equipment	42,060		41,072		23,761		22,192	65,821		63,264
Right-to-use subscription assets	4,071		3,271		24		34	4,095		3,305
Infrastructure	337,285		329,213		156,779		147,380	494,064		476,593
Total	\$ 740,914	\$	715,865	\$	291,861	\$	278,271	\$ 1,032,775	\$	994,136



Long-Term Debt - Long-term debt of Governmental Activities increased \$11.4 million due to the increase of \$15.4 million in new issuance of 2023 Lease Revenue Bonds (Aquatic Center) in FY 2023-24 offsetting with the current fiscal year's principal payments of \$4.0 million. Long-term debt of Business-Type Activities decreased \$2.1 million during the year as a result of annual debt service payments made. In addition, per capita long-term debt outstanding increased from \$736 to \$846 in FY 2023-24. Additional information about the City's long-term debt activity can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

(In thousands)											
		Goveri Acti	ıment vities			Busine Acti	ss-Ty vities	1	To	tal	
		2024		2023		2024		2023	 2024		2023
Certificates of Participation	\$	3,968	\$	4,604	\$	_	\$		\$ 3,968	\$	4,604
Lease Revenue Bonds		14,722		_		_			14,722		
Revenue Bonds		6,900		7,500		26,311		28,449	33,211		35,949
General Obligation Bonds		5,217		5,652		_			5,217		5,652
HUD Section 108 Loan		2,422		3,010		_			2,422		3,010
Other Long-Term Debt		6,527		7,654		_			6,527		7,654
	\$	39,756	\$	28,420	\$	26,311	\$	28,449	\$ 66,067	\$	56,869

Economic Outlook and Next Year's Budget

The City projects ongoing growth in property tax revenues, fueled by inflation-driven increases in assessments. However, the pace of growth has slowed due to the impact of higher interest rates on consumer demand and sales prices, which affect property turnover and reassessments. Property tax has been a consistently stable revenue source for the City and is expected to remain so. The City anticipates a stabilization of property transfer taxes as interest rates stay elevated compared to recent historical levels for the foreseeable future.

While the City's diverse revenue base has allowed for a healthy reserve to accumulate over the past five plus fiscal years, City Council approved a temporary addition to the Economic Uncertainty Reserve of \$4.0 million during the 23-25 Biennial Budget. Staff, with the approval of City Council, has set aside the use of fund balance in the General Fund for operations, construction projects, and pay down of the City's unfunded accrued pension liability for Fiscal Year 2024-25 in the amount of \$12.6 million. \$6.0 million of this amount was assigned during FY 2023-25 Biennial Budget while another \$6.6 million was assigned during the FY 2024-25 Midcycle Budget. Of the Midcycle Budget amount, \$3.0 million was assigned to pay down the unfunded accrued pension liability. Over the long term, the City will consistently assess potential new revenue streams and track cost increases that outpace revenue growth, especially in areas like liability insurance, employee health premiums, and pension obligations, to ensure it can prevent significant reductions in service levels.

Significant Events and Accomplishments

The City is dedicated to meeting the social, cultural, and recreational needs of its residents and businesses.

- In Fiscal Year 2023-24, the City adopted its three-year Strategic Plan. This Plan is a tool to help City Council guide staff's work over the next several years by developing a shared vision and priorities with specific projects included to meet those priorities.
- In July 2023, City Council approved the disposition and development agreement at Alameda Point and the developer commenced demolition and horizontal site improvements for the Rebuilding Existing Supportive Housing at Alameda Point (RESHAP) development.



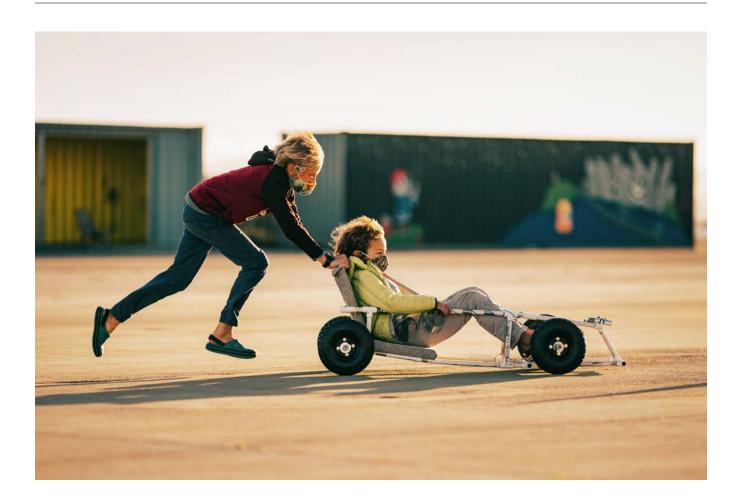
- City Council approved a Phase I design-build agreement for the design and permitting of the City's new aquatic center in May 2024.
- The Alameda County Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Agency recognized the Alameda Fire Department's Community, Assessment, Response and Engagement (CARE) team as the "EMS Program of the Year." As a 24/7 alternative response to nonviolent individuals facing a mental health crisis, the CARE team responds to nearly 1,000 care calls per year. Fiscal Year 2023-24 was the first complete year of operation since City Council elevated the CARE team from a pilot program to a permanent initiative.

Requests for Information

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is intended to provide our residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Alameda's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the City of Alameda, Finance Department, located at 2263 Santa Clara Avenue, Room 220, Alameda, California 94501 or via email at Finance@alamedaca.gov. This report can also be viewed online at the City of Alameda's website: www.alamedaca.gov/Departments/Administration/Finance.

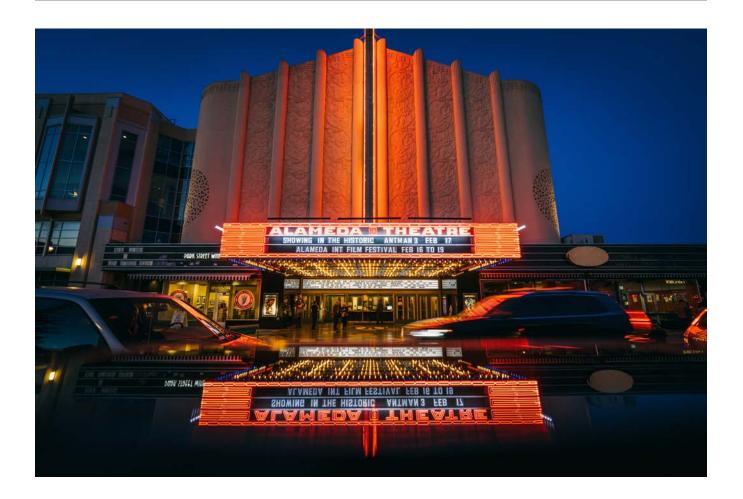


City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets, deferred outflows of resources, the City's total liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including all the City's capital assets and all its long- term obligations. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a Total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

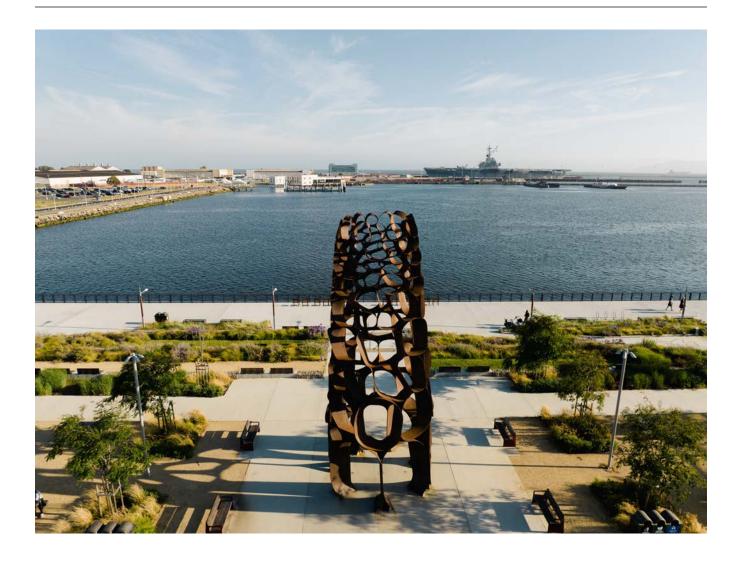
The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, its Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. Since the City's Internal Service Funds primarily service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating inter-fund transactions and balances. The City's Business-type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues - that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs - are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both of these Statements include the financial activities of the City, and the blended component units: the Alameda Public Financing Authority and the City of Alameda Financing Authority, which are legally separate entities and are considered component units of the City because they are controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for the activities of the entities.



City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





City of Alameda Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 305,388,722	\$ 92,753,956	\$ 398,142,678
Restricted cash and investments	36,179,207	6,149,691	42,328,898
Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable	23,974,809	9,767,414 763,105	33,742,223 763,105
Loans receivable	11,836,424	705,105	11,836,424
Materials, parts and supplies	11,030,121	7,411,184	7,411,184
Prepaids and deposits	6,023,889	40,000	6,063,889
Internal balances	773,123	(773,123)	
Leases receivable	100,081,328		100,081,328
Share of certain NCPA projects and reserve		7,191,054	7,191,054
Investments designated for special purposes		35,362,198	35,362,198
Capital assets:	((404 492	7 010 927	74 414 200
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	66,494,482 313,301,368	7,919,827 141,854,470	74,414,309 455,155,838
Total Assets	864,053,352	308,439,776	1,172,493,128
		500,457,770	1,172,475,120
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount on refunding		253,542	253,542
Related to pensions	70,967,121 9,713,504	7,601,241	78,568,362
Related to OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	80.680.625	<u> </u>	9,816,495 88,638,399
	80,080,025	1,937,774	88,038,339
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	13,152,365	3,352,763	16,505,128
Accrued payroll Interest payable	5,582,893	47,803	5,630,696
Unearned revenue	370,935 15,513,584	557,403	928,338 15,513,584
Refundable deposits	3,266,375	7,449,860	10,716,235
Due to other agencies	97,660	7,119,000	97,660
Claims payable:	,		,
Due within one year	8,506,594	207,964	8,714,558
Due in more than one year	14,189,481	820,417	15,009,898
Compensated absences - due within one year	4,392,775	685,449	5,078,224
Lease liability - due within one year		287,969	287,969
Subscription liability - due within one year	976,099	6,224	982,323
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year: Net pension liability	290,503,026	28,441,294	318,944,320
Total pension liability	2,509,692	20,441,294	2,509,692
Net OPEB liability	65,166,251	1,228,885	66,395,136
Lease liability	00,100,201	2,099,837	2,099,837
Subscription liability	1,671,651	6,681	1,678,332
Long-term debt:			
Due within one year	3,694,461	2,255,000	5,949,461
Due in more than one year	36,060,717	24,055,811	60,116,528
Total Liabilities	465,654,559	71,503,360	537,157,919
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Purchased power balancing account		47,888,828	47,888,828
Accounts receivable			
Related to pensions	94,609	205,934	300,543
Related to OPEB	40,622,366	425,812	41,048,178
Related to leases	95,603,615	49.520.574	95,603,615
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	136,320,590	48,520,574	184,841,164
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	338,369,021	121,316,317	459,685,338
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	25,944,469		25,944,469
Debt service	17,069,642	6,149,691	23,219,333
Housing Public sector	56,984,133		56,984,133
Public safety Community development	2,573,050 2,949,349		2,573,050 2,949,349
Maintenance assessment districts	2,949,349		12,279,021
Transportation	16,085,301		16,085,301
Tidelands properties	3,186,100		3,186,100
Waste reduction	5,305,789		5,305,789
Community services	7,287,503		7,287,503
Sewer system replacement		15,340,156	15,340,156
Total Restricted Net Position	149,664,357	21,489,847	171,154,204
Unrestricted	(145,274,550)	53,567,452	(91,707,098)
Total Net Position	\$ 342,758,828	\$ 196,373,616	\$ 539,132,444



City of Alameda Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

					Prog	ram Revenue	s	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions
Primary Government:	_	•						
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	20,448,342	\$	3,557,324	\$	4,859,260	\$	
Police		50,106,789		469,365		242,856		
Fire		52,565,392		5,559,380		773,568		
Public works		37,014,141		10,365,828		4,529,999		3,980,250
Community development		11,636,390		1,134,789		1,130,241		500,000
Recreation and parks		13,974,966		4,096,332		136,424		440,695
Library		7,097,477		13,346		156,593		
Planning, Building and Transportation		8,479,428		5,496,254		229,686		6,407,227
Interest on long-term debt		1,842,567						
Total Governmental Activities		203,165,492		30,692,618		12,058,627		11,328,172
Business-type Activities:								
Sewer services		6,955,122		12,987,587				
Alameda municipal power		74,704,059		77,470,175				
Total Business-type Activities		81,659,181		90,457,762				
Total Primary Government	\$	284,824,673	\$	121,150,380	\$	12,058,627	\$	11,328,172
General revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes								
Sales taxes								
Utility users tax								
Transfer taxes								
Franchise taxes								
Transient occupancy taxes								
Property tax in-lieu								
Other taxes								
Gain from sale of capital assets								
Use of money and property								
Miscellaneous								
Transfers								
Total general revenues and transfers								
Change in Net Position								
Beginning Net Position								
Ending Net Position								



City of Alameda Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position									
	Primary Government								
G	overnmental Activities	B	usiness-type Activities		Total				
\$	(12,031,758) (49,394,568) (46,232,444) (18,138,064) (8,871,360) (9,301,515) (6,927,538) 3,653,739 (1,842,567)	\$		\$	(12,031,758) (49,394,568) (46,232,444) (18,138,064) (8,871,360) (9,301,515) (6,927,538) 3,653,739 (1,842,567)				
	(149,086,075)				(149,086,075)				
			6,032,465 2,766,116 8,798,581		6,032,465 2,766,116 8,798,581				
	(149,086,075)		8,798,581		(140,287,494)				
	71,846,979 22,620,145 9,779,914 10,822,407 3,543,265 3,380,956 1,283,000 314,246 186,460 33,178,202 11,221,881 4,382,000		5,559,341 656,943 (4,382,000)		71,846,979 22,620,145 9,779,914 10,822,407 3,543,265 3,380,956 1,283,000 314,246 186,460 38,737,543 11,878,824				
	172,559,455 23,473,380		1,834,284 10,632,865		174,393,739 34,106,245				
	319,285,448		185,740,751		505,026,199				
\$	342,758,828	\$	196,373,616	\$	539,132,444				



City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





The funds described below were determined to be major funds of the City of Alameda in Fiscal Year 2023-24. Individual-non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental Information section.

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for fiscal resources which are dedicated to governmental operations of the City, and not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues from leasing activities revenues and grants. Expenditures are made for base reuse activities.

Grants Special Revenue Fund

This fund accounts for revenues received from Federal, State, County and private grants.

Capital Improvement Projects Fund

This fund accounts for monies for major capital improvement projects not provided for in a separate and specific capital project fund.



City of Alameda, Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

ASSETS		General		Base Reuse ecial Revenue	Spe	Grants ccial Revenue
Cash and investments	\$	101,243,625	\$	41,390,131	\$	16,202,302
Restricted cash and investments	ψ	101,245,025	φ	100,000	φ	10,202,502
Accounts receivable		12,892,747		598,596		900,826
Prepaids and deposits		3,071,368		590,590		900,020
Due from other funds		6,709,049				
Loans receivable		0,707,017				551,582
Advances to other funds		560,446				001,002
Leases receivable		930,111		74,574,007		
Total Assets	\$	125,407,346	\$	116,662,734	\$	17,654,710
	-	- , - ,		- , - , - ,	-	.,,.
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	4,643,070	\$	289,077	\$	1,330,297
Accrued payroll		4,618,314		90,600		
Due to other funds						
Due to other agencies		31,509				
Unearned revenue		388,237		596,824		14,010,273
Refundable deposits		1,071,127		1,654,159		
Advances from other funds		138,857				
Total Liabilities		10,891,114		2,630,660		15,340,570
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable						468,865
Unavailable revenue - revolving loans receivable						
Related to leases		899,040		70,781,902		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		899,040		70,781,902		468,865
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable		3,631,814				
Restricted		5,051,011		43,250,172		1,845,275
Committed		7,500,000		13,200,172		1,010,270
Assigned		50,039,490				
Unassigned		52,445,888				
Total Fund Balances		113,617,192		43,250,172		1,845,275
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund		- , ,		-, -,		,,
Balances	\$	125,407,346	\$	116,662,734	\$	17,654,710

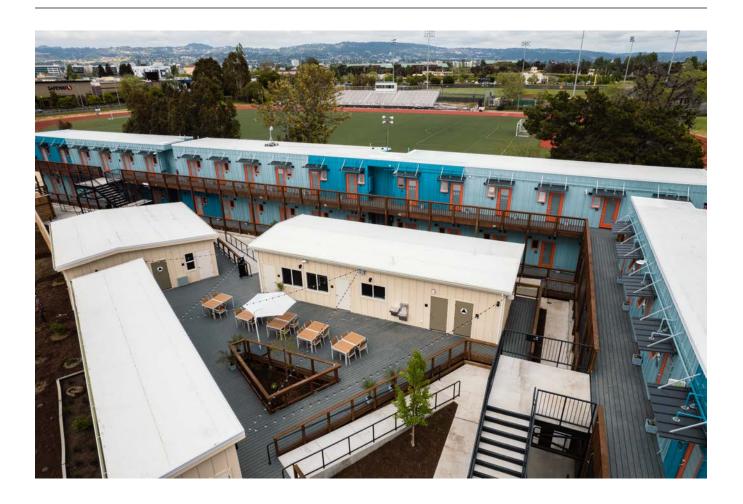


City of Alameda, Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

In	Capital nprovement Projects	G	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	121,670	\$	82,469,575	\$	241,427,303		
φ	121,070	Ф	16,813,328	φ	16,913,328		
	5,403,675		3,253,341		23,049,185		
	5,405,075		5,255,541		3,071,368		
					6,709,049		
			11,284,842		11,836,424		
			11,207,072		560,446		
	185,026		24,392,184		100,081,328		
\$	5,710,371	\$	138,213,270	\$	403,648,431		
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>						
\$	3,186,885	\$	1,867,676	\$	11,317,005		
	184,071		550,147		5,443,132		
	5,458,061		477,865		5,935,926		
	2,855		63,296	97,66			
	22,160		496,090		15,513,584		
	35,606		483,879		3,244,771		
			560,446		699,303		
	8,889,638		4,499,399		42,251,381		
	3,904,425				4,373,290		
			11,284,842		11,284,842		
	202,032		23,720,641		95,603,615		
	4,106,457		35,005,483		111,261,747		
					2 621 914		
			88,380,001		3,631,814 133,475,448		
			10,328,387		133,473,448 17,828,387		
			10,320,307		50,039,490		
	(7,285,724)				45,160,164		
	(7,285,724) (7,285,724)		98,708,388		250,135,303		
\$	5,710,371	\$	138,213,270	\$	403,648,431		



City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





Fotal fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet		\$ 250,135,303
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:	e different from those	
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or finance resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	cial	
Land	\$ 5,995,318	
Construction in Progress	60,499,164	
Buildings	297,140,430	
Machinery and equipment	25,233,255	
Right-to-use subscription assets	98,242	
Infrastructure	329,213,481	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(347,148,080)	371,031,810
ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND POSITION ASSETS		2,1,021,010
Internal service funds are not governmental funds. However, they are used by charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, central services and individual governmental funds. The net current assets of the Internal Service included in Governmental Activities in the following line items in the States	maintenance to e Funds are therefore	
Net Position - All Internal Service Funds		67,622,322
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT REVENUES AND EXPENSES		
Revenues that are unavailable on the Fund Balance Sheets because they are n are taken into revenue in the Statement of Activities.	ot available currently	15,658,132
LONG-TERM ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLO RESOURCES	OWS OF	
The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period a reported in the Funds:	and therefore are not	
Subscription liabilities	(197,962)	
Long-term debt	(38,542,640)	
Interest payable	(340,043)	
Compensated absences	(4,392,775)	
		(43,473,420)
Net pension liability	(290,503,026)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	70,967,121	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	(94,609)	
	() (,00)	(219,630,514)
Total pension liability		(2,509,692)
Net OPEB liability	(65,166,251)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	9,713,504	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(40,622,366)	
	-	(96,075,113)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-	\$ 342,758,828



City of Alameda Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General	Base Reuse Special Revenue	Grants Special Revenue
REVENUES	 		~ F
Property taxes	\$ 61,339,424	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes	12,292,966		
Transfer taxes	10,822,407		
Utility user taxes	9,779,914		
Other local taxes	18,520,791		
Licenses and permits	3,008,524		11,032
Developer fees			
Revenues from other agencies	911,031		8,671,558
Charges for current services	8,793,844		849,468
Fines and forfeitures	457,390	621	
Use of money and property	6,153,321	18,274,876	1,077,209
Other revenues	61,947	129,337	
Total Revenues	 132,141,559	18,404,834	10,609,267
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	9,802,753	1,761,788	3,634,580
Police	46,036,027		270,609
Fire	48,705,866		162,985
Public works	4,212,368	2,560,714	
Community development	1,042,644	7,007,052	2,862,068
Recreation and parks	13,429,016		
Library			(12,911)
Planning, Building and Transportation	525,917		115,960
Capital outlay	624,620		22,203
Debt service:	,		,
Principal	23,157		2,682
Interest	5,628		468
Bond Issuance Cost	,		
Total Expenditures	 124,407,996	11,329,554	7,058,644
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER			
EXPENDITURES	 7,733,563	7,075,280	3,550,623
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	8,100,873		
Transfers (out)	(14,748,782)	(10,016,055)	(2,790,056)
Issuance of long-term debt			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,647,909)	(10,016,055)	(2,790,056)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,085,654	(2,940,775)	760,567
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 112,531,538	46,190,947	1,084,708
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 113,617,192	\$ 43,250,172	\$ 1,845,275



City of Alameda Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Capital Improvement Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ —	\$ 12,882,435	\$ 74,221,859
Ŷ	¢ 12,002,100	12,292,966
		10,822,407
		9,779,914
	1,058,766	19,579,557
228,594	3,581,964	6,830,114
	3,007,713	3,007,713
3,296,504	13,615,228	26,494,321
3,728,896	5,368,752	18,740,960
	1,213,798	1,671,809
(161,303)	6,139,075	31,483,178
3,861	451,245	646,390
7,096,552	47,318,976	215,571,188
	6,064,766	21,263,887
	, ,	46,306,636
		48,868,851
	9,722,996	16,496,078
	448,495	11,360,259
	857,612	14,286,628
	5,672,733	5,659,822
	7,936,354	8,578,321
24,162,793	12,622,291	37,431,907
	3,677,641	3,703,385
	1,223,498	1,229,594
	362,595	362,595
24,162,793	48,588,981	215,547,963
(17,066,241)	(1,270,005)	23,225
(17,000,241)	(1,270,005)	
12,552,969	22,498,118	43,151,960
(1,245,779)	(16,684,842)	(45,485,514)
	15,371,410	15,371,410
11,307,190	21,184,686	13,037,856
(5,759,051)	19,914,681	13,061,076
(1,526,673)	78,793,707	237,074,227
\$ (7,285,724)	\$ 98,708,388	\$ 250,135,303



City of Alameda Reconciliation of the Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds with the Change in Governmental Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 13,061,076
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay therefore added back to fund balance	37,431,907
Non-capitalized capital outlay expenditures were re-classified to various governmental activities	(13,475,614)
Depreciation expense is deducted from fund balance	(12,715,815)
(Depreciation expense is net of internal service fund depreciation of \$2,247,882 which has already been allocated to service funds)	
LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUANCE AND PAYMENTS	
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.	
Proceeds from debt issuance are deducted from fund balance	(15,371,410)
Repayment of debt principal is added back to fund balance	3,703,385
Amortization of bond premium is added back to fund balance	44,906
Retirement of subscription liabilities is added back to fund balance	(165,469)
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS	
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):	
Unavailable revenue	3,267,542
Interest payable	(81,403)
Net pension liability, and related deferred outflows/ inflows of resources	(12,860,410)
Total pension liability	360,732
Net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows/ inflows of resources	7,987,588
Compensated absences	17,978
ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITY	
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition, equipment, maintenance, and insurance to individual funds. The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds arising from their transactions with governmental funds is reported with governmental activities, because they service those activities.	
Change in Net Position - All Internal Service Funds	12 268 387

Change in Net Position - All Internal Service Funds	12,268,387
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 23,473,380



City of Alameda General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Ar	nounts			ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	-	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:		0					
Property taxes	\$	56,677,000	\$	58,926,000	\$	61,339,424	\$ 2,413,424
Sales taxes		11,700,000		11,500,000		12,292,966	792,966
Transfer taxes		13,000,000		10,800,000		10,822,407	22,407
Utility user taxes		9,210,000		9,580,000		9,779,914	199,914
Other local taxes		18,627,000		18,624,000		18,520,791	(103,209)
Licenses and permits		2,760,800		2,960,800		3,008,524	47,724
Revenues from other agencies		1,416,100		1,416,100		911,031	(505,069)
Charges for current services		8,589,879		8,872,879		8,793,844	(79,035)
Fines and forfeitures		150,000		150,000		457,390	307,390
Use of money and property		1,867,412		1,867,412		6,153,321	4,285,909
Other revenue		645		645		61,947	61,302
Total Revenues	_	123,998,836		124,697,836		132,141,559	 7,443,723
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		12,165,682		12,806,753		9,802,753	3,004,000
Police		43,080,726		46,320,010		46,036,027	283,983
Fire		49,718,704		50,063,153		48,705,866	1,357,287
Public works		4,469,301		4,505,259		4,212,368	292,891
Community development		1,383,630		1,667,141		1,042,644	624,497
Recreation and parks		12,711,505		13,379,946		13,429,016	(49,070)
Planning, Building and Transportation		640,864		643,934		525,917	118,017
Capital outlay		1,534,105		1,676,399		624,620	1,051,779
Debt service:							
Principal						23,157	(23,157)
Interest						5,628	 (5,628)
Total Expenditures	_	125,704,517		131,062,595		124,407,996	 6,654,599
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
EXPENDITURES		(1,705,681)	·	(6,364,759)		7,733,563	 14,098,322
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		5,106,000		6,945,000		8,100,873	1,155,873
Transfers (out)		(26,892,313)		(39,123,456)		(14,748,782)	 24,374,674
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(21,786,313)		(32,178,456)		(6,647,909)	 25,530,547
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(23,491,994)	\$	(38,543,215)	-	1,085,654	\$ 39,628,869
Beginning fund balance						112,531,538	
Ending fund balance					\$	113,617,192	
0					-	- , ,	



City of Alameda Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	An	ounts			Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual	((Negative)
REVENUES:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 	\$	—	\$	621	\$	621
Use of money and property	13,792,000		13,792,000		18,274,876		4,482,876
Other revenues	 130,000		130,000		129,337		(663)
Total Revenues	 13,922,000		13,922,000		18,404,834		4,482,834
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	897,315		1,397,315		1,761,788		(364,473)
Public works	2,694,111		2,861,336		2,560,714		300,622
Community development	9,861,490		19,570,057		7,007,052		12,563,005
Total Expenditures	 13,452,916		23,828,708		11,329,554		12,499,154
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
EXPENDITURES	 469,084		(9,906,708)		7,075,280		16,981,988
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (out)	(7,190,000)		(7,190,000)		(10,016,055)		(2,826,055)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (7,190,000)		(7,190,000)	_	(10,016,055)		(2,826,055)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (6,720,916)	\$	(17,096,708)	\$	(2,940,775)	\$	14,155,933
Beginning fund balance Ending fund balance				\$	46,190,947 43,250,172		



	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Licenses and permits	\$	\$	\$ 11,032	\$ 11,032
Revenue from other agencies	1,339,662	5,113,291	8,671,558	3,558,267
Charges for current services			849,468	849,468
Use of money and property			1,077,209	1,077,209
Other revenues				
Total Revenues	1,339,662	5,113,291	10,609,267	5,495,976
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	1,154,270	12,505,205	3,634,580	8,870,625
Police	60,142	1,026,271	270,609	755,662
Fire	33,000	118,276	162,985	(44,709)
Community development	113,250	1,082,630	2,862,068	(1,779,438)
Library			(12,911)	12,911
Planning, Building, & Transportation		811,500		811,500
Capital outlay		121,000	22,203	98,797
Debt service:				
Principal			2,682	(2,682)
Interest			468	(468)
Total Expenditures	1,360,662	15,664,882	7,058,644	8,722,198
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(21,000)	(10,551,591)	3,550,623	14,102,214
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	21,000	171,000		(171,000)
Transfers (out)		(6,125,434)	(2,790,056)	3,335,378
Total other financing sources (uses)	21,000	(5,954,434)	(2,790,056)	3,164,378
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	\$ (16,506,025)	760,567	\$ 17,266,592
Beginning fund balance			1,084,708	
Ending fund balance			\$ 1,845,275	



City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The City's intent is that the cost of providing goods and services within these funds be financed primarily through user charges.

The concept of major funds extends to Enterprise Funds. The City's only enterprise funds are major funds in Fiscal Year 2023-24:

Sewer Services Fund

The City operates its own wastewater system. This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to this municipal activity including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, capital financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

Alameda Municipal Power Fund

The City operates its own electric system. This fund accounts for all financial transactions related to this municipal activity including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, capital financing and related debt service, billing and collection.



	Business-Type Activities						Governmental	
	Sewer Services	Alan Muni Pov	ieda cipal		Total Enterprise Funds	1	Activities- ernal Service Funds	
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,993,835	\$ 40),161,267	\$	58,155,102	\$	63,961,419	
Investments			,598,854		34,598,854			
Accounts receivable, net	629,058	ç	,138,356		9,767,414		925,624	
Interest receivable			763,105		763,105			
Materials and supplies		7	,411,184		7,411,184			
Prepaids and deposits			40,000		40,000		2,952,521	
Total Current Assets	 18,622,893	92	2,112,766		110,735,659		67,839,564	
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted investments	891,159	5	5,258,532		6,149,691		19,265,879	
Share of certain NCPA projects and reserve		7	,191,054		7,191,054			
Investments designated for special purposes		35	,362,198		35,362,198			
Advances to other funds							138,857	
Capital assets:								
Non-depreciable		7	,919,827		7,919,827			
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	 113,707,437	28	3,147,033		141,854,470		8,764,040	
Total Noncurrent Assets	 114,598,596	83	,878,644		198,477,240		28,168,776	
Total Assets	 133,221,489	175	5,991,410		309,212,899		96,008,340	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amount on refunding			253,542		253,542			
Related to pensions	443,019	-	255,542		7,601,241			
Related to OPEB	18,974	,	84,017		102,991			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 461,993		7,495,781		7,957,774			
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:	1 100 000				2 2 5 2 5 6		1.025.250	
Accounts payable	1,127,777	2	2,224,985		3,352,762		1,835,360	
Due to other funds	47 002		773,123		773,123		120.7(1	
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	47,803		120 (11		47,803		139,761	
Interest payable	136,759 6,079	-	420,644		557,403 7,449,860		30,892	
Refundable deposits Compensated absences	83,062	,	7,443,781 602,387		685,449		21,604	
Claims payable	85,002		207,964		207,964		8,506,594	
Lease liability - current			287,969		287,969		8,500,594	
Subscription liability - current	6,224		287,909		6,224		918,359	
Long-term debt - current	440,000	1	,815,000		2,255,000		341,453	
Total Current Liabilities	 1,847,704		,775,853		15,623,557		11,794,023	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			820 417		820,417		14 100 401	
Claims payable	1 002 057	24	820,417		,		14,189,481	
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	1,903,057 226,397		5,538,237 ,002,488		28,441,294 1,228,885			
Lease liability	220,397		2,099,837		2,099,837			
Subscription liability	6,682	4	.,099,637		6,682		1,531,429	
Long-term debt	10,615,811	13	,440,000		24,055,811		871,085	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 12,751,947		5,900,979		56,652,926		16,591,995	
Total Liabilities	 14,599,651		,676,832		72,276,483		28,386,018	
DEFEDDED INFLOWS OF DESCUD CES								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Purchased power balancing account		17	,888,828		47,888,828			
Related to pensions	122,443	4,	83,491		47,888,828			
Related to OPEB	122,443 78,447		83,491 347,365		205,934 425,812			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 200,890	48	347,365		425,812 48,520,574			
	 <u>,</u>				, ,,,,,,			
NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets	102,638,721	15	3,677,596		121,316,317		5,101,714	
Restricted	.02,000,721	10	.,011,090		121,210,217		2,101,/14	
Debt service	891,159	4	5,258,532		6,149,691			
Sewer system replacement	15,340,156	-	-20,0,022		15,340,156			
	12,905	57	554 547		53,567,452		62,520,608	
Unrestricted	12.90.3	· · ·	5,554,547		33.307.4.37			



City of Alameda Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities						Governmental Activities-		
		Sewer Services		Alameda Municipal Power		Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	12,987,587	\$	77,470,175	\$	90,457,762	\$	32,090,405	
Greenhouse gas related sales									
Miscellaneous		300		656,643		656,943		149,513	
Total Operating Revenues		12,987,887		78,126,818		91,114,705		32,239,918	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
General administrative		358,925		11,854,975		12,213,900		3,010,180	
Operations and maintenance				50,827,121		50,827,121			
Wages and benefits		1,552,836				1,552,836		5,935,239	
Insurance and claims								12,429,269	
Contractual services		305,696				305,696		4,944,269	
Depreciation and amortization		2,721,369		3,335,839		6,057,208		2,247,882	
Utilities		105,372				105,372			
Supplies and maintenance		765,731				765,731		2,703,674	
Balancing account adjustment				6,115,571		6,115,571			
Total Operating Expenses		5,809,929		72,133,506		77,943,435		31,270,513	
Operating Income (Loss)		7,177,958	_	5,993,312	_	13,171,270		969,405	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest income		881,019		4,487,791		5,368,810		4,566,498	
Interest income on restricted investments		001,019		190,531		190,531		.,	
Interest (expense)		(329,193)		(978,991)		(1,308,184)		(169,534)	
Payment in-lieu of taxes		(816,000)		(1,621,000)		(2,437,000)		()	
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		()				()			
Miscellaneous non-operating expense				29,438		29,438			
Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets								186,460	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(264,174)		2,107,769		1,843,595		4,583,424	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		6,913,784		8,101,081		15,014,865		5,552,829	
Transfers in								6,807,133	
Transfers (out)				(4,382,000)		(4,382,000)		(91,575)	
Change in net position		6,913,784		3,719,081		10,632,865		12,268,387	
BEGINNING NET POSITION		111,969,157		73,771,594		185,740,751		55,353,935	
ENDING NET POSITION	\$	118,882,941	\$	77,490,675	\$	196,373,616	\$	67,622,322	



	В	usiness-Type Activiti	ies	Governmental	
	Sewer Services	Alameda Municipal Power	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers Receipts from Special Sales (C&T and REC)	\$ 12,963,981	\$ 71,495,653 5,842,906	\$ 84,459,634 5,842,906	\$ 32,257,148	
Payments to suppliers	(706,659)	(40,057,424)	(40,764,083)	(14,248,309)	
Payments to employees	(1,578,796)	(20,237,371)	(21,816,167)	(6,854,333)	
Insurance and claims paid				(6,745,241)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	10,678,526	17,043,764	27,722,290	4,409,265	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Payment in-lieu of taxes	(816,000)	(1,621,000)	(2,437,000)		
Interfund receipts (disbursements)		(365,218)	(365,218)	48,749	
Transfers in				6,715,558	
Transfers (out)		(4,382,000)	(4,382,000)		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	(816,000)	(6,368,218)	(7,184,218)	6,764,307	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of capital assets	(10,054,328)	(3,592,932)	(13,647,260)	(2,093,567)	
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets				186,460	
Principal payments on capital debt	(443,270)	(1,705,000)	(2,148,270)	(388,965)	
Principal payments on lease liability		(269,276)	(269,276)		
Interest paid	(336,167)	(771,365)	(1,107,532)	(172,588)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(10,833,765)	(6,338,573)	(17,172,338)	(2,468,660)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Sales (purchases) of restricted investments	(42,129)	(212,225)	(254,354)	(3,278,255)	
Sales (purchases) of unrestricted investments	(,)	1,262,754	1,262,754	(-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	
Sales (purchases) of investments reserved for special purposes		143,518	143,518		
Investment in certain NCPA projects and reserves		(983,269)	(983,269)		
Interest income	881,019	190,531	1,071,550	4,566,498	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	838,890	401,309	1,240,199	1,288,243	
Net Cash Flows	(132,349)	4,738,282	4,605,933	9,993,155	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	18,126,184	35,422,985	53,549,169	53,968,264	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 17,993,835	\$ 40,161,267	\$ 58,155,102	\$ 63,961,419	



	Business-Type Activities							overnmental
		Sewer Services	-		Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Internal Service Funds		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	7,177,958	\$	5,993,312	\$	13,171,270	\$	969,405
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash flows from operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		2,721,369		3,335,839		6,057,208		2,247,882
Pension related amounts		341,217		2,149,457		2,490,674		2,109,672
OPEB related amounts		(32,210)		(142,623)		(174,833)		
Change in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and refundable deposits		(23,906)		(788,259)		(812,165)		15,377
(Increase) decrease in materials and supplies				(1,611,458)		(1,611,458)		(2 (10 070)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids		470 140		1 420 252		1 000 402		(2,619,078)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		470,140		1,439,353		1,909,493		443,884
Increase (decrease) in balancing account				6,115,571		6,115,571		
Increase (decrease) in refundable deposits				372,628		372,628		1,853
Increase (decrease) in claims payable				190,021		190,021		1,207,115
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and others		7,068				7,068		33,155
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		16,890		(10,077)		6,813		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	10,678,526	\$	17,043,764	\$	27,722,290	\$	4,409,265



Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a trustee agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Government-wide Financial Statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.

Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Community Improvement Commission of the City of Alameda.

Custodial Funds report resources, not in a trust, that are held by the City for other parties outside of the City's reporting entity.



City of Alameda Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2024

	Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund Assessment Districts
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 6,797,426	\$ 1,876,336
Restricted cash and investments	1,222,948	6,711,229
Accounts receivable		5,317
Interest receivable		
Loans receivable	1,114,648	
Total Assets	9,135,022	8,592,882
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding	2,525,077	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	2,756	
Interest payable	614,538	812,361
Refundable deposits		30,451
Due to other governments	26,567	
Long term debt:		
Due within one year	2,760,000	
Due in more than one year	39,904,403	
Total Liabilities	43,308,264	842,812
NET POSITION:		
Restricted for:		
Assessment Districts		7,750,070
Held in trust for private purposes	(31,648,165)	
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (31,648,165)	\$ 7,750,070



City of Alameda Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Successor Agency ivate-Purpose Trust Fund	 Custodial Fund Assessment Districts
ADDITIONS		
Property taxes	\$ 9,191,137	\$ 3,175,613
Use of money and property	237,514	397,314
Contribution from property owners		
Miscellaneous		
Total Additions	 9,428,651	 3,572,927
DEDUCTIONS		
Administration	87,775	
Contractual services	4,561,419	136,424
Debt service:		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,931,416	2,580,783
Total Deductions	 6,580,610	 2,717,207
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,848,041	855,720
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	 (34,496,206)	 6,894,350
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ (31,648,165)	\$ 7,750,070



City of Alameda, California

People and Places in the City





City of Alameda, California

People and Places in the City





1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	50
2.	Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	61
3.	Interfund Transactions	76
4.	Loans Receivable	78
5.	Capital Assets	79
6.	Long-Term Debt	81
7.	Special Assessment Debt Without City's Commitment	88
8.	Net Position and Fund Balances	88
9.	Pension Plans	92
10.	Post-Employment Health Care Benefits	104
11.	Risk Management	112
12.	Alameda Municipal Power Joint Ventures	114
13.	Leases	121
14.	Subscription Liabilities	123
15.	Commitments and Contingencies	126
16.	Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities	128
17.	Subsequent Events	132



Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Alameda, California, occupies the island of Alameda situated in the San Francisco Bay. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire); streets and related improvements; development services; public improvements; planning and zoning; community services (parks, recreation and library); sewer services; electricity; and general administration services.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Alameda is a charter city and is governed by a five-member City Council elected by City residents. The City is legally separate and fiscally independent, which means it can issue debt, adopt and modify budgets and fees, and sue or be sued. These financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations, thus, data from these units are combined with that of the primary government.

Primary Government

The financial statements of the primary government of the City of Alameda include the activities of the City, as well as its blended component units, which are controlled by and dependent upon the City. While these blended component units are separate legal entities, their financial activities are integral to those of the City. Their financial activities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blending") with those of the primary government of the City in the accompanying financial statements.

Blended Component Units

The Alameda Public Financing Authority (APFA) is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City. APFA has the power to purchase bonds issued by any local agency at a public or negotiated sale and may sell such bonds to public or private purchasers at a public or negotiated sale. APFA is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for APFA. The financial activities of APFA are included in the City's financial statements.

The City of Alameda Financing Authority (CAFA) is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City. CAFA has the power to purchase bonds issued by any local agency at a public or negotiated sale and may sell such bonds to public or private purchasers at a public or negotiated sale. CAFA is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for CAFA. The financial activities of CAFA are included in the City's financial statements.



B. Basis of Presentation

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States.

These GASB Standards require that the financial statements described below be presented:

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government, the City and its blended component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities.

Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include: (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program; (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program; and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category — *governmental, proprietary,* and *fiduciary* — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. *Operating* revenues, such as charges for services, and expenses, such as contractual services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as investment earnings, and expenses, such as interest expenses, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.



C. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. Major governmental and enterprise funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, entitled non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds based on qualitative factors.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund - The General Fund accounts for all general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected by other City funds and their related expenditures. The General Fund also accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for the revenues from leasing activities revenues and grants. Expenditures are made for base reuse activities.

Grants Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for revenues received from Federal, State, County and private grants.

Capital Improvement Projects Fund - This fund accounts for monies for major capital improvement projects not provided for in a separate and specific capital project fund.

The City reported both of its enterprise funds as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Sewer Services Fund - The City operates its own wastewater system. This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to this municipal activity including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, capital financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

Alameda Municipal Power Fund - Alameda Municipal Power (AMP) was established to provide electricity to the City of Alameda. This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to this municipal activity including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, capital financing and related debt services, billing and collection.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - These funds account for central garage, facilities replacement and maintenance, information technology projects, workers' compensation insurance and claims, general liability insurance and claims, unemployment insurance and post-employment benefits, all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.



Fiduciary Funds - Trust Funds and Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent:

Trust Funds - These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for various functions. The Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for payments due for the City's former Community Improvement Commission at appropriate amounts and times in the future. The financial activities of this fund is excluded from the Government-wide financial statements, but is presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

Custodial Funds - These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for certain assessment districts in the City. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are generally collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on governmental long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right to use leased assets and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, use of money and property revenue, charges for services, fines and penalties, and license and permit revenues. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.



All proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when earned, and their expenses are recognized when incurred, except for revenues from electricity and sewer customers, which are recognized based on cycle billings.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts a budget annually for all funds, except for the capital projects funds, which are budgeted on the project length basis. This budget is effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted by the City Council, and controlled at the fund level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The City Council may amend the budget during the fiscal year. The City Manager or their designee is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments and between line items within any fund. However, any revisions which alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Transfers between funds must be approved by the City Council. All appropriations lapse at year end. Supplemental changes in appropriations that have been adopted by the City Council have been included in the budget versus actual statements.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for capital projects funds. The capital projects funds are budgeted on a project length basis and, therefore, are not comparable on an annual basis.

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of the formal budgetary process. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a component of assigned fund balance in the General Fund, and as restricted or committed fund balance in other funds, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are re-appropriated in the following year. Encumbrances outstanding at year end do not lapse and are included as part of the following year budget.

The following funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations:

City Hall and Library Bonds Debt Service Funds (18,370)

Sufficient resources were available in each fund to fund these excesses.



F. Materials, Parts and Supplies

Governmental fund supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time individual supply items are purchased.

Enterprise Fund supplies are valued at average cost and are used primarily for internal purposes.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 for all funds except Alameda Municipal Power, which capitalizes all assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of at least three years. All capital assets, which include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems, are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available, except for intangible right-to-use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1H below, and intangible right-to-use subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1N below. Contributed assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date contributed.

All capital assets with limited useful lives are depreciated during their estimated useful lives. The purpose of depreciation is to allocate the cost of capital assets equitably among all users during the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method, which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years, and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Electric Plant	30 - 50 years
Building and Improvements	40 - 80 years
Machinery, Furniture and Equipment	4 - 40 years
Infrastructure	15 – 75 years
Right-to-Use Leased Buildings	10 years
Right-to-Use Subscription Assets	3-7 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

H. Leases

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles and equipment. The City recognizes lease receivables or liabilities for contracts with \$50,000 or more in total future lease payments from July 1, 2021 (or the date the lease begins if after July 1, 2021) to the end of the lease term, and AMP recognizes lease receivables or liabilities for contracts with \$10,000 or more in total future lease payments. Short-term leases and contracts that transfer ownership will be excluded.

Lessee – The City is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of a building. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements and in proprietary funds.



At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date. The lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments as follows:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase options that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets.

Lessor – The City is a lessor for a noncancelable leases of commercial space, three cell towers, a golf complex, a preschool and four tidelands. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable as the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial lease amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts as follows:

- The City uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease plus any extension periods in which the City is reasonably certain the lessee will exercise.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

I. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences includes the vested portions of vacation, sick leave and compensated time off. For all governmental funds, a liability of these amounts is reported only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The remaining portion is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary funds' liability for compensated absences is recorded in each proprietary fund. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually.

Compensated absences activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Primary Government						
	0	Governmental Activities	I	Business Type Activities		Total	
Beginning Balance	\$	4,410,753	\$	678,636	\$	5,089,389	
Additions		6,659,614		969,215		7,628,829	
Payments		(6,677,592)		(962,402)		(7,639,994)	
Ending Balance	\$	4,392,775	\$	685,449	\$	5,078,224	
Current Portion	\$	4,392,775	\$	685,449	\$	5,078,224	

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

J. Property Tax

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at a rate of up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. Property taxes are collected by the Auditor-Controller of the County of Alameda (County) and are remitted upon collection to the various taxing entities, including the City. Accordingly, the City accrues only those taxes that are received from the County within sixty days after year-end.

For assessment and collection purposes, property is classified as either "secured" or "unsecured" and is listed accordingly on separate parts of the assessment roll. The "secured roll" is that part of the assessment roll containing State-assessed property and real property having a tax lien that is sufficient, in the opinion of the County Assessor, to secure payment of the taxes. Unsecured property comprises all taxable property not attached to land, such as personal property or business property. Every tax levied by a county that becomes a lien on secured property has priority over all present and future private liens arising pursuant to the State law on the secured property, regardless of the time of the creation of the other liens. A tax levied on unsecured property does not become a lien against the taxed unsecured property, but may become a lien on other property owned by the taxpayer.



Valuation of secured property and establishment of a statutory tax lien occur as of January 1 prior to the tax year of the related tax levy, and the secured and unsecured tax rolls are certified on or before July 31 of the tax year by the County Assessor. The County assesses property values, levies bills, and collects taxes. Secured property tax is due in two installments on November 1 and February 1. It becomes delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1 and become delinquent on August 31.

The City does not have the ability to control the levy rate or the amount of property taxes remitted by the County because these are governed by State law.

K. Purchased Power Balancing Account

The Purchased Power Balancing Account is used by Alameda Municipal Power to help stabilize rates. Specifically, the balancing account accumulates differences between the actual costs of providing a utility service with the related revenues designated for recovery of such costs. Deferred amounts are refunded to or recovered from customers through authorized rate adjustments, but can be reciprocally the beneficiaries of any temporary over-collection. The effect of using the balancing account is that unanticipated changes in sales levels and purchased power costs do not immediately affect Alameda Municipal Power's rates, because they are included in operating expenses when matched by revenues.

L. Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: 1) deferred charges on refunding debt reported in the statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price; this amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt, and 2) deferred outflows related to OPEB and pensions.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the governmental funds, the City has two items which qualify for reporting in this category (under the modified accrual basis of accounting): 1) The item unavailable revenues is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet and represents unavailable revenues from revolving loans receivable, grant reimbursements, and other miscellaneous revenues not yet received. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available, and 2) deferred outflows related to leases. At the government-wide statements, Item number 1 above is eliminated and recognized as revenue since "availability" of resources is not a criteria used in the government-wide statements. In addition, the City reports deferred inflows related to pensions, OPEB, leases and deferred inflows related to the Alameda Municipal Power Fund balancing account used to help stabilize rates discussed above.

M. Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

N. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

A subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the contract term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets. The City recognizes subscription assets with an initial, individual value of \$50,000 or more.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments as follows:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the IT vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the IT vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscription liabilities.
- The subscription term includes the noncancelable period of the subscription.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.



Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported on the statement of net position.

O. Reserve Policies

General Fund Balance General Fund balance that is available at the close of any given fiscal year is estimated during the final stages of the budget development process for the following fiscal year. Fund balance is used to achieve and maintain the City's reserve goals, and to balance subsequent budgets only when recommended by the City Manager and approved by the City Council. It is the policy of the City Council to maintain available General Fund reserves of at least 20% of annual expenditures. In addition, the City should strive to reduce its reliance upon prior year's remaining fund balance to finance subsequent year operations.

Sewer Fund Reserves In its Sewer Fund, the City shall strive to maintain a minimum of six months of operating revenues and \$2 million for future capital projects in its reserves, to account for delays in receipt of sewer charges placed on the County tax roll and to ensure sufficient available cash to pay operating and capital expenses.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022." Effective July 1, 2023, the City implemented Statement No. 99 paragraphs 4 -10 (paragraphs 11-32 were implemented in prior fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023). The objectives of this statement and these paragraphs are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation of certain GASB Statements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of GASB statement No. 53. These paragraphs of this statement had no material impact to the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections" - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. Effective July 1, 2023, the City implemented Statement No. 100. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement had no material impact to the City's financial statements.



R. Upcoming GASB Pronouncements

The City is analyzing the effects of the following pronouncements and the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASBs by the effective dates:

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences," effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The City has not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements.

In December 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 102, "*Certain Risk Disclosures*," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statement with essential information about risk related to the government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentration or constraints. The City has not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements.

In April 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 103, "Financial Reporting Model Improvements," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The objective of this statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The City has not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements.

In September 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 104, "*Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The objective of this statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. The City has not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements.

Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City's dependence upon property tax receipts, which are received semi-annually, requires it to maintain significant cash reserves to finance operations during the remainder of the year. The City pools cash from all sources and all funds except cash with fiscal agents and the Alameda Municipal Power Fund so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity. Individual funds can make expenditures at any time.

Investment income is allocated among funds on the basis of average month end cash and investment balances in these funds. Investments are carried at fair value.

A. Policies

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a fair value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit, or first trust deed mortgage notes with a fair value of 150% of the deposit, as collateral for these deposits. Under California law, this collateral is held in a separate investment pool by another institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution.



The City and its fiscal agents invest in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable securities instruments, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the book entry system. In order to increase security, the City employs the Trust Department of a bank as the custodian of certain City managed investments, regardless of form.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be liquid assets for purposes of measuring cash flows. Restricted cash and investments are not included for cash flow purposes.

B. Classification

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not use is restricted under the terms of City debt instruments or agency agreements. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2024, as presented on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position are as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	398,142,678
Restricted cash and investments	42,328,898
Investments designated for special purposes	35,362,198
Fiduciary Funds:	
Cash and investments	8,673,762
Restricted cash and investments	7,934,177
Total cash and investments	\$ 492,441,713

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2024 are composed of the following categories:

Cash on hand (petty cash and change funds)	\$ 10,026
Deposits with financial institutions	190,041,305
Investments	 302,390,382
Total cash and investments	\$ 492,441,713

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's investment policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City, and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or the City's Investment Policy where the City's Investment Policy is more restrictive, that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.



The City's investment policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity ^(A)	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Bank/Time Deposits	5 Years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes and Bills	5 Years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Agency and U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise Securities	5 Years	N/A	75%	25%
Mutual Funds and Money Market Funds	5 Years	Highest rating by 2 NRSRO's	20%	10%
Bankers' Acceptances	180 Days	A1/P1 or equivalent	30%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	A1/P1 (A rated issuer)	40%	(B) 5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (NCD)	5 Years	No rating for amount under FDIC insurance; A1/A for amounts greater than FDIC insurance	30% (Combined with CDARs)	5%
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	N/A	\$75,000,000 per account	N/A
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)/ CalTrust	N/A	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit / CDARs	3 Years	N/A	30% (Combined with NCDs)	5%
Municipal Obligations	5 Years	A or equivalent (except City's own bonds)	No Limit	5%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	A or equivalent	30%	5%
Supranationals	5 Years	AA or equivalent	15% (US Dollar denominated)	10%
Asset backed securities	5 Years	AA or equivalent rated issue	20%	5%

^(A) The maximum of any investment shall not exceed five years unless expressly authorized by City Council.

^(B) Under a provision sunsetting on January 1, 2026, no more than 40% of the portfolio may be invested in Commercial Paper if the City's investment assets under management are greater than \$100,000,000. After that date, no more than 25% of the portfolio may be invested in Commercial Paper.

D. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and Alameda Municipal Power's Investment Policy

Alameda Municipal Power's investment policy and the California Government Code allow Alameda Municipal Power to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to Alameda Municipal Power, and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or Alameda Municipal Power's Investment Policy where Alameda Municipal Power's Investment Policy is more restrictive, that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk.

This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of Alameda Municipal Power, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or Alameda Municipal Power's investment policy. Alameda Municipal Power's investment policy and the California Government Code allow Alameda Municipal Power to invest in the investments in the table in the next section:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Investment in One Issuer	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Minimum Required Rating
Bank/Time Deposits	5 years	No limit	No Limit	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	No limit	No Limit	N/A
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	25%	75%.	N/A
Mutual Funds and Money Market Funds	5 years	10%	20%	Highest rating by 2 NRSROs
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	5%	30%	A1/P1 or its equivalent
Commercial Paper	270 days	5%	40% (under the provision Sunsetting on 1/1/26)	A1/P1 or its equivalent (with issuer rated A or its equivalent)
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit/CDARS	3 years	5%	30% (combined with NCDs)	N/A
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	5%	30% (combined with CDARS)	No Rating for amount under FDIC Insurance; A-1/A for amounts greater than FDIC Insurance
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	No limit	LAIF Limit	N/A
CAMP/Caltrust	N/A	No limit	No limit	N/A
Municipal Obligations	5 years	5%	30%	A (except City's own bonds)
Medium Term Notes	5 years	5%	30%	A or equivalent
Supranationals	5 years	10%	15%	AA or equivalent
Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	5%	20%	AA or equivalent (with issuer rated A or equivalent)

E. Public Agencies Post-Employment Trust

On March 22, 2017, the City Council adopted resolution 15253 approving the adoption of an amendment to the Public Agencies Post-Employment Trust administered by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) to establish a pension trust. The Trust is an irrevocable trust and qualifies as an Internal Revenue Section 115 trust. Investments of funds held in Trust are governed by the Investment Guideline Document for the investment account and by the agreement for administrative services with PARS, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. This trust will assist the City in mitigating the CalPERS contribution rate volatility. The City elected a discretionary investment approach, which allows the City to maintain oversight of the investment option. This pension trust is a secondary trust to the City's CalPERS Pension Plan; therefore, the assets are reported in the City's Pension Stabilization Internal Service Fund. The assets in the Trust will eventually be used to fund pension plan obligations.



F. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City and the Successor Agency to the Community Improvement Commission must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if the City or the Successor Agency to the Community Improvement Commission fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance, bond indentures or State statute. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum in Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	Top Four Rating Categories	No Limit Per Account	No limit Per Account
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes and Bills	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Agency and U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise Securities	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit
State Obligations	No Limit	Not Lower Than Their Bond Rating	No Limit	No Limit
Commercial Paper	180 - 270 Days	A-1+	20% - No Limit	10% of outstanding issues (A rated issuer US organized and with operations in US with a total assets in excess of \$500 mil) - No limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Time Certificates	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Corporate Notes and Bonds	No Limit	Not Lower Than Their Bond Rating	No Limit	No Limit
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	No Limit	AA - Not Lower Than Their Bond Rating	No Limit	No Limit
Shares of Beneficial Interest	No Limit	Top Rating Category	No Limit	No Limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	No Limit	Aam - Highest Rating Category	20%	No Limit
Bankers' Acceptances	365 days	A-1+	30%	30%
Municipal Bonds	No Limit	AAA	No Limit	No Limit
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Upon Demand	N/A	\$75,000,000 per account	\$75,000,000 per account
Investment Agreements	No Limit	AA-	No Limit	No Limit
California State Warrants, Treasury Notes or Bonds	3 Years	Top Two Highest Short- Term or Long-Term Rating Categories	No Limit	No Limit

Alameda Municipal Power Fund (AMP) must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if Alameda Municipal Power fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with AMP's ordinance, bond indentures or State statute. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:



Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	N/A	No limit	No limit	N/A
State Obligations	N/A	No limit	No limit	N/A
U.S. Agency Securities ^(A)	N/A	No limit	No limit	N/A
Commercial Paper	N/A	5%	25%	A1/P1/A
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	5%	30%	A1/A
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	5%	30%	A1/P1
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	No limit	20%	А
California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	LAIF limit	No limit	N/A
Investment Agreements ^(B)	N/A	No limit	No limit	AA

^(A) Securities issued by agencies of the federal government such as the Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC).

(B) Investment agreements, including guaranteed investment contracts, repurchase agreements, forward purchase agreements and reserve fund put agreements

G. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in economic markets that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to the changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities, so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or realizing maturity evenly over time as necessary in order to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Information on the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity at June 30, 2024:



Investment Type	12 Months or less		One to Five Years		Total
U.S. Agency and Government-Sponsored	 				
Enterprise Securities					
Non-callable	\$ 2,056,850	\$	12,134,247	\$	14,191,097
Callable	739,761		1,155,157		1,894,918
Medium-Term Corporate Notes:					
Non-callable	1,436,399		9,709,847		11,146,246
Callable	1,296,964		20,656,390		21,953,354
Asset Backed Securities					
Non-callable			6,299,133		6,299,133
Callable			6,763,175		6,763,175
Supranationals			2,128,778		2,128,778
U.S. Treasury Notes					
Non-callable	9,314,395		43,654,651		52,969,046
U.S. Treasury Bonds			570,006		570,006
Money Market Mutual Funds	34,120,589				34,120,589
California Local Agency Investment Fund	120,650,322				120,650,322
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	998,128		3,474,117		4,472,245
Time Certificates of Deposit	2,499,375		632,062		3,131,437
Municipal Obligations	2,891,892		4,208,144		7,100,036
Guranteed Investment Contract	15,000,000				15,000,000
Total Investments	\$ 191,004,675	\$	111,385,707		302,390,382
Cash deposits with banks and on hand					190,051,331
Total Cash and Investments				\$	492,441,713

The City and Alameda Municipal Power are participants in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City and Alameda Municipal Power report their investments in LAIF at the fair value amounts provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. At June 30, 2024, the fair value approximated cost of the investments of the City and Alameda Municipal Power. The balance, available for withdrawal on demand, is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Each regular LAIF account is permitted to have up to 15 transactions per month, with a minimum transaction amount of \$5,000, a maximum transaction amount of \$75 million and at least 24 hours advance notice for withdrawals of \$10 million or more. Bond proceeds accounts are subject to a one-time deposit with no cap and are set up with a monthly draw down schedule. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2024, these investments had an average maturity of 260 days.

H. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment when an investment matures. This is measured by the assignment of a credit rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2024, for each City's investment type as provided by Standard and Poor's:

Investment Type	AAA/AAAm	AA+ to AA-	A+ to A	BBB+ to BBB- (A)	Total	
U.S. Agency and Government- Sponsored						-
Enterprise Securities						
Non-callable	\$	\$ 13,669,301	\$	\$	\$ 13,669,301	
Callable		1,894,918			1,894,918	
Medium Term Corporate Notes:						
Non-callable		3,254,239	7,549,750		10,803,989	
Callable		3,486,294	18,020,106	268,334	21,774,734	
Supranationals	2,128,778				2,128,778	
Asset Backed Securities						
Non-callable	6,299,133				6,299,133	
Callable	6,763,175				6,763,175	
Money Market Mutual Funds	14,904,710				14,904,710	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		452,277	1,128,767		1,581,044	
Municipal Obligations	224,829	5,235,966	756,049		6,216,844	
Totals	\$ 30,320,625	\$ 27,992,995	\$ 27,454,672	\$ 268,334	86,036,626	-
Not rated:					•	
U.S. Government-Sponsored						
Enterprise Agencies						
Non-callable					521,796	(A)
California Local Agency						
Investment Fund					120,650,322	
Medium Term Corporate Notes:						
Non-callable					342,257	(A)
Callable					178,620	
Municipal Obligations					883,192	(A)
Money Market Mutual Funds					19,215,879	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit					2,891,201	
Time Certificates of Deposit					3,131,437	
Guaranteed Investment Contract					15,000,000	
Exempt:						
US Treasury Notes					52,969,046	
US Treasury Bonds					570,006	-
Total Investments					\$302,390,382	

^(A) Investments are rated A1, A2, A3, Aa2 and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., which is in compliance with the City's and/or with the Alameda Municipal Power's Investment Policy minimum credit rating requirements.



I. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As previously described, the City's deposits are collateralized in accordance with California Government Code. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments.

As of June 30, 2024, Alameda Municipal Power's deposits with Hilltop Securities were insured up to \$250,000 by FDIC. Hilltop Securities also had Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) coverage which provided an additional \$500,000 coverage. Furthermore, Hilltop Securities had private insurance in excess of SIPC coverage with a \$1.9M per-client limit. As of June 30, 2024, Alameda Municipal Power's investments balance with Hilltop Securities was \$34,598,854.

J. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 – Investments whose values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Investments whose values are based on inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Investments whose values are based on unobservable inputs for an asset and may require a degree of professional judgment.

The asset's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by the City's management. City management considers observable data to be that market data, which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to City management's perceived risk of that investment.



Deposits and withdrawals in governmental investment pools, such as LAIF are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the City's proportionate share in these types of investments is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by the City to estimate the fair value of its investments. There have been no changes in the methods and assumptions used at June 30, 2024. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. City management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

For investments classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the City's custodians generally use a multi-dimensional relational model. Inputs to their pricing models are based on observable market inputs in active markets. The inputs to the pricing models are typically benchmark yields, reported trades, broker- dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities, among others.

As of June 30, 2024, the City has the following recurring fair value measurements:



	Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis Using						
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Balance at Identical Assets June 30, 2024 (Level 1)			Active kets for cal Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		
Investments by Fair Value:							
U.S. Agency and Government-Sponsored							
Enterprise Securities							
Non-callable	\$	14,191,097	\$		\$	14,191,097	
Callable		1,894,918				1,894,918	
Medium-Term Corporate Notes							
Non-callable		11,146,246				11,146,246	
Callable		21,953,354				21,953,354	
Asset Backed Securities							
Non-callable		6,299,133				6,299,133	
Callable		6,763,175				6,763,175	
Supranationals		2,128,778				2,128,778	
U.S. Treasury Notes							
Non-callable		52,969,046	4	43,654,651		9,314,395	
Callable							
U.S. Treasury Bonds		570,006				570,006	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		4,472,245				4,472,245	
Time Certificates of Deposit		3,131,437				3,131,437	
Municipal Bonds		7,100,036				7,100,036	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		132,619,471	\$ 4	43,654,651	\$	88,964,820	
Investments Not Measured at Fair Value or Subject to Fair Value Hierarchy:							
California Local Agency Investment Fund		120,650,322					
Money Market Mutual Funds		34,120,589					
Guaranteed Investment Contract		15,000,000					
Total Investments Not Measured at Fair							
Value		169,770,911					
Total Investments	\$	302,390,382					



K. Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City's investments include corporate notes and U.S. agency securities that have an embedded call feature. At June 30, 2024, those investments consisted of:

Issuer	Maturity Date	Callable Date	Reported Amount
Abbott Labs	9/15/2025	6/15/2025	\$ 246,388
Adobe Inc	4/4/2027	3/4/2027	145,032
Ally Auto Rece22-1	11/16/2026	12/15/2025	178,295
Ally Auto Rece22-2	5/17/2027	4/15/2026	380,832
Amazon Com Inc	12/5/2024	9/5/2024	198,628
Amazon Com Inc	5/12/2026	4/12/2026	734,953
Amazon Com Inc	12/3/2025	9/3/2025	150,161
American Express Co	3/4/2025	2/1/2025	39,130
Apple Inc	9/11/2026	7/11/2026	282,027
Bank Amer Corp Sr	6/19/2026	6/19/2025	239,553
Bank Amer Corp Sr	6/19/2026	6/19/2025	239,553
Bank America Corp	1/20/2027	1/20/2026	342,930
Bank Of America Corp	4/23/2027	4/23/2026	184,691
Bank Of America Corp	4/23/2027	4/23/2026	202,097
Bank Of Montreal	10/29/2026	7/29/2024	178,620
Barclays Bank Plc	8/26/2027	8/26/2024	529,375
Berkshire Hathaway Fin	3/15/2027	2/15/2027	548,361
Bk Of America Corp	12/6/2025	12/6/2024	343,469
Bmw Veh Owner Tr 2023-A A3	2/25/2028	3/25/2027	80,251
Bmw Vehicle Own22A	8/25/2026	2/25/2026	76,737
Bmw Vehicle Owner	2/26/2029	1/25/2028	200,198
Bofa Auto Trust 2024-1 A-3	11/15/2028	8/15/2027	50,148
Bp Cap Mkts Amer Inc	11/17/2027	10/17/2027	254,717
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co Sr Nt	2/22/2027	1/22/2027	69,799
Capital One Prime	5/17/2027	7/15/2026	137,797
Capital One Prime	4/15/2027	4/15/2026	114,174
Capital One Prime Tr	9/15/2026	8/15/2025	59,413
Carmax Auto	8/15/2028	1/15/2027	211,354
Carmax Auto Ow22-1	4/15/2027	9/15/2026	222,034
Carmax Auto Ow22-4	8/16/2027	1/15/2027	279,463
Carmax Auto Own Tr 2021-3 A-3	6/15/2026	10/15/2025	73,204
Abbott Labs	2/17/2026	5/15/2025	25,094
Adobe Inc	12/15/2025	3/15/2025	5,749
Carmax Auto Owner Tr 2022 A-3	2/16/2027	6/15/2026	124,227
Cintas Corp	5/1/2025	4/1/2025	98,306



Issuer	Maturity Date	Callable Date	Reported Amount
Cisco Sys Inc	2/26/2027	1/26/2027	\$ 289,217
Citibank	9/29/2025	8/29/2025	251,265
Citigroup Global Mkts	9/30/2027	6/30/2024	393,032
Citigroup Global Mkts	10/20/2027	7/20/2024	421,375
Citigroup Inc	1/25/2026	1/25/2025	44,034
Citigroup Inc Sr Nt	10/30/2024	9/30/2024	185,170
Duke Energy Florida Llc	1/15/2027	10/15/2026	477,320
Eli Lilly & Co	2/9/2027	1/9/2027	237,917
Eli Lilly & Co	2/9/2029	1/9/2029	371,839
Exxon Mobil Corporation	3/1/2026	12/1/2025	338,520
Federal Home Ln Bks	3/23/2026	8/23/2024	456,061
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp	11/3/2025	8/3/2024	299,538
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp	6/30/2025	6/30/2024	442,031
Federal Home Loan Bank	11/18/2024	8/18/2024	98,176
Federal Home Loan Banks	11/10/2025	8/10/2024	99,843
Federal Natl Mtg Assn	5/16/2025	8/16/2024	199,554
Federal Natl Mtg Assn	1/5/2027	7/5/2024	299,715
Fifth Third Auto Tr 2023-1 A-3	8/15/2028	5/15/2027	230,583
Florida Power Lt Co	12/1/2025	6/1/2025	256,283
Florida Pwr	5/15/2026	4/15/2026	197,558
Florida Pwr Lt Co	5/15/2028	3/15/2028	393,275
Ford Cr Auto Owner	4/15/2029	4/15/2028	349,737
Ford Cr Auto Owner Tr	2/15/2028	2/15/2027	118,880
Ford Credit Aut22A	6/15/2026	12/15/2025	33,209
Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust	5/15/2028	4/15/2027	104,914
Gm Financial Con	2/16/2027	5/16/2026	84,873
Gm Financial Con	4/16/2027	7/16/2026	136,720
Gm Financial Con	11/16/2026	2/16/2026	52,395
Gm Financial Consumer Automobile Trust	2/16/2028	2/16/2027	89,007
Gm Finl Cons Aut	9/16/2026	12/16/2025	48,054
Goldman Sachs Bk Usa	5/21/2027	5/21/2026	139,769
Harley-Davidson Mo	2/15/2027	3/15/2026	117,456
Harley-Davidson Mtrcycle Tr A-3	12/15/2027	9/15/2026	154,296
Home Depot Inc	6/25/2027	5/25/2027	104,786
Home Depot Inc	4/15/2029	3/15/2029	165,284
Home Depot Inc	4/15/2029	3/15/2029	470,808
Honda Auto Rec Ownr 2021 4	1/21/2026	5/21/2025	52,845
Honda Auto Rec22-1	5/15/2026	9/15/2025	118,457
Hormel Foods Corp	3/30/2027	2/28/2027	99,613
Huntington Auto Tr 2024-1 A-3	1/16/2029	12/15/2027	139,605



Issuer	Maturity Date	Callable Date	Reported Amount
Hyundai Auto Rec Tr 2021-C A-3	5/15/2026	3/15/2026	\$ 37,181
Hyundai Auto Rec Tr 2022-A A-3	10/15/2026	7/15/2026	157,373
Hyundai Auto Rec22	11/16/2026	8/15/2026	127,970
Jpmorgan Chase & Co	10/22/2027	10/22/2026	122,100
Jpmorgan Chase & Co	4/22/2028	4/22/2027	216,742
Jpmorgan Chase Co	4/26/2026	4/26/2025	222,010
Jpmorgan Chase Co	4/22/2026	4/22/2025	163,138
Kubota Cr Own Tr 2022-1 A-3	10/15/2026	1/15/2026	193,248
Kubota Cr Own Tr 2022-2 A-3	12/15/2026	3/15/2026	222,238
Kubota Cr Owner Tr 2023-2 A-3	1/18/2028	5/15/2027	120,051
Kubota Cr Owner Tr 2021-1 A-3	8/15/2025	12/15/2024	16,492
Kubota Credit Ow17	11/17/2025	5/15/2025	55,190
Kubota Credit Owner Trust	6/15/2027	12/15/2026	159,127
Linde Inc	12/5/2025	11/5/2025	328,033
Mastercard Incorpo	3/9/2028	2/9/2028	311,655
Mercedes-Benz 22-1	8/16/2027	11/15/2026	364,298
Mercedes-Benz Auto	11/15/2027	2/15/2027	118,781
Morgan Stanley	1/28/2027	1/28/2026	74,576
Morgan Stanley	4/13/2028	4/13/2027	25,248
Morgan Stanley Bk N A	5/26/2028	5/26/2027	251,710
Morgan Stanley Fr	2/18/2026	2/18/2025	259,780
National Rural Utils Coop	5/6/2027	4/6/2027	169,973
National Rural Utils Corp Fin	3/13/2026	2/13/2026	54,238
Nestle Hldgs Inc	9/14/2024	9/9/2024	326,525
Nissan Auto Recv 2	5/17/2027	12/15/2026	153,648
Nissan Auto Recv Owr Tr	11/15/2027	3/15/2027	278,403
Northern Tr Corp Sr	5/10/2027	4/10/2027	214,751
Northern Tr Corp Sr	5/10/2027	4/10/2027	292,842
Pepsico Inc	2/13/2026	1/13/2026	158,922
Pnc Financial Services	10/28/2025	10/28/2024	149,835
Pnc Financial Services	1/26/2027	1/26/2026	24,694
Pretium Mtg Cr	2/15/2028	7/15/2027	178,144
Prologis L P	6/15/2028	5/15/2028	249,028
Prologis L P	9/15/2028	6/15/2028	481,190
Pub Svc Elec & Gas	9/1/2028	6/1/2028	79,141
Pub Svc Elec & Gas	9/1/2028	6/1/2028	445,285
Public Storage	2/15/2026	1/15/2026	233,190
Realty Income Corp	8/15/2027	5/15/2027	337,477
Realty Income Corp	12/15/2028	11/15/2028	294,522



Issuer	Maturity Date	Callable Date	Reported Amount
Royal Bk Cda	12/30/2025	6/30/2024	\$ 126,697
Royal Bk Cda	6/30/2027	6/30/2024	223,400
Royal Bk Cda	7/14/2027	7/14/2024	273,413
San Diego Gas Elec Co	5/15/2026	2/15/2026	238,105
Schwab Charles Corp	5/13/2026	4/13/2026	434,642
Sierra Pac Pwr Co	5/1/2026	2/1/2026	286,104
Societe Generale	3/30/2026	6/30/2024	271,794
Societe Generale	10/20/2026	7/20/2024	271,123
Societe Generale	3/31/2026	6/30/2024	225,975
Southern Ca Gas	6/15/2025	3/15/2025	244,700
Southern Ca Gas	6/15/2025	3/15/2025	97,880
State Str Corp	2/6/2026	2/6/2025	87,816
State Str Corp	11/4/2026	11/4/2025	65,256
State Str Corp	1/26/2026	1/26/2025	34,843
State Str Corp	8/3/2026	7/3/2026	175,334
State Str Corp	3/18/2027	2/18/2027	89,891
State Str Corp	3/18/2027	2/18/2027	574,304
State Street Corp	3/30/2026	3/30/2025	48,924
State Street Corp	3/30/2026	3/30/2025	146,771
Target Corp	1/15/2027	12/15/2026	269,874
Texas Instrs Inc Sr Nt	2/8/2027	1/8/2027	208,627
The Bank Of New York Mellon C	4/24/2025	3/24/2025	106,625
Toronto Dominion Bank	7/29/2027	7/29/2024	492,535
Toyota At Rec Own	9/15/2026	7/15/2026	92,868
Toyota Auto Rec Tr 2023-D A-3	8/15/2028	12/15/2027	80,571
Toyota Auto Rec19D	4/15/2026	1/15/2026	55,077
Toyota Auto Receivables	9/15/2027	4/15/2027	143,739
Truist Financial Corp	7/28/2026	7/28/2025	142,622
Truist Financial Corp	10/28/2026	10/28/2025	155,389
Unitedhealth Group Inc	4/15/2027	3/15/2027	352,107
Unitedhealth Group Inc	5/15/2026	4/15/2026	41,831
Unitedhealth Group Inc	5/15/2026	4/15/2026	79,013
Unitedhealth Group Inc	5/15/2026	4/15/2026	464,785
Volkswagen Auto Ln	6/22/2026	7/20/2025	61,854
Volkswagen Auto22A	7/21/2025	9/20/2024	31,078
Walmart Inc	9/17/2026	8/17/2026	115,230
World Omni Au 13-A	10/15/2026	12/15/2025	65,843



Note 3 - Interfund Transactions

A. Current Balances

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of these balances is to eliminate negative cash balances at year end in various funds. At June 30, 2024, the amounts of current interfund balances were as follows:

Due from Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	 Amount
General Fund	HOME Program Special Revenue Fund	\$ 477,865
General Fund	Capital Improvement Projects Fund	5,458,061
General Fund	Alameda Municipal Power Enterprise Fund	 773,123
Total		\$ 6,709,049

B. Long-Term Advances

Loan from Fleet Maintenance and Replacement Fund to General Fund

In July 2014, the City Council authorized a long-term loan from the Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund to the Fire Station 3/Emergency Operations Center Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$809,000 for the construction of the new Fire Station. In October 2018, the amount of the loan was reduced to \$408,626 and the remaining \$307,305 of the loan was transferred to the General Fund. With the fund reorganization activity in fiscal year 2022, the loan receivable was transferred to the Fleet Maintenance and Replacement Internal Service Fund. The loan bears a 3% simple interest rate and will be due in full in 20 years. The advance is secured by a promissory note where the City's General Fund is pledged as security for the repayment of the loan. The outstanding loan balance at June 30, 2024 was \$138,857.

Loan from General Fund to Development Impact Fee Capital Projects Fund

In June 2019, the City Council authorized a loan of \$1,120,891 from the General Fund to the Development Impact Fee Fund. The advance bears no interest. The advance is secured by a promissory note where available funds from the Development Impact Fee Fund are pledged as security for the repayment of the loan. The loan is repayable in annual payments of \$112,089 through June 30, 2029. The outstanding balance of the loan at June 30, 2024 was \$560,446.



Note 3 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)

C. Transfers Between City Funds

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers between City funds during Fiscal Year 2023-24 were as follows:

Fund Receiving Transfers	Fund Making Transfer	Amount Transferred
General Fund	Capital Improvement Projects Fund	\$ 1,194,873 _A
	Grants Special Revenue Fund	1,800,000 G
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	724,000 д, в
	Alameda Municipal Power Enterprise Fund	4,382,000 c
Capital Improvement Projects Fund	General Fund	2,318,529 D
	Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund	111,032 р
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	9,041,777 _D
	Grants Special Revenue Fund	990,056 в, г
	Internal Service Funds	91,575 в
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund	5,694,202 в
	Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund	9,905,023 _E
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	6,847,986 b, d, e, f
	Capital Improvement Projects Fund	50,906 _G
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	6,736,051 в
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	71,082 в
Total		\$ 49,959,092

The reasons for these transfers are set forth below:

- ^(A) To return unspent project funding
- ^(B) To fund recreation, deferred maintenance, general liability, pension and OPEB costs
- ^(C) Transfer from Alameda Municipal Power to the General Fund per Charter
- ^(D) To fund CIPs based on appropriated revenue allocations
- ^(E) To fund debt service
- ^(F) To fund housing projects
- ^(G) Grant proceeds used for fire services

D. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the entity-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.



Note 4 – Loans Receivable

Housing Rehabilitation and Affordable Housing Loans Receivable

The City and former Community Improvement Commission (CIC) have engaged in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to expend these funds in accordance with the City's and former CIC's terms. Some of these loans may be forgiven at the completion of the loan term if all stipulated conditions are met. Other loans and notes are expected to be repaid in full.

The City's remaining outstanding balance of the loans receivable from these programs at June 30, 2024 was \$11,836,424, of which, \$11,284,842 has been offset with unavailable revenue. Included in the outstanding balance are receivables totaling \$1,733,955 from the Alameda Housing Authority.



Note 5 – Capital Assets

A. Capital Asset Additions and Retirements

City capital asset activities for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2023		Additions		Retirements		Transfers		Balance at June 30, 2024		
Governmental activities											
Capital assets not being depreciated:											
Land	\$	5,995,318	\$	_	\$	—	\$	—	\$	5,995,318	
Construction in progress		45,309,440		23,260,902				(8,071,178)		60,499,164	
Total capital assets not being											
depreciated		51,304,758		23,260,902				(8,071,178)		66,494,482	
Capital assets being depreciated:											
Buildings		291,004,189								291,004,189	
Machinery and equipment		41,071,682		1,868,072		(879,762)				42,059,992	
Right-to-use subscription assets		3,271,490		1,043,047		(244,779)				4,070,758	
Infrastructure:											
Streets		204,390,710						4,295,745		208,686,455	
Street Lights		7,528,123						357,212		7,885,335	
Landscape		21,323,234								21,323,234	
Storm drains		26,304,783						1,253,461		27,558,244	
Potable water systems		1,353,939								1,353,939	
Parks		39,095,573						2,164,760		41,260,333	
Marina facilities		25,011,156								25,011,156	
Golf improvements		4,205,963								4,205,963	
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	664,560,842	_	2,911,119	_	(1,124,541)		8,071,178	_	674,418,598	
Less accumulated depreciation:											
Buildings		(136,139,815)		(3,881,680)					(140,021,495)	
Machinery and equipment		(31,946,830)		(1,942,237)		879,762			,	(33,009,305)	
Right-to-use subscription assets		(763,191)		(862,349)		122,618				(1,502,922)	
Infrastructure:		. , ,		())		,					
Streets		(107,197,495)		(5,759,250)					(112,956,745)	
Street Lights		(3,609,265)		(237,276)						(3,846,541)	
Landscape		(19,163,203)		(126,157)						(19,289,360)	
Storm drains		(12,898,930)		(558,296)						(13,457,226)	
Potable water systems		(1,247,845)		(5,864)						(1,253,709)	
Parks		(8,474,189)		(1,451,355)						(9,925,544)	
Marina facilities		(21,654,472)		(83,136)						(21,737,608)	
Golf improvements		(4,060,677)		(56,097)						(4,116,774)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(347,155,912)		(14,963,697)		1,002,380			(361,117,229)	
Net capital assets being depreciated		317,404,930		(12,052,578)		(122,161)		8,071,178		313,301,369	
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	368,709,688	\$	11,208,324	\$	· · · ·	\$	5,071,170	¢	379,795,851	
Governmentar activity capitar assets, liet	¢	500,709,000	φ	11,200,324	φ	(122,101)	¢		φ	517,175,051	



Note 5 – Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance at June 30, 2023			Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2024
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and Rights	\$ 220,143	\$	\$	\$	\$ 220,143
Construction in progress	6,315,866	12,754,918		(11,371,100)	7,699,684
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,536,009	12,754,918		(11,371,100)	7,919,827
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Utility Plant	90,817,973			1,248,283	92,066,256
Service Center Building	8,168,069				8,168,069
Right-to-use subscription assets	33,703		(9,629)		24,074
Intangible right-to-use building	3,142,914				3,142,914
Machinery and equipment	10,349,295			166,402	10,515,697
Transportation equipment	4,299,067	237,342			4,536,409
Computer equipment	4,694,928			557,087	5,252,015
Furniture and fixtures	2,848,790	662,170	(54,217)		3,456,743
Sewer lines	147,379,833	9,399,328			156,779,161
Total capital assets being depreciated	271,734,572	10,298,840	(63,846)	1,971,772	283,941,338
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Utility Plant	(69,015,885)	(2,359,924)			(71,375,809)
Service Center Building	(5,142,589)	(180,959)			(5,323,548)
Right-to-use subscription assets	(8,605)	(6,147)	2,459		(331,912)
Intangible right-to-use building	(639,236)				(639,236)
Machinery and equipment	(9,648,277)	(99,652)			(9,747,929)
Transportation equipment	(3,224,109)	(228,034)			(3,452,143)
Computer equipment	(4,357,186)	(120,816)			(4,478,002)
Furniture and fixtures	(2,070,403)	(244,831)	54,217		(2,261,017)
Sewer lines	(41,980,046)	(2,497,226)			(44,477,272)
Total accumulated depreciation	(136,086,336)	(6,057,208)	56,676		(142,086,868)
Net capital assets being depreciated	135,648,236	4,241,632	(7,170)	1,971,772	141,854,470
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 142,184,245	\$ 16,996,550	\$ (7,170)	\$ (9,399,328)	\$ 149,774,297

B. Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using Federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.



Note 5 – Capital Assets (Continued)

C. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based upon usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 219,080
Police	124,368
Fire	535,184
Public works	8,114,239
Recreation and parks	1,679,188
Library	378,434
Community development	1,636,047
Planning, building and transportation	29,275
Internal Service Funds	 2,247,882
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 14,963,697
Business-Type Activities:	
Sewer Services	\$ 2,721,369
Alameda Municipal Power	3,335,839
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 6,057,208

Note 6 – Long-Term Debt

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the term of the related debt. Bond discounts and issuance costs of long-term debt issues are amortized during the life of the related debt.



Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. City Long-Term Debt

The City's long-term debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	CUSIP Number	В	alance June 30, 2023		Additions	R	etirements	B	alance June 30, 2024		Current Portion
Governmental Activities Debt:											
Loans and Leases From Direct Borrowing											
Lease Financings Payable	not applicable	\$	4,449,983	\$	_	\$	(729,365)	\$	3,720,618	\$	750,149
HUD Section 108 Loan Refinance, 2019 Series A	not applicable		3,010,000				(588,000)		2,422,000		630,000
i-Bank Loan	not applicable		2,132,205				(156,428)		1,975,777		160,005
Alameda County EMS Liability	not applicable		1,071,215				(242,045)		829,170		249,307
Total Loans and Leases from Direct Borrowing			10,663,403	_			(1,715,838)		8,947,565		1,789,461
Certificates of Participation											
2013 Financing Project	010762		4,430,000				(610,000)		3,820,000		635,000
Plus: Unamortized bond premium			173,674				(25,519)		148,155		
Total Certificates of Participation			4,603,674				(635,519)		3,968,155		635,000
2003 ARRA Demand Revenue Bonds	010808		7,500,000				(600,000)		6,900,000		600,000
2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	010752		5,615,000				(430,000)		5,185,000		445,000
Plus: Unamortized bond premium			37,435				(5,467)		31,968		
2023 Lease Revenue Bonds - Aquatic Center	01078E				14,565,000		(635,000)		13,930,000		225,000
Plus: Unamortized bond premium					806,410		(13,920)		792,490		
Subtotal			13,152,435		15,371,410		(1,684,387)		26,839,458		1,270,000
Total Governmental Activities Debt		_	28,419,512		15,371,410	_	(4,035,744)		39,755,178	_	3,694,461
Business-Type Activities Debt:											
Sewer Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series A	010782		11,420,000				(430,000)		10,990,000		440,000
Plus: Unamortized bond premium			69,408				(3,597)		65,811		
Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A	010808		8,700,000						8,700,000		
Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B	010808		8,260,000				(1,705,000)		6,555,000		1,815,000
Subtotal			28,449,408	_			(2,138,597)	_	26,310,811		2,255,000
Total Business-Type Activities Debt		_	28,449,408			_	(2,138,597)	_	26,310,811	_	2,255,000
Total Debt		\$	56,868,920	\$	15,371,410	\$	(6,174,341)	\$	66,065,989	\$	5,949,461



Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below for all long-term debt:

			Governmental Activities								
For the Year	Lo	oans and Lea Borr		from Direct ng	(Certificates of and I		-			
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest	rest		
2025	\$	1,789,461	\$	204,956	\$	1,905,000	\$	1,253,906			
2026		1,874,978		162,121		1,955,000		1,177,988			
2027		1,929,418		116,924		2,005,000		1,099,356			
2028		1,236,921		74,549		2,065,000		1,018,434			
2029		368,696		47,870		2,120,000		933,825			
2030-2034		1,547,489		107,878		8,715,000		3,460,131			
2035-2039		200,602		2,294		2,050,000		2,273,563			
2040-2044						2,630,000		1,693,563			
2045-2049						3,265,000		1,050,938			
2050-2053						3,125,000		328,763			
Subtotal		8,947,565	\$	716,592		29,835,000	\$	14,290,467			
Plus unamortized bond premium						972,613					
Total	\$	8,947,565			\$	30,807,613					

	Business-Type Activities							
For the Year	Bonds	_						
Ending June 30,	Principal Interest							
2025	\$ 2,255,000 \$ 1,109,067							
2026	2,385,000 975,173							
2027	2,525,000 831,271							
2028	2,675,000 693,976							
2029	2,795,000 572,181							
2030-2034	7,625,000 1,386,580							
2035-2039	3,110,000 708,218							
2040-2043	2,875,000 190,266							
Subtotal	26,245,000 \$ 6,466,732							
Plus unamortized bond premium	65,811							
Total	\$ 26,310,811							



Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

C. Description of the City's Long-Term Debt Issues

The balance of the City's debt is in various forms as follows:

Governmental Activities Debt

Certificates of Participation – Some of the City's obligations are in the form of long-term leases between the City and the Alameda Public Financing Authority. Under these arrangements, the City enters into a legal agreement with the Authority to lease a specified City property to the Authority for an up-front, lump- sum lease payment. The City uses the lease proceeds to fund major capital improvements. The City furthermore continues to make use of the leased facility, and in return for that, agrees to pay the Authority regular lease payments. The Authority, in turn, sells shares of the City's lease payments to investors. The shares are called Certificates of Participation, or COPs. The City's lease payments are made to the certificate holders through the Trustee over the term of the agreement. The cost of the assets securing these leases and the balance of the debt evidenced by these Certificates of Participation have been included in the City's financial statements, as these leases are in essence financing arrangements with ownership of the financed assets reverting to the City at the conclusion of the lease term.

2023 Revenue Bonds - Aquatic Center – On December 28, 2023, the City of Alameda Financing Authority issued Lease Revenue Bonds - Aquatic Center (2023 Lease Revenue Bonds) in the original principal amount of \$14,565,000 to fund the construction of a new Aquatic Center in the City. The 2023 Lease Revenue Bonds were issued under a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the City of Alameda Financing Authority, and by the City Council, on September 19, 2023. The City entered into a Site Lease Agreement dated as of December 1, 2023, under which the City leases the City's police department facility and its site located at 1555 Oak Street (Leased Property) to the City of Alameda Financing Authority, in return for the up front payment from the 2023 Lease Revenue Bonds. Concurrently, the City and the Authority entered into a Lease Agreement, which the City of Alameda Financing Authority leases the Leased Property back to the City as the lease revenues for the 2023 Lease Revenue Bonds' annual principal and interest debt payments. The 2023 Lease Revenue Bonds bear interest from 4% to 5%, which are payable semi-annually in May and November. Principal payments are due annually from May 1, 2024 to May 1, 2053.

2013 Financing Project Certificates of Participation – On September 17, 2013, the City of Alameda Financing Authority authorized the issuance of the Certificates of Participation (2013 Refinancing Project) in the amount of \$9,610,000 to repay the City of Alameda 2002 Certificates of Participation and to finance the costs of construction of a new City Emergency Operations Center and associated expenses. The 2013 Certificates are collateralized by the leased Alameda City Hall over the term of the lease; the City may substitute alternative sites/facilities as collateral at its option over the same time period. The 2013 Certificates bear interest from 3% to 4%, which is payable semi-annually in May and November. Principal payments are due annually and commenced on May 1, 2014.



Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2003 Alameda Reuse and Redevelopment Authority (ARRA) Variable Rate Demand Lease Revenue Bonds – On December 1, 2003, the Alameda Public Financing Authority issued Variable Rate Revenue Bonds in the original principal amount of \$13,440,000 at a variable rate of interest determined on a weekly basis. The proceeds from the bonds were used to refund the 1999 ARRA Revenue Bonds, which were issued to finance the costs of certain improvements at Alameda Point (assigned to the Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund), and to finance professional services for land use planning and other activities required for the redevelopment process at Alameda Point. Repayment of these bonds is from lease revenues paid to ARRA from certain land, buildings, fixtures and equipment. Interest is payable on the first business day of each month, and principal is due December 1.

The pledge of sublease revenues ends upon repayment of the \$6,900,000 in remaining principal on the Bonds, which is scheduled to occur in 2034. As disclosed in the bond indenture documents, pledged future sublease revenues are expected to provide coverage over debt service of 1.5 during the life of the Bonds. For Fiscal Year 2023-24, sublease revenues amounted to \$14,010,084, which represented coverage of 1,897% over the \$833,700 in principal and interest debt service.

General Obligation Bonds

2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds – On September 17, 2013, the voters and City Council approved the repayment of General Obligation Refunding Bonds originally issued in 2003. The Refunding Bonds were issued on November 1, 2013 in the principal amount of \$9,010,000 to refund, on a current basis, the City of Alameda General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003, and pay for costs of issuance of the Bonds. The 2003 Bonds were issued to finance the construction and renovation of various public libraries. The bonds bear interest between 3% and 3.4%. The repayment of the bonds is secured by all non-restricted revenue of the City. Principal payments are due annually on August 1. Interest payments are due semi- annually on February 1st and August 1st through August 1, 2033.

Leases and Loans Payable

Lease Financings Payable – At June 30, 2024, the City held the following leases payable. Under the lease agreements, ownership of the capital assets reverts to the City at the end of the lease terms. Since the leases are in essence financing arrangements, the costs of the capital assets and the amounts of the lease terms have been included in the City's financial statements.

2011 Fire Apparatus Lease Financing Payable – On October 19, 2011, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,750,000 with Oshkosh Capital to acquire two fire apparatus vehicles. The City agreed to pay the lease starting on October 19, 2012, with annual payments of \$147,127, which includes an interest rate of 3.05%, for fifteen years. Balance of the lease as of June 30, 2024, was \$415,752.

2012 Fire Truck Lease Financing Payable – On September 26, 2012, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,965,726 with Oshkosh Capital to acquire two fire apparatus vehicles. The City agreed to pay the lease starting on September 26, 2013, with annual payments of \$162,546, which includes an interest rate of 2.82%, for fifteen years. Balance of the lease as of June 30, 2024, was \$606,785.



Note 6 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2014 Fire Apparatus Lease Financing Payable – On July 1, 2014, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$673,799 with Oshkosh Capital to acquire one fire apparatus vehicle. The City agreed to pay the lease starting on August 5, 2015, with annual payments of \$66,926, which includes an interest rate of 2.81% for ten years. Balance of the lease as of June 30, 2024, was \$190,001.

2022 Fire Truck Lease Financing Payable - On May 6, 2022, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,865,551 with JPMorgan Chase Bank to acquire a fire truck. The City agreed to pay the lease starting on July 30, 2022, with initial payment of \$173,000, then annual payments of \$213,378, which includes an interest rate of 2.469%, for ten years. Balance of the lease as of June 30, 2024, was \$1,531,974.

2022 Fire Boat Lease Financing Payable - On September 8, 2022, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,202,347 with JPMorgan Chase Bank to acquire a fire boat. The City agreed to pay the lease starting on September 15, 2023, with annual payments of \$262,913, which includes an interest rate of 3.05%, for five years. Balance of the lease as of June 30, 2024, was \$976,106.

	A	2011 Fire Apparatus	2012 Fire Trucks		2014 Fire Apparatus		Fi	2022 re Truck ^(A)	2022 Fire Boat ^(A)		
Equipment	\$	1,750,000	\$	1,750,791	\$	673,799	\$	1,865,551	\$	1,202,347	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,487,500)		(965,591)		(668,184)					
Book Value	\$	262,500	\$	785,200	\$	5,615	\$	1,865,551	\$	1,202,347	

The leased equipment had book values at June 30, 2024 as follows:

(A) Both the 2022 Fire Truck and 2022 Fire Boat are accounted for under prepaid assets as of June 30, 2024. The vehicles are currently under fabrication.

HUD Section 108 Loan Refinance Series 2019-A – The City issued HUD Section Loan Refinancing Bonds of \$4,906,000 on January 24, 2019 to refinance the outstanding portion of the City's HUD Section 108 Loan, maturing on 08/01/2026, and 08/01/2027 and also to pay the costs of issuance of the Refinancing Loan. Principal payments are payable annually on August 1, and semi-annual interest payments are payable on February 1st and August 1st of each fiscal year. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 is \$2,422,000.

IBank Loan – On June 1, 2015, the City entered into an agreement to borrow \$3,000,000 from the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank. Loan proceeds were received in Fiscal Year 2015-16 and will be used to finance construction of a new fire station. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually on February 1st and August 1st through 2034. The loan bears interest of 2.287%. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 is \$1,975,777.



Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Alameda County EMS Liability – From 2005 to 2010, the County of Alameda provided Emergency Medical Services, First Responder Advanced Life Support, and Ambulance Transport Services to the City of Alameda. During this time, the City incurred an obligation of \$3,621,887 to the County. On November 1, 2011, the County of Alameda and the City of Alameda entered into an agreement to repay this obligation using First Responder Advanced Life Support funding until the debt is fully repaid. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding balance is \$829,170.

D. Business-Type Activities Debt

Revenue Bonds

Sewer Revenue Bonds 2012 Series A – On October 3, 2012, the City of Alameda Financing Authority issued Sewer Revenue Bonds 2012 Series A, in the original principal amount of \$14,715,000, to repay the 1995 Sewer System Refinancing and Improvement Certificates of Participation and to finance improvements to the City's municipal sewer system. The Bonds bear interest between 2% and 4%, which are payable semi-annually in February and August. Principal payments of the Bonds commenced on August 1, 2013.

The pledge of sublease revenues ends upon repayment of the \$10,990,000 in remaining principal on the Bonds, which is scheduled to occur in 2042. As disclosed in the bond indenture documents, pledged future revenues are expected to provide coverage over debt service of 1.25 during the life of the Bonds. For Fiscal Year 2024, net revenues amounted to \$10,612,609, which represented coverage of 13.85% over the \$766,169 in principal and interest debt service.

Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A/B (AMP Refinancing) – As described in an indenture agreement dated August 1, 2010, Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A/B were issued through Alameda Public Financing Authority on behalf of AMP to provide funds, together with certain other available monies, to 1) prepay the obligations of AMP for the Electric System Revenue Certificates of Participation Series 2000A, 2) prepay the obligations of AMP for the Taxable Electric System Revenue Certificates of Participation, Series 2000AT, 3) fund a deposit to the Common Reserve Account and 4) prepay the costs of issuance of the 2010 Bonds. Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A bear interest at 4.375% to 5.25 %, payable January 1 and July 1 of each year. The Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B bear interest at 1.829% to 6.517%, payable January 1 and July 1 of each year.

Principal on the Series 2010B Bonds is payable beginning July 1, 2011 and each succeeding July 1 until final maturity in 2027. Principal on the Series 2010A Bonds will be payable beginning July 1, 2027 and each succeeding July 1 until final maturity in 2030. The 2010 Bonds are subject to optional and mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity. The 2010 Bonds are special obligations payable solely from electric revenues, other amounts held in the bond funds and accounts established pursuant to the indenture, and amounts on deposit in the Common Reserve Account. The initial bookentry principal obligation for the Series 2010A and Series 2010B was \$8,700,000 and \$22,985,000, respectively.



Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

AMP does not have unused lines of credit for the year ended June 30, 2024.

AMP's outstanding revenue bonds (Series 2010A) and Taxable Revenue Bonds (Series 2010B) are secured solely by a pledge of net revenues of AMP. Both revenue bonds contain a rate covenant that AMP will at all times fix, prescribe and collect rates, fees and charges for the services and facilities of AMP during each fiscal year that will be at least sufficient to yield:

Adjusted Annual Revenues for such fiscal year at least equal to the sum of the following for such fiscal year:

- a. Operating and Maintenance Cost
- b. Adjusted Annual Debt Service
- c. All other payments required to meet any other obligations of AMP which are charges, liens and encumbrances upon or payable from the Electric System Revenue Fund, including all amounts owed to any issuer of a Qualified Reserve Fund Credit Instrument then in effect and deposited in the Common Reserve Account under the terms of such Qualified Reserve Fund Credit Instrument and all amounts owing under subordinate debt, and Adjusted Annual Net Revenues for such fiscal year equal to at least 110% of Adjusted Annual Debt Service for such fiscal year.

If any event of default shall occur, then, and in each and every such case during the continuance of such event of default, the trustee may, and shall at the written direction of the owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the bonds at the time outstanding, upon notice in writing to Alameda Municipal Power, declare the principal of all of the bonds then outstanding, and the interest accrued thereon, to be due and payable immediately, and upon any such declaration the same shall become and shall be immediately due and payable, anything in the indenture or in the bonds contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Note 7 - Special Assessment Debt Without City's Commitment

Special assessment districts in various parts of the City have issued debt to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within their boundaries. The City is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by the districts, but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of this debt. Therefore, this debt is not included in general long-term debt of the City. The outstanding balance of each of these issues as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Description	Maturity Date	Jı	une 30, 2024
Alameda Landing Community Facilities District No. 13-1	9/1/2046	\$	15,100,000
Alameda Landing Community Facilities District No. 13-1			
(2021 Special Tax Subordinate Bonds)	9/1/2051		21,735,000
Alameda Marina Community Facilities District No. 22-1	9/1/2053		17,500,000
(2023 Special Tax Bonds)			



Note 8 – Net Position and Fund Balances

Net Position is measured on the full accrual basis, while Fund Balance is measured on the modified accrual basis.

A. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows over all its liabilities and deferred inflows, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined at proprietary fund and the Government-wide level and are described below.

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and funds restricted for low and moderate housing purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

B. Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The City's fund balances are classified in accordance with spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendables represents balances set aside to indicate items that do not represent available, spendable resources, even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as permanent funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment, are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action (through a resolution) of the City Council, which may be altered only by formal action of the City Council. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to Council commitments are included along with spendable resources.



Note 8 – Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Manager or their designee as authorized by an adopted City Council resolution and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or its designee. This category includes encumbrances; Nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed through a Council resolution. The City Council has designated the City Manager or their designee to determine the amount of assigned fund balances.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

Detailed classifications of the City's Fund Balances, as of June 30, 2024, are below:

Note 8 - Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

Classifications	_	General Fund	Base Reuse Special Revenue		Grants Special Projects	Ir	Capital nprovement Projects Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable:											
Prepaids and deposits	\$	3,071,368	\$	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	3,071,368
Advances		560,446									560,446
Total Nonspendable		3,631,814									3,631,814
Restricted for:											
Commercial revitalization									3,443,733		3,443,733
Storm drainage system									1,740,495		1,740,495
Development activities			43,250,172						15,777,792		59,027,964
Streets and roads									19,094,822		19,094,822
Affordable housing									2,449,119		2,449,119
Public safety					1,845,275				93,777		1,939,052
Waste reduction									5,305,789		5,305,789
Assessment district									16,823,369		16,823,369
Tidelands									3,186,100		3,186,100
Transportation									3,395,363		3,395,363
Debt service									17,069,642		17,069,642
Total Restricted	_		43,250,172	_	1,845,275	_		_	88,380,001		133,475,448
Committed to:											
Capital projects									486,471		486,471
Development activities									1,115,119		1,115,119
Community development									71,507		71,507
Culture and recreation		7 500 000									
		7,500,000							1,520,597		9,020,597
Library operations									5,766,906		5,766,906
Parking meter/garage		7 500 000							1,367,787		1,367,787
Total Committed		7,500,000							10,328,387		17,828,387
Assigned:											
General government		2,359,719									2,359,719
Streets and sidewalks		5,651,415									5,651,415
Recreation and parks		16,283,756									16,283,756
Economic uncertainty		10,915,238									10,915,238
Projected use of fund balance in subsequent years		9,625,813									9,625,813
Long-term obligations											
Contribution per pension/OPEB		5 202 540									5 202 540
policy		5,203,549									5,203,549
Total Assigned		50,039,490									50,039,490
Unassigned:											
Reserve policy		27,660,951									27,660,951
Residual fund balance in excess of policy or fund balance											
deficits		24,784,937					(7,285,724)				17,499,213
Total Unassigned		52,445,888					(7,285,724)				45,160,164
Total Fund Balances	\$	113,617,192	\$ 43,250,172	\$	1,845,275	\$	(7,285,724)	\$	98,708,388	\$2	250,135,303



Note 8 – Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

C. Fund Deficits

The Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund had deficit net position in the amount of \$31,648,165 at June 30, 2024. Future revenues and repayment of long-term debt are expected to offset this deficit.

As of June 30, 2024, the Capital Improvement Projects Fund has deficit net position of \$7,285,724. The majority of the deficit in net position is due to \$3,904,425 in unavailable revenue related to grant reimbursement revenues earned but not yet received within sixty days after year end. This deficit will be eliminated once payment is received. The remaining portion of the deficit is due to overspent Capital Improvement Projects. Future General Fund or Special Revenue Fund allocations are expected to offset this deficit.

Note 9 – Pension Plans

A. General Information About the CalPERS Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multipleemployer defined benefit pension plans administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website (www.CalPERS.ca.gov).

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non- duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.



The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024 are summarized below:

	Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or After	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age (range)	50 - 67+	52 - 67+	
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	1.426% - 2.418%	1.000% - 2.500%	
Required employee contribution rates	8.868 %	8.750 %	
Required employer contribution rates	9.180 %	11.050 %	
Required UAL contribution	\$7,091,	,251	

	Safet	ty
	Prior to	On or After
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age (range)	50 - 55+	50 - 57+
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	3.000 %	2.000% - 2.700%
Required employee contribution rates	15.000 %	12.250 %
Required employer contribution rates	15.820 %	21.820 %
Required UAL contribution	\$13,471	,605

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2018, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plans as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability (UAL). The dollar amounts are billed on an annual basis. The City's required contributions for the unfunded liability in the miscellaneous and safety plans for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$7,091,251 and \$13,471,605, respectively, which were made under the lump sum payment option.

Contributions – Section 20814(C) of the California Public Employees' Retirement law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1st following notice of a change in rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30th by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rates of employees. The employees pay a percentage of their salaries toward the City's required contribution. Employees within the miscellaneous plan pay 1.868% of the employer's contribution and employees within the safety plan pay 6.000% of the employer's contribution, which are reflected in the rates above. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended.



Total employer required contribution amounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were \$10,806,368 for the miscellaneous plan and \$17,624,512 for the safety plan.

Employees Covered – The following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 and measurement date of June 30, 2023:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	620	327
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	360	80
Active employees	335	181
Total	1,315	588

Net Pension Liability – The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each Plan is measured as of June 30, 2023, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the total pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities as of the June 30, 2023 measurement date were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:



	Miscellaneous	Safety
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:	Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method
Discount Rate	6.90 %	6.90 %
Inflation	2.50 %	2.50 %
Payroll Growth	2.75 %	2.75 %
Projected Salary Increase	(1)	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% ⁽²⁾	7.00% (2)
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership data for all funds (3)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership data for all funds ⁽³⁾
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	The lesser of contract COLA or 2.30% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.30% thereafter	The lesser of contract COLA or 2.30% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.30% thereafter

⁽¹⁾ Depending on age, service and type of employment

⁽²⁾ Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation

(3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 2001 to 2019, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website (www.CalPERS.ca.gov).

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for each Plan was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for each Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contributions rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, each Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members for all plans in PERF. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a building-block approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 basis points.



The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed Asset	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return ^(A,B)
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30 %	4.54 %
Global Equity - Non-Cap-weighted	12 %	3.84 %
Private Equity	13 %	7.28 %
Treasury	5 %	0.27 %
Mortgage-backed Securities	5 %	0.50 %
Investment Grade Corporates	10 %	1.56 %
High Yield	5 %	2.27 %
Emerging Market Debt	5 %	2.48 %
Private Debt	5 %	3.57 %
Real Assets	15 %	3.21 %
Leverage	(5)%	(0.59)%
Total	100 %	

^(A) An expected price inflation of 2.3% used for this period.

^(B) Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – The Changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan measured as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Changes of Assumptions – As of the June 30, 2022 valuation date (2023 measurement date), the accounting discount rate remained 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions.



Miscellaneous Plan:

			Inci	rease (Decrease)		
	T	Cotal Pension	Р	lan Fiduciary]	Net Pension
		Liability		Net Position	Li	ability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2022 Measurement Date	\$	339,552,886	\$	246,694,257	\$	92,858,629
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		6,346,371				6,346,371
Interest on the total pension liability		23,075,940				23,075,940
Changes of Benefit Terms		462,001				462,001
Differences between actual and expected experience		993,650				993,650
Changes of assumptions						
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement						
Contributions - employer				10,806,368		(10,806,368)
Contributions - employees				2,835,427		(2,835,427)
Net investment income				15,395,859		(15,395,859)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(19,495,611)		(19,495,611)		
Administrative expense				(181,407)		181,407
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)						
Net changes		11,382,351		9,360,636		2,021,715
Balance at June 30, 2023 Measurement Date	\$	350,935,237	\$	256,054,893	\$	94,880,344
			-		_	

<u>Safety Plan:</u>

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T	Total Pension	Р	lan Fiduciary		Net Pension
		Liability		Net Position	Li	ability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2022 Measurement Date	\$	543,536,969	\$	330,952,625	\$	212,584,344
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		8,183,968				8,183,968
Interest on the total pension liability		37,323,353				37,323,353
Changes of Benefit Terms		150,469				150,469
Differences between actual and expected experience		9,481,523				9,481,523
Changes of assumptions						
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement						
Contributions - employer				19,734,184		(19,734,184)
Contributions - employees				3,687,429		(3,687,429)
Net investment income				20,481,435		(20,481,435)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(32,685,563)		(32,685,563)		
Administrative expense				(243,367)		243,367
Other Miscellaneous Income/ (Expense)						
Net changes		22,453,750		10,974,118		11,479,632
Balance at June 30, 2023 Measurement Date	\$	565,990,719	\$	341,926,743	\$	224,063,976
Total of Miscellaneous and Safety Plans	\$	916,925,956	\$	597,981,636	\$	318,944,320



Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
1% Decrease	5.90%	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$137,708,338	\$298,366,060
Current Discount Rate	6.90%	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$94,880,344	\$224,063,976
1% Increase	7.90%	7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$59,238,523	\$163,109,212

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separate issued CalPERS financial reports.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension – For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$15,811,783 and \$31,570,997 for the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans, respectively, and when combined with the pension expense of the 1079 and 1082 Plans discussed in Note 9B below, the City recognized total pension expense of \$47,507,088 during the year ended June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous				
		erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	11,314,879	\$	_	
Changes in assumptions		1,384,423			
Differences between expected and actual experience		596,190		(300,543)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan					
investments		11,316,692			
Total	\$	24,612,184	\$	(300,543)	
	Def	Safety Deferred Outflows Deferred In			
		of Resources	DUN	Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	18,964,898	\$		
Changes in assumptions		8,920,635			
Differences between expected and actual experience		10,522,765			
Differences between expected and actual experience					
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan					
· ·		15,547,880			



City of Alameda Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 9 – Pension Plans (Continued)

	Total - Both Plans				
		erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	30,279,777	\$		
Changes in assumptions		10,305,058			
Differences between expected and actual experience		11,118,955	\$	(300,543)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		26,864,572			
Total	\$	78,568,362	\$	(300,543)	

The amounts of \$11,314,879 and \$18,964,898 for the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Annual Amortization						
Year Ended June 30	М	iscellaneous		Safety		Total	
2025	\$	3,380,881	\$	10,792,418	\$	14,173,299	
2026		1,194,079		9,015,519		10,209,598	
2027		8,140,316		14,118,234		22,258,550	
2028		281,486		1,065,109		1,346,595	
2029							
Total	\$	12,996,762	\$	34,991,280	\$	47,988,042	

Subsequent Events – As reported in the CalPERS GASB 68 Accounting report for the June 30, 2023 measurement date, during the time period between the valuation date and the publication of this report, price inflation has been higher than the assumed rate of 2.3% per annum. Since inflation influences cost of living adjustments for retirees and beneficiaries and active member pay increases, higher inflation is likely to put at least some upward pressure on the pension expense and the net position liability in future valuations. The actual impact of higher inflation on future valuation results will depend on, among other factors, how long higher inflation persists. At this time, we continue to believe the long-term price inflation assumption of 2.3% per annum is appropriate.



B. Police and Fire Pension Plans

The City sponsors and administers two single employer defined benefit retirement plans for certain police and fire department retirees. Police and fire employees who entered service before 1953 participate in Plan 1079, a closed plan consisting of 5 participants, all of whom are retired employees or beneficiaries. Employees with twenty-five or more years of service receive monthly pension benefits equal to one-half the monthly salary paid to current City employees of the rank held by the retiree one year prior to the date of retirement. Employees retired after ten, but before twenty-five years of service receive monthly pension benefits in the proportion that the number of service years bears to twenty-five. Qualified surviving spouses receive the retirees' monthly pension benefits for life. Upon remarriage, the qualified surviving spouse receives one-half of the retiree's monthly pension benefits. Employees who became disabled from service related causes receive monthly pension benefits equal to one half the monthly salary paid to current City employees of the rank held by the disabled employee on the date of their disability, reduced by any workers' compensation benefits received.

Police and fire employees who entered service on or before January 1, 1953 and did not transfer to CalPERS participate in Plan 1082, a closed plan which consists of one retired employee. At June 30, 2024, the monthly pension benefit was \$2,904, adjusted annually by a maximum of 2% per year cost-of-living adjustment. Upon the death of a retiree, the qualified spouse receives one-half of the retiree's monthly pension benefit for life or until remarriage.

Total Pension Liability – The City recognizes its total pension liability, rather than a net pension liability for each Plan. In order for the City to recognize a net pension liability, assets must be accumulated in a trust that meets all of the following criteria:

- Contributions from the employer and any nonemployer contributing entities, and earnings thereon, must be irrevocable.
- Plan assets must be dedicated to providing pensions to Plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- Plan assets must be legally protected from the creditors of the employer, nonemployer contributing entities, the Plan administrator, and Plan members.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the above criteria. Accordingly, the City's total pension liability for each Plan is not reduced by any assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria and the City must report its total pension liability for each Plan.

The City's total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024 (the measurement date). Changes in the City's total pension liability were as follows:



City of Alameda Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 9 – Pension Plans (Continued)

<u>1079 Plan:</u>

Total pension liability - June 30, 2023	\$ 2,233,122
Changes for the year	
Interest	77,504
Difference between expected and actual experience	38,033
Change of assumptions	(7,722)
Benefit payments	 (450,538)
Net increase (decrease) in total pension liability	(342,723)
Total pension liability - June 30, 2024	\$ 1,890,399
1082 Plan:	
<u>1002 Fun.</u>	
Total pension liability - June 30, 2023	\$ 637,302
Changes for the year	
Interest	23,934
Difference between expected and actual experience	77
Change of assumptions	(7,518)
Benefit payments	(34,502)
Net increase (decrease) in total pension liability	(18,009)
Total pension liability - June 30, 2024	\$ 619,293
Total of 1079 & 1082 Plans	\$ 2,509,692

Actuarial Assumptions – Actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability for each Plan in the June 30, 2024 valuation applied to all periods included in the measurement, are as follows:

N/A; all participants have retired
2.30%
3.97%
2.30%
Same as CalPERS

Discount Rate – A discount rate of 3.97% was applied in the measurement of the total pension liability. This discount rate is the average, rounded to 5 basis points, of the range of three 20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index, Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.

Change of Assumptions – For the measurement date of June 30, 2024, the discount rate increased from 3.86% to 3.97%.



Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability Calculated Using the Discount Rate – The following presents the total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.97% as well as what the total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate at June 30, 2024:

	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate					1% Increase		
Total pension liability:								
1079 Plan	\$	1,963,039	\$	1,890,399	\$	1,823,053		
1082 Plan		693,297		619,293		557,066		
Total both plans	\$	2,656,336	\$	2,509,692	\$	2,380,119		

Pension Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense for Plan 1079 and Plan 1082 of \$107,815 and \$16,493, respectively.

C. Other Retirement Systems

The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (OBRA) mandates that public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system as of January 1, 1992, be covered by either Social Security or an alternative plan. Effective January 1, 1995, the City contracted with the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), to maintain a defined contribution plan. This Plan covers part-time, seasonal and temporary employees as well as all employees not covered by another retirement system. All eligible employees, covered by the Plan, are fully vested. Employer liabilities are limited to the amount of current contributions. The City is responsible for determining the provisions of the Plan, directing distributions, and establishing investment policy for the Plan assets.

Under PARS, employees contribute 6% and the City contributes 1.5% of the employee's salary each pay period. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, total contributions of \$371,335 were made based on a total amount of covered compensation of \$4,951,133.

One of the City's part-time employees elected to be covered under Social Security, which requires this employee and the City to each contribute 6.2% of the employee's pay. Total contributions to Social Security during the year ended June 30, 2024, amounted to \$4,238, of which the City paid 50%.

D. Deferred Compensation Plans

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under three separate, optional City sponsored Deferred Compensation Plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under these Plans, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the Plans.

The Plans are part of public agency agent multiple-employer defined contribution plans that are administered by Mission Square Retirement (formerly ICMA RC), California Public Employees Retirement System and Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by City resolution.



The City has no liability for any losses incurred by the Plans and does not participate in any gains, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The City has contracts with each company to manage and invest the assets of the Plans. The administrators pool the assets of each Plan with those of other participants and do not make separate investments for the City. The assets in each Plan are the sole property of the participants or their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under each Plan are not the City's property and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the City, they have been excluded from these financial statements. The Plans require investments to be stated at fair value and it requires all gains and losses on Plan investments to accrue directly to participant accounts.

Employer contributions to the Plans are based on an employee's bargaining unit. Employees classified as part of the following bargaining unit(s) receive 1% of City's contribution if the employee contributes at least 0.5% of the employee's base salary:

• Police Officers Non-Sworn (PANS)

Employees classified as part of the following bargaining unit(s) receive one dollar for every 0.50 that the employee contributes, up to an employee contribution of one half of one percent (0.5%) of the employee's base wage:

- Alameda Municipal Power Unrepresented Management (AMPU)
- Executive Management Employees (EXME)
- Electric Utility Professionals of Alameda (EUPA)

Employees classified as part of the following bargaining unit(s) receive one dollar of the City's contribution for every one dollar that the employee contributes, up to an employee contribution of one percent (1.0%) of the employee's base wage:

- Management and Confidential Employees Association (MCEA)
- International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local 1245 (IBEW)

The employee must also meet the following criteria:

- 1. The employee has at least one year of full-time service with the City. The one year of service must be current service, any separation from service with the City will restart the one year requirement.
- 2. The employee must be enrolled in one of the City's three Deferred Compensation Plans.

In addition to the employees in the groups listed above, the Council Appointees, the City Manager and City Attorney, receive contributions to their Deferred Compensation Plan accounts based on the contract between the City and the individual filling the Council Appointee positions.

Employer contributions to the three Plans for the year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$193,179.



Note 10 – Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

A. General Information about the City's Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

Plan Description – The City provides medical and dental benefits to retirees through CalPERS as specified below under the City of Alameda Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety OPEB Plan and the City of Alameda Post-1/1/2019 Safety OPEB Plan, agent multiple-employer defined benefit health care plans. The City is responsible for establishing and amending the funding policy of the Plans. The Plans do not issue financial statements. Separately issued financial statements of the benefit Plans are available from CALPERS at P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento California 94229-2709.

Prior to July 1, 2018, the City had one OPEB Plan, but active Safety employees as of January 1, 2019 transferred to the new Post-1/1/2019 Safety OPEB Plan.

The City established an irrevocable trust for each Plan with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) to fund its retiree health benefits. On March 1, 2014, the City adopted the Public Agencies Post-Employment Benefits Trust (PARS) to prefund other post-employment benefits (OPEB). The Trust is an irrevocable trust and qualifies as an Internal Revenue Section 115 trust. Investments of funds held in Trust are governed by the Investment Guideline Document for the investment account and by the agreement for administrative services with PARS, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The City elected a discretionary investment approach, which allows the City to maintain oversight of the investment management, control on target yield and the portfolio's risk tolerance, under the Moderate Index PLUS and Balanced Index PLUS investment options. Contributions to the trusts are made annually according to the City's OPEB funding policy.

The City is the Plan administrator, while PARS administers the investment trusts. The City's OPEB Plans do not issue separate financial statements. PARS issues a separate annual financial report and copies of the report may be obtained by writing to PARS at 4350 Von Karman Ave., Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660.

Eligibility Requirements and Benefits Provided – The following is a summary of Plan eligibility requirements and benefits by employee group as of June 30, 2024:

Eligibility requires retiring from the City under CalPERS typically on or after age 50 (52 for PEPRA employees) with at least 5 years of CalPERS service or disability retirement.

The City's contribution for medical coverage for Miscellaneous employees is the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) minimum required contribution (MRC) - \$157 per month in 2024.

The City's contribution for Safety employees varies depending on bargaining group, date of retirement and date of hire as follows:

Employees Retiring Prior to January 1, 2011

The City pays the full premium cost for the retiree and any covered spouse. If Alameda Police Officers Association (APOA) employee was hired prior to July 1, 1995, the employee was required to have at least 15 years of City service. If APOA, Alameda Police Management Association (APMA), International Association of Firefighters Local 689 (IAFF), or Alameda Fire Chiefs Association (AFCA) employee was hired on or after July 1, 1995, the employee was required to have at least 20 years of City service. Employees that do not meet the service requirement at the time of retirement receive the PEMHCA MRC.



Employees Retiring On or After January 1, 2011

If the employee was hired on or prior to June 7, 2011, the City pays up to the higher of the Kaiser or Blue Shield Bay Area two-party rate. Employees with less than 5 years of City service receive the PEMHCA MRC. If the employee was hired after June 7, 2011, the City pays up to the higher of the Kaiser or Blue Shield rate for single coverage if the employee has at least 10 years of City service. Employees with less than 10 years of City service at the time of retirement receive the PEMHCA MRC. Surviving spouses are eligible to continue coverage after the death of the retiree and receive a similar contribution.

Dental Benefits - Full dental benefits are provided to Safety employees including spouse coverage.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – Membership in the Plans consisted of the following at the actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022:

Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan Membership – As described in the table in Note 10A, Plan membership varies based on different employee bargaining groups. As of the June 30, 2022 valuation date, membership in the OPEB Plan consisted of the following:

Active employees	336
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	372
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	200
Total	908

Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan Membership – As of the June 30, 2022 valuation date, membership in the Post-2018 Safety OPEB Plan consisted of the following:

Active employees	180
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	43
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	5
Total	228

B. Net OPEB Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The total OPEB liability for each Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using standard update procedures.



The Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	Actuarial Assumptions
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	5.55% in 2023 and 5.07% in 2024
Inflation	2.30 %
Payroll Growth	2.80%, plus merit increases
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 %
Mortality Rate	CalPERS 2014 experience study for the CalPERS pension plan projected fully generational Scale MP-2014 modified to converge to ultimate rates in 2022
Healthcare Trend Rates	6.4%, trending down to 3.73%
Dental Trend Rate	3.0% in Fiscal Year 2023-24, followed by 3.0% in subsequent fiscal years

The Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	Actuarial Assumptions
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.5% in 2023 and 6.5% in 2024
Inflation	2.30 %
Payroll Growth	2.80%, plus merit increases
Investment Rate of Return	6.50 %
Mortality Rate	CalPERS 2014 experience study for the CalPERS pension plan projected fully generational Scale MP-2014 modified to converge to ultimate rates in 2022
Healthcare Trend Rates	6.4%, trending down to 3.73%
Dental Trend Rate	3.0% in Fiscal Year 2023-24, followed by 3.0% in subsequent fiscal years

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:



Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Moderate Plus		
Equity	48.0 %	5.14 %
Fixed Income	45.0 %	2.36 %
Real Estate	2.0 %	3.79 %
Cash	5.0 %	0.77 %
Total	100.0 %	

Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan

Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
58.0 %	5.14 %
35.0 %	2.36 %
2.0 %	3.79 %
5.0 %	0.77 %
100.0 %	
	58.0 % 35.0 % 2.0 % 5.0 %

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.07% for the Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan and 6.5% for the Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan, based on a blended rate of asset expected rates of return using the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions – The assumptions for both Plans changed from the measurement date June 30, 2023 to the measurement date June 30, 2024 as follows:

- The discount rate was updated to reflect the results of the crossover test
 - Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan decreased from 5.55% to 5.07%.
- Dental increased from 0.0% in 2023 to 3.0% in 2024, followed by 3.0% for all subsequent years.



C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T	Cotal OPEB Liability (A)		an Fiduciary let Position (B)		Net OPEB ability/(Asset) (A) - (B)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	48,904,774	\$	4,915,851	\$	43,988,923
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		423,344				423,344
Interest on the total OPEB liability		2,632,367				2,632,367
Changes of benefit terms						
Changes of assumptions		2,388,356				2,388,356
Differences between expected and actual experience		(40,955)				(40,955)
Contributions from the employer				3,796,175		(3,796,175)
Net investment income				499,361		(499,361)
Administrative expenses				(18,747)		18,747
Benefit payments		(3,796,175)		(3,796,175)		
Net changes		1,606,937		480,614		1,126,323
Balance at June 30, 2024 (Measurement Date)	\$	50,511,711	\$	5,396,465	\$	45,115,246

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan is as follows:

Increase (Decrease)						
Total OPEB Liability (A)		v		Net OPEB Liability/ (Asset) (A) - (B)		
37,796,921	\$	16,311,991	\$	21,484,930		
1,243,839				1,243,839		
2,483,497				2,483,497		
		518,788		(518,788)		
400 210				400,219		
400,219		1 016 236		(1,916,236)		
		· · · ·		(1,910,230) (1,961,301)		
		(63,730)		63,730		
(1,666,236)		(1,666,236)				
2,461,319		2,666,359		(205,040)		
40,258,240	\$	18,978,350	\$	21,279,890		
90,769,951	\$	24,374,815	\$	66,395,136		
	otal OPEB Liability (A) 37,796,921 1,243,839 2,483,497 400,219 (1,666,236) 2,461,319 40,258,240	Ottal OPEB Pla Liability N (A) 37,796,921 37,796,921 \$ 1,243,839 2,483,497 400,219 (1,666,236) 2,461,319 40,258,240	Ottal OPEB Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (A) (B) 37,796,921 \$ 16,311,991 1,243,839 2,483,497 2,483,497 518,788 400,219 1,916,236 1,966,236) (1,666,236) 2,461,319 2,666,359 40,258,240 \$ 18,978,350	Plan Fiduciary Plan Fiduciary Liability Plan Fiduciary (A) (B) 37,796,921 \$ 16,311,991 1,243,839 2,483,497 2,483,497 518,788 400,219 1,916,236 1,961,301 (63,730) (1,666,236) (1,666,236) 2,461,319 2,666,359 40,258,240 \$ 18,978,350		



Fiscal Year 2024 contributions for each Plan were comprised of the following:

	P	iscellaneous and re-1/1/2019 afety Plan	 ost-1/1/2019 afety Plan
Premium Payments	\$	2,986,567	\$ 1,740,124
Prefunding Contributions			250,000
Implicit Subsidies		809,608	176,112
Total Contributions	\$	3,796,175	\$ 2,166,236

D. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan:

	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
Discount Rate -1% (4.07%)			Current Discount Rate (5.07%)	Discount Rate +1% (6.07%)			
\$	50,834,767	\$	45,115,246	\$	40,357,525		

Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan:

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
	Discount Rate -1%		Discount Rate +1%			
	(5.50%) (6.50%)		(6.50%)		(7.50%)	
\$	26,850,760	\$	21,279,890	\$	16,701,686	



The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan:

	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
1% DecreaseCurrent Rate1% Increase							
	(5.50% HMO/5.50% PPO)		(6.50% HMO/6.50% PPO)	(7.50% HMO/7.50% PPO)			
\$	39,427,754	\$	45,115,246	\$	51,929,164		

Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan:

	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
1% DecreaseCurrent Rate1% Increase							
	(5.50% HMO/5.50% PPO) (6.50% HMO/6.50% PPO)		(7.50% HMO/7.50% PPO)				
\$	15,477,282	\$	21,279,890	\$	28,573,695		



E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense for the Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan of \$2,622,363 and recognized OPEB expense for the Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan of \$172,354. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actuarial experiences on liability	\$ 1,050,188	\$ (5,750,309)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan		
investments	52,358	
Changes of assumptions	 2,678,499	 (9,882,266)
Total	\$ 3,781,045	\$ (15,632,575)

Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actuarial experiences on liability.	\$ 790,369	\$ (9,263,197)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan		
investments		(129,910)
Changes of assumptions	 5,245,081	 (16,022,497)
Total	\$ 6,035,450	\$ (25,415,604)
Total - Both Plans	\$ 9,816,495	\$ (41,048,179)



Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as part of OPEB expense as follows:

Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan:

Year Ended June 30	Annual Amortization		
2025	\$	(5,419,329)	
2026		(7,159,023)	
2027		461,629	
2028		265,193	
Tota	1 \$	(11,851,530)	

Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan:

Year Ended June 30	 Annual Amortization
2025	\$ (2,074,174)
2026	(1,679,810)
2027	(2,258,009)
2028	(2,194,853)
2029	(2,019,234)
Thereafter	 (9,154,074)
Total	\$ (19,380,154)

Note 11 – Risk Management

The City manages risk by participating in the public entity risk pools described below and by retaining certain risks.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized, and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements, including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the City's responsibility.



Note 11 – Risk Management (Continued)

A. Risk Coverage

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA), which covers general liability claims. The City has a self-insured retention that was increased from \$500,000 through June 30, 2022 to \$750,000 per claim effective July 1, 2022. Once the self-insured retention is met, CJPRMA becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the limit. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City contributed \$2,646,118 for coverage during the current year.

The City is a member of the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority (LAWCX), which covers workers' compensation claims up to statutory limits. The City has a self-insured retention of up to \$500,000 per claim. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City contributed \$840,837 for current year coverage. In addition, the LAWCX Board of Directors approved the \$250,000 Pool Deficit Curing and Assessment Plan (Plan) on June 5, 2018. The Plan was implemented to collect additional contributions for prior program years from 1994 through 2004, and only impacted members who participated in those years. The assessments were billed on July 1, 2019. Members had two payment options: 1) pay the allocated assessment amount in ten (10) equal annual installments beginning July 1, 2019, or 2) receive a 10% discount off the allocated assessment was \$452,731 and the City elected option one, with the first payment made in Fiscal Year 2020. The balance due as of June 30, 2024 is \$226,366.

The following types of loss risks are covered by the above authorities under the terms of their respective joint powers agreements and through commercial insurance policies as follows:

Type of Coverage	Coverage Limits			
Liability	\$	40,000,000		
Pollution	\$	5,000,000		
Auto - Physical damage	\$	10,000,000		
Workers' Compensation	S	Statutory Limits		
Property Coverage - All Risk of Direct Physical Loss or				
Damage excluding earthquake and flood	\$	400,000,000		
Property Coverage - Boiler & Machinery	\$	100,000,000		
Computer Software		Self-Insured		
Information Security and Privacy, with Electronic Media				
Liability (Cyber)	\$	5,000,000		
Terrorism	\$	12,500,000		
Aircraft Policy - Drones	\$	5,000,000		
Deadly Weapon Response Program	\$	500,000		

B. Insurance Internal Service Funds

Generally accepted accounting principles require municipalities to record a liability for uninsured claims and to reflect the current portion of this liability as an expense in the financial statements. As discussed above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the self-insured retention, or uninsured portion of these claims.



Note 11 - Risk Management (Continued)

The City's liability for uninsured general liability claims, including claims incurred but not reported, is reported in the City's General Liability Insurance Internal Service Fund and the Alameda Municipal Power Enterprise Fund. The liability is based on an independent actuarial study prepared semi-annually and was computed using an 80% confidence level for the years ended June 30th as follows:

	June 30, 2024		Ju	ine 30, 2023
Beginning balance	\$	7,860,701	\$	9,497,864
Increase (decrease) in estimated liability for prior year claims		2,320,700		(1,462,369)
Claims paid in current year		(498,036)		(174,794)
Ending balance	\$	9,683,365	\$	7,860,701
Current portion	\$	4,492,834	\$	2,891,972

The change in the Workers' Compensation claims liability, including claims incurred but not reported, is reported in the City's Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund and Alameda Municipal Power Enterprise Fund. The liability is based on an independent actuarial study prepared semi-annually and was computed using an 80% confidence level as follows:

	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2023	
Beginning balance	\$	14,466,619	\$	14,065,092	
Increase (decrease) in estimated liability for prior year claims		1,701,502		2,791,489	
Claims paid in current year		(2,127,030)		(2,389,962)	
Ending balance	\$	14,041,091	\$	14,466,619	
Current portion	\$	4,221,724	\$	4,156,190	

The Alameda Municipal Power Fund (AMP) accounts for \$1,028,381 of the total claims liability. The remainder of the liability is accounted for in the General Liability Insurance and Workers' Compensation Insurance Internal Service Funds.

The City's claims settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Note 12 – Alameda Municipal Power Joint Ventures

A. General

AMP participates in joint ventures through Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs) established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these JPAs exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreement, including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Obligations and liabilities of the JPAs are not those of AMP and the other participating entities unless assumed by them.

Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of representatives from each member agency. Each board controls the operations of its respective JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member agencies beyond their representation on the board.



City of Alameda Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 12 – Alameda Municipal Power Joint Ventures (Continued)

AMP is a member of the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), a joint powers agency which operates under a joint powers agreement among fifteen (15) public agencies (AMP, BART, Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Ukiah, Lodi, Port of Oakland, Redding, Roseville, Shasta Lake, Silicon Valley Power, Truckee-Donner PUD). Turlock Irrigation District withdrew from NCPA on April 1, 2011. The City of Shasta Lake was added as a new member in 2016. The purpose of NCPA is to use the combined strength of its members to purchase, generate, sell and interchange electric energy and capacity through the acquisition and use of electrical generation and transmission facilities, as well as to optimize the use of those facilities and the member's position in the industry. Each agency member has agreed to fund a pro rata share of certain assessments by NCPA and certain members have entered into take-or-pay power supply contracts with NCPA. While NCPA is governed by its members, none of its obligations are those of its members unless expressly assumed by them.

Amounts paid by AMP, net of refunds, to NCPA during the fiscal years ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 for purchased power were \$35,696,806 and \$35,447,367, respectively. Additionally, purchased power was reduced by a refund of \$503,269 and \$788,256 for power exchange distribution and budget settlement monies returned to the NCPA General Operating Reserve (GOR), for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

AMP receives no income from NCPA, and does not participate in all of its projects. Further, NCPA does not measure or determine AMP's equity in NCPA as a whole. NCPA reports only AMP's share of its General Operating Reserve, comprised of cash and investments, and AMP's share of those projects in which AMP is a participant. These amounts are reflected in the financial statements as Investment in Joint Venture - Share of Certain NCPA Projects and Reserve.

The changes in AMP's share in NCPA projects and reserve are set forth below:

	June 30, 2024		
Beginning balance	\$	6,231,541	
Increase (decrease) in equity in NCPA projects		959,513	
Ending balance	\$	7,191,054	



AMP's interest in NCPA Projects and Reserve, as computed by NCPA, is set forth below:

General Operation Reserve	\$ 1,501,035
Share of Scheduling Coordination Balancing Account	2,767,348
Share of Congestion Revenue Rights (CRR)	435,483
Share of ISO EAL Deposit	1,712
Associated Member Services	119,458
Market Purchase Program (MPP) Security Deposit	12,694
Subtotal	4,837,730
Alameda Municipal Power's share of NCPA	
Power Projects:	
Geothermal Projects/Power Line	1,452,837
Calaveras Hydroelectric Project No. 1	590,136
Combustion Turbine Project No. 1	162,797
Combustion Turbine Project No. 2	147,554
Total	\$ 7,191,054

The General Operating Reserve represents AMP's portion of funds which resulted from the settlement in prior years of issues with financial consequences and reconciliations of several prior years' budgets for programs. These funds are available on demand and earn interest.

Members of NCPA may participate in an individual project of NCPA without obligation for any other project. Member assessments collected for one project may not be used to finance other projects of NCPA without the member's permission.

B. Projects in which Alameda Municipal Power is a Participant

Geothermal Projects - A power purchase agreement with NCPA obligates AMP for 18.31469 percent of the debt service and the operating costs for two geothermal steam powered generating plants, Plant Number 1 and Plant Number 2, located in the Geysers area in Northern California. In conjunction with these payments, AMP is entitled to receive 16.8825 percent of the output from these facilities. NCPA continues to pursue alternatives for improving and extending steam field reservoir performance, including supplemental water reinjection, plant equipment modifications, and changes in operating methodology. NCPA has increased steam production in the vicinity of reinjection wells and has evaluated a number of alternatives to increase water reinjection at strategic locations.

Calaveras Hydroelectric Project - NCPA contracted to finance, manage, construct, and operate Hydroelectric Project Number 1 for the licensed owner, Calaveras County Water District. In exchange, NCPA has the right to the electric output of the project for 50 years starting in February 1982 and also has an option to purchase power from the project in excess of the District's requirements for the subsequent 50 years, subject to regulatory approval. Debt service payments to NCPA began in February 1990 when the project was declared substantially complete and power was delivered to the participants. AMP is entitled to receive 10.0 percent of output from facility. The debt obligation increased to 11.582 percent as other members have opted out and a reallocation was done for the remaining members.



Combustion Turbine Project No. 1 - In October 1984, NCPA financed a five-unit, 125-megawatt combustion turbine project. The project, built in three member cities including Alameda, began full commercial operation in June 1986 and provides reserve and peaking power. During August 2010, phase two of the first amendment to the NCPA power purchase agreement finalized the transfer of ownership of two NCPA electricity generating units to the City of Roseville due to a misalignment of ISO control areas. The transfer reduced the generation output of the project to 74 MW, and increased the entitlement share to 21.82 percent. Although AMP's project percentage share increases, its resulting generating capacity entitlement remains constant at 16.05 MW.

Combustion Turbine Project No. 2 (Steam Injected Gas Turbine Project) - AMP is a participant in NCPA's 49.8 megawatt Steam Injected Gas Turbine (STIG) project which was built under turnkey contract near the City of Lodi and declared substantially complete on April 23, 1996. In 2010, the NCPA issued 2010 Refunding Series A Bonds for \$55,120,000 for the purpose of providing funds to refund all of the Refunded 1999 Bonds, to fund a deposit to the 2010 Series debt service reserve account and to pay cost of issuance of the 2010 Series A Bonds. Under the NCPA power purchase agreement, AMP is obligated to pay 19 percent of the debt service for the STIG project.

On December 20, 2019, NCPA issued Capital Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2019 Refunding Series A, in the amount of \$20,450,000 with an average interest rate of 5.0% to refund \$25,450,000 of outstanding Capital Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2010 Refunding Series A with an average interest rate of 5.1249%. The net proceeds were used to purchase US government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. As a result, the old bonds are considered defeased. The outstanding 2010 Series A Bonds were called for redemption on February 1, 2020.

On April 2, 2019, NCPA issued Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2019 Refunding Series A, in the amount of \$39,250,000 with an average interest rate of 4.9126% to refund \$52,845,000 of outstanding Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2010 Refunding Series A with an average interest rate of 4.9003%. The net proceeds were used to purchase US government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. As a result, the old bonds are considered defeased.

AMP's participation in procurement of natural gas for fuel for existing and new combustion turbine units was approved in 1993. Although there is currently no additional debt financing, AMP and NCPA have committed to long-term payments for gas transmission pipeline capacity, and entered a purchase contract for natural gas. AMP is obligated to pay 19.0 percent.

NCPA's notes from direct placement contain provisions that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if (1) NCPA is unable to pay the principal or interest when due, (2) files bankruptcy or becomes insolvent, or (3) S&P issues a downgrade below "BBB-".

NCPA outstanding revenue bonds contain provisions that in the event of a participant default, the project entitlement percentage of each non-defaulting project participant will increase on a prorated basis up to a maximum of 25% for Hydroelectric, Geothermal and Capital Facilities projects and 35% for the Lodi Energy Center project. AMP does not participate in the Lodi Energy Center project but would be obligated under the other projects.



As of June 30, 2024, AMP's share of long-term debt for the Geothermal, Hydroelectric and Capital Facilities Projects are set forth below:

		Total					AMP		
Fii Mati		Balance June 30, 2023	ne 30, J		Balance June 30, Current 2024 Portion		AMP's Obligation % \$		
Geothermal Project									
2016A	7/1/2024	\$ 6,785,000	\$ _	\$ 3,360,000	\$ 3,425,000	\$ 3,425,000	16.8825 %	\$ 578,226	
Total Geothermal Project		6,785,000		3,360,000	3,425,000	3,425,000		578,226	
Hydroelectric Project									
2012A&B	7/1/2032	7,120,000			7,120,000	7,120,000	10.0000 %	712,000	
2018A&B ^(A)	7/1/2025	26,100,000		11,855,000	14,245,000	14,245,000	11.5821 %	1,649,870	
2019A	7/1/2023	13,650,000		13,650,000			10.0000 %		
2022A	7/1/2032	120,300,000			120,300,000	3,260,000	10.0000 %	12,030,000	
2022B	7/1/2027	9,830,000		1,770,000	8,060,000	2,795,000	10.0000 %	806,000	
Unamortized premium		26,500,744		2,108,611	24,392,133		10.0000 %		
Total Hydroelectric Project		203,500,744		29,383,611	174,117,133	27,420,000		15,197,870	
Capital Facilities (STIG)									
2019A	7/1/2025	9,430,000		4,615,000	4,815,000	4,815,000	19.0000 %	914,850	
Unamortized premium		471,729		309,162	162,567		19.0000 %		
Total Capital Facilities		9,901,729		4,924,162	4,977,567	4,815,000		914,850	
Total Long-Term Debt		\$220,187,473	\$	\$37,667,773	\$182,519,700	\$35,660,000		\$16,690,946	

NCPA Geothermal (2009A & 2016A) and Hydroelectric bonds pay principal July 1. Geothermal 2012A bonds pay principal both January 1 and July 1.

^(A) AMP's share is 10%, the above reflects the other member opt out allocation %. NCPA Capital Facilities bonds pay principal August 1.

Defeased Debt - Various bond refundings were undertaken to defease debt and realize future debt service savings. Debt was defeased by using the proceeds of the refunding issues and other available monies to irrevocably place in trust cash and US Gov't securities, which together with interest earned thereon, will be sufficient to pay both the interest and the appropriate maturity or redemption value of the refunded bonds as required.

Graeagle Hydroelectric Project - AMP's participation in this small hydroelectric project was approved in 1993. Although this project does not involve any financing, it does involve a long-term contractual commitment to purchase the power produced by the project. AMP receives 100 percent of the power output from this small 440 kilowatt hydroelectric project.

Western Area Power Administration - AMP has an allocation of power from the Federal Central Valley Project generating resources contracted through the U.S. Department of Energy's Western Area Power Administration. This allocation has been temporarily assigned to NCPA for scheduling and delivery to AMP. AMP pays 1.08075 percent of the base resource costs and receives that same amount of the base resource, power generated in one federal fiscal year.



Other Power Purchase Agreements - AMP has also entered into a number of other power purchase agreements which are scheduled by or through NCPA.

Highwinds Project Power Purchase

In December 2004, AMP entered into a long-term power purchase agreement with PPM Energy, Inc. for power supplied by the Highwinds Project in Solano County, California. In 2008, Iberdrola Renewables succeeded PPM Energy as the seller counterparty for this power purchase agreement. AMP receives 6.17 percent of the output of the 162 megawatt project (nameplate rating) -10 megawatts – as delivered through June 30, 2028.

Landfill Gas Projects Power Purchase

Since 2004, AMP has entered into five long-term power purchase agreements for power supplied by multiple generating facilities, of which only four are still active. These facilities utilize combustible gaseous emissions from landfills, located in or near the San Francisco Bay area to create power. AMP began receiving nearly 3.45 megawatts of base-load power from each of the first two facilities in 2004 and early 2006. An additional 5.2 megawatts of base-load output was added to AMP's portfolio in April 2009 when the Ox Mountain facility commenced operation. An additional 1.9 megawatts of power was added to AMP's portfolio as the Keller Canyon facility commenced base-load operation in August 2009. The final landfill facility, Butte, commenced operation at the end of 2012.

Silicon Valley Power Renewable Power Purchase - Since 2018, AMP has entered into a long-term power purchase agreement with Silicon Valley Power for winter only, renewable power. Silicon Valley Power supplies AMP with 10MW of baseload renewable energy production from various renewable energy generators for the months of October through February.

California Electric Industry Restructuring - In September 1996, the California State legislature signed into law Assembly Bill 1890 (AB 1890) deregulating the electric power supply market and restructuring the electric power industry in California. While the majority of the legislation was directed at investor-owned utilities (IOUs), AMP and other California publicly owned utilities were greatly affected by the restructuring of markets and the ensuing wild fluctuations in prices that resulted from a deficiency in generating capacity and an immature and flawed market structure. Because AMP has its own generating resources and is not heavily dependent on the wholesale market to purchase power, it was not significantly impacted by these price swings.

In April 2008, the California Independent System Operator (CAISO) launched a new wholesale market structure in the state which is referred to as the Market Redesign and Technology Upgrade (MRTU).

While MRTU features a day-ahead energy market with a nodal locational marginal price calculation, both load and resources are currently priced as aggregated pricing. The MRTU initiative has introduced new risks and uncertainties for AMP because the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) continues requiring CAISO to implement a disaggregated market that will negatively affect AMP because it is in a transmission constrained location. To establish the extent of the risk and identify its impact to rates, AMP continues to monitor changes that CAISO makes to its market structure and operations.



NCPA plays an active role in protecting members' contractual rights in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC), and other legislative/regulatory proceedings. Priorities related to industry restructuring include the preservation of local control authority for publicly owned utilities, assuring open and fair access to wholesale markets and the transmission grid, and maintaining members' preference access to power from the Central Valley Project and Western Area Power Administration.

NCPA Financial Information - NCPA's financial statements can be obtained from NCPA, 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, California 95678.

Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC)

AMP is a member of a joint powers agreement with fifteen other entities in TANC. TANC's purpose is to provide electrical transmission or other facilities for the use of its members. While governed by its members, none of TANC's obligations are those of its members unless expressly assumed by them. The California-Oregon Transmission Project (COTP) is one of three high voltage transmission lines connecting Oregon and California. The 500 kV line is able to transmit 1,600 MW/h of electricity. The COTP participants include the Transmission Agency of Northern California, Western, PG&E, City of Redding, Carmichael Water District, and the San Juan Water District. Currently, the COTP provides a transmission path for resources that is outside of the CAISO balancing authority. According to the 1985 Project Agreement with TANC for the development of the COTP and subsequent related project agreements, AMP is obligated to pay its share of the project's costs, including debt service and is entitled to the use of a percentage of the project's transmission or transfer capacity.

AMP's entitlement share on COTP is 1.2274 percent and AMP is obligated to pay 1.33 percent of the project's operating costs.

AMP is obligated to pay 1.33 percent of TANC's debt-service related to the COTP. AMP's share on the 2009 Series A bonds is 1.4496 percent. AMP is not obligated for any portion of the 2009 Series B bonds.

These obligations provide AMP with a COTP transfer capability of 17.05 MW. AMP is also obligated to pay for a portion of the debt associated with the South of Tesla transmission which is provided under an agreement between TANC and Pacific Gas & Electric Company.

In May 2009, TANC issued \$67.0 million of tax-exempt 2009 Series A bonds and \$61.8 million of taxable 2009 Series B bonds. The proceeds of the Series A bonds were used to retire a bank loan that refinanced \$30.3 million of TANC's tax-exempt commercial paper and also to refund \$34.7 million of TANC's 2003 Series C Auction Rate Securities. The proceeds of the Series B bonds were used to retire a bank loan that refinanced \$56.3 million of TANC's taxable commercial paper. The 2009 refunding increased future aggregate debt service payments by \$19.3 million, but resulted in a total economic gain of \$6.5 million, the difference between present value of the old and new debt service payments. TANC has issued Revenue Bonds for \$435,790,000 and eliminated its obligations for the Tax Exempt Commercial Paper notes. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, AMP's share of this debt is \$0 and \$0, respectively.



Note 12 – Alameda Municipal Power Joint Ventures (Continued)

As of July 1, 2014, AMP and other NCPA members executed a multiparty Long-Term Layoff Agreement (the Agreement) that laid off their participating percentage share of the COTP to other TANC participants namely the Sacramento Municipal Utility District, the Turlock Irrigation District, and Modesto Irrigation District, for twenty-five (25) years with the option to extend for an additional five years upon all parties approval. During the layoff period AMP and other NCPA members will not pay any debt service or operating costs. During the term of the Agreement, AMP would relinquish its voting rights on all short- term decisions and actions at TANC related to the COTP.

In 2016, TANC issued \$173.9 million of tax-exempt 2016 Series A Revenue Refunding Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the certain outstanding bonds issued by TANC to finance or refinance a portion of the costs of the COTP, fund the costs of terminating in full certain interest rate swap agreements relating to the variable rate Refunded Bonds, fund a debt service reserve account for the 2016A bonds, and pay costs of the issuance of the 2016A Bonds. The 2016 Series A "small member" debt portion is \$2,517,565. AMP is obligated to pay \$52,301, or 2.104% of that debt.

TANC Financial Information - TANC's financial statements can be obtained from TANC, P.O. Box 15129, Sacramento, California 95851 or from their website at <u>https://www.tanc.us/about-tanc/financials/</u>.

Note 13 – Leases

A. Leases Receivable

The balances related to leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2024 were:

Leases Receivable (Lessor)		Leases Receivable	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Governmental Activities						
Facilities Rentals	\$	89,856,720	\$	85,641,224		
Communication Site Leases		3,062,790		2,957,211		
Tidelands		7,161,818		7,005,180		
Total	\$	100,081,328	\$	95,603,615		

Facilities Rentals – The City leases commercial space to third parties. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City had 27 leases at Alameda Point, one lease on Main Street, one lease on Park Street, two leases on Central Avenue, a theater, a golf complex and a preschool. These were all subject to being recorded as a lease receivable under generally accepted accounting principles. The original lease terms were from five years to sixty years. As of June 30, 2024, the 27 leases had 0.8 to 54 years remaining. Twenty-three of the leases had optional extension periods, ranging from 2.08 to 20 years. The City included extension periods that were reasonably certain to be exercised in the calculation of the lease receivable balances. The City recognized \$9,797,616 in lease revenue and \$3,241,870 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. Also, the City has deferred inflows of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.



Note 13 – Leases (Continued)

Communication Site Leases – The City leases five locations to third parties for the provisions of mobile/wireless communication services. As of June 30, 2024, the five leases had 2.25 to 25 years remaining. The City recognized \$265,160 in lease revenue and \$128,644 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. Also, the City has deferred inflows of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

Tidelands – The City leases seven tideland properties. Leases are for state tidelands properties delegated to local agencies for management and control. As of June 30, 2024, the seven leases had 5 to 55 years remaining. The City recognized \$685,501 in lease revenue and \$292,228 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. Also, the City has deferred inflows of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

B. Lease Payable

In March 2016, AMP entered into a property lease agreement with the 1835 Alameda Property, LLC for warehousing/distributing space. The lease terms for the agreement started on May 1, 2016 and will expire on April 30, 2031. The base rent is \$24,700 per month. The monthly lease payments are increased annually in the amount of 3% every May 1. AMP recorded an initial lease liability and intangible right-to-use asset in the amount of \$3,142,914, respectively, as of July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the lease liability was \$2,387,805 and the net value of the right-to-use asset was \$3,142,914, including accumulated amortization of \$958,855.

A summary of lease payable transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2024	Current Portion
Lease Liability 1835 Alameda Property, LLC	\$ 2,657,081	\$ (269.276)	\$ 2,387,805	\$ 287.969
1055 Alameda Floperty, LLC	\$ 2,057,001	\$ (207,270)	\$ 2,567,605	\$ 207,707

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 287,969	\$	67,718	\$	355,687	
2026	307,545		58,812		366,357	
2027	328,042		49,306		377,348	
2028	349,496		39,172		388,668	
2029	371,948		28,381		400,329	
2030-2031	742,805		21,696		764,501	
Total	\$ 2,387,805	\$	265,085	\$	2,652,890	



Note 14 – Subscription Liabilities

A. Introduction

The City has entered into a series of Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) to support various information and technology services for the City's operations. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City had ten SBITAs.

B. Summary of Subscription Liabilities

The following table provides a summary of the City's subscription liability transaction activities for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2023	 Additions	R	Retirements		Balance une 30, 2024	 Current Portion
Governmental Activities SBITAs:								
Open Cities	\$	42,152	\$ —	\$	19,910	\$	22,243	\$ 22,241
ARC GIS Pro		103,587			50,753		52,834	52,834
LaserFische		95,286			30,495		64,791	31,745
OpenGov		252,669			123,797		128,872	128,872
CentralSquare		104,694			34,739		69,955	37,344
RIMS		116,979			116,979			
Tyler Technologies		1,580,173			230,690		1,349,483	240,148
Gray Wall Software		105,563			24,822		80,741	25,840
Nth Generation		182,690			89,510		93,180	93,180
Microsoft 365			860,357		219,801		640,556	313,844
Truleo			156,669		11,577		145,093	30,051
Total SBITAs-Governmental Activities		2,583,792	1,017,027		953,072		2,647,748	976,099
Business-Type Activities SBITAs:								
CentralSquare		26,174			13,269		12,905	 6,224
Total SBITAs-Business-Type Activities:		26,174			13,269		12,905	 6,224
Total	\$	2,609,966	\$ 1,017,027	\$	966,342	\$	2,660,652	\$ 982,323

C. Details of SBITAs

This section provides detailed information on each of the City's ten SBITAs.

In May 2022, and amended in February 2023, the City entered into a three-year SBITA to develop a centralized database allowing the public to access meeting records, along with offering webcasting and agenda management services. This agreement includes a 7% increase per year during the renewal period. A subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$59,918 as of February 22, 2023. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$22,242. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$20,223 to \$23,153. The current year's principal and interest payment was \$21,639. The software has a three-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$26,475 and had accumulated amortization of \$33,443.



Note 14 – Subscription Liabilities (Continued)

In July 2022, the City entered into a three-year SBITA to cost-effectively deploy a Geographic Information System (GIS) into City operations and business processes. This provides essential GIS services and software to City departments and community members and allows web maps to be easily created and distributed to the public. A subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$152,341 as of July 25, 2022. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$52,834. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$55,000. The software has a three-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$47,879 and had accumulated amortization of \$104,462.

In October 2016, and amended in November 2021, the City entered into a ten-year SBITA to keep paper-based data safe, making it readily available, reducing storage costs and enhancing the ability to recover the information in the event of a disaster. A subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$124,580 as of July 1, 2022. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$64,792. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$34,402. The software has a 10-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current fiscal year was \$62,290 and had accumulated amortization of \$62,290.

In June 2019, and amended June 2020, the City entered into a six-year SBITA to support community engagement efforts and improve budgeting, performance, communications, reporting and open data. This agreement includes a 4% increase per year during the renewal period. A subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$371,590 as of July 1, 2022. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$128,872. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$134,156. The software has a six-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current fiscal year was \$116,785 and had accumulated amortization of \$254,804.

In November 2021, the City entered into a five-year SBITA to empower the Public Works Department to effectively oversee inventories, assess infrastructure conditions and streamline work order activities for public infrastructure. This agreement includes a 3% increase per year during the renewal period. A subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$168,516. as of July 1, 2022. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$90,340. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$44,558 to \$48,690. The current year's principal and interest payment was \$45,895. The software has a five-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current fiscal year was \$82,466 and had accumulated amortization of \$86,051.

In July 2019, the City entered into a seven-year SBITA to enhance efficiency and streamline operations by better integrating the City's core financials, human resources and payroll systems. The agreement offers a three-year extension option, but the vendor will increase services by 5% per year after the initial seven-year term. A subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,801,779 as of July 1, 2022. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$1,349,483. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$295,477 to \$310,251. The current year's principal and interest payment was \$295,477. The software has a ten-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current fiscal year was \$1,274,429 and had accumulated amortization of \$527,350.



Note 14 – Subscription Liabilities (Continued)

In April 2018, the City entered into a ten-year SBITA to enhance city preparedness and response by streamlining communication, coordinating resources, and ensuring real-time situational awareness during crises. A subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$129,407 as of July 1, 2022. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$80,741. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$29,150. The software has a ten-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current fiscal year was \$76,767 and had accumulated amortization of \$52,640.

In July 2022, the City entered into a three-year SBITA to launch a self-learning AI technology that detects novel attacks and insider threats at an early stage. A subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$268,674 as of July 14, 2022. As of June 30, 3024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$93,181. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$97,000. The software has a three-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current fiscal year was \$84,440 and had accumulated amortization of \$184,233.

In October 2023, the City entered into a three-year SBITA to enhance workplace efficiency with a cloud-based service offering a comprehensive suite of productivity, security, compliance, and collaboration tools. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$860,357 as of October 9, 2023. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$640,556. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$255,076 to \$340,107. The current year's principal and interest payment was \$255,076. The software has a three-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current fiscal year was \$666,083 and had accumulated amortization of \$194,274.

In January 2024, the City entered into a five-year SBITA to enhance transparency and accountability in law enforcement by analyzing body am footage using Artificial Intelligence to provide insights on officer behavior, communication patterns, and policy compliance. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$156,669 as of January 1, 2024. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the subscription liability was \$145,093. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$36,000. The software has a five-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current fiscal year was \$141,002 and had accumulated amortization of \$15,667.

D. Variable Payments

Support services were excluded from the measurement of subscription liabilities. Excluded from the LaserFische subscription were four years of support services at a cost of \$14,000 per year.

E. Future SBITA Commitments

One additional contract has been executed but commences after the reporting period. This contract is for the purchase of Accela permitting software. This software tracks plan reviews, handles zone variance requests and code enforcement, and is expected to improve citizen satisfaction. The contract runs from July 2024 through June 2027 with a total cost of \$516,833.



Note 14 – Subscription Liabilities (Continued)

F. Principal and Interest to Maturity

The future principal and interest subscription liability payments as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$ 976,099	\$ 108,864		\$	1,084,963
2026	700,547		68,844		769,391
2027	335,586		39,815		375,401
2028	320,195		26,056		346,251
2029	 315,323		12,928		328,251
Total	\$ 2,647,750	\$	256,508	\$	2,904,257

Business-Type Activities:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Total			
2025	\$	6,224	\$ 529	\$	6,753		
2026		6,681	 274		6,955		
Total	\$	12,905	\$ 803	\$	13,708		

Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

A. City of Alameda

The City participates in several Federal and State grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act amendments of 1996 and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits. However, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.



Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2024 are listed below:

	Amount				
Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	796,461			
Base Reuse Special Revenue		17,578			
Grants Special Revenue		23,780			
Capital Improvement Projects		323,573			
Total Major Governmental Funds		1,161,392			
Non-Major Governmental Funds:					
Special Revenue Funds					
Gas Tax		51,726			
Community Development		1,220			
Commercial Revitalization		22,099			
Community Development Block Grant		4,037			
Total Special Revenue Funds		79,082			
Capital Projects Funds					
Alameda Point		335,979			
Maintenance Assessment Districts		62,292			
Urban Runoff Storm Drain Fee		11,813			
Total Capital Projects Funds		410,084			
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		489,166			
Total Governmental Fund Encumbrances	\$	1,650,558			

B. RESHAP Construction Funding Advance

On September 5, 2023, The City agreed to advance a certain contractor an amount not-to-exceed \$9.5 million to construct infrastructure and prepare approximately 4 acres of the 8-acre RESHAP property for construction. The contractor is responsible to repay the \$9.5 million loan after they begin construction of the adjacent market rate West Midway project in accordance with the terms of the West Midway DDA (File #2023-3292 / Ordinance No. 3346). This loan of Alameda Point residual funds allows work to begin on the RESHAP property immediately. As of June 30, 2024, there have been no drawdowns against the loan.



Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

C. City of Alameda Municipal Power Fund

i) Take or Pay Agreements

Under the terms of its NCPA and TANC joint venture agreements, AMP is liable for a portion of the bonded indebtedness issued by these agencies under take-or-pay or similar agreements, as discussed in Note 12. AMP's estimated share of such debt outstanding at June 30, 2024 was \$16,690,946. Under certain circumstances, AMP may also be responsible for a portion of the costs of operating these entities. Under certain circumstances, such as default or bankruptcy of other participants, AMP may also be liable to pay a portion of the debt of these joint ventures on behalf of the other participants. These "step up" provisions are generally capped at a 25 percent increase.

Take-or-Pay commitments expire upon final maturity of outstanding debt for each project. Final fiscal year debt expirations are as follows:

		Entitlement					
Project	Debt Expiration	Share %	Debt service %				
NCPA - Geothermal Project (NGP)	July-2024	16.88250%	16.88251%				
NCPA - Calaveras Hydroelectric Project (NCHP)	July-2032	10.00000%	8.72853%				
NCPA - Capital Facilities Project (NCFP)	July-2026	19.00000%	18.37946%				

As discussed in Note 12, as of July 1, 2014, AMP and other NCPA members executed a multiparty Long-Term Layoff Agreement that laid off their participating percentage share of the COTP to other TANC participants.

A summary of AMP's "Take or Pay" contracts and related projects and its contingent liability for the debt service including principal and interest payments at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Fiscal Year	NGP		NCHP		NCFP			Total	
2025	\$	578,226	\$	2,972,092	\$	914,850	\$	4,465,168	
2026				1,332,261				1,332,261	
2027				1,638,369				1,638,369	
2028				1,459,667				1,459,667	
2029				1,498,500				1,498,500	
2030-2033				6,296,981				6,296,981	
Total	\$	578,226	\$	15,197,870	\$	914,850	\$	16,690,946	

Note 16 – Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities

A. Redevelopment Dissolution

In an effort to balance its budget, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.



Note 16 – Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities (Continued)

The suspension provisions prohibited all redevelopment agencies from a wide range of activities, including incurring new indebtedness or obligations, entering into or modifying agreements or contracts, acquiring or disposing of real property, taking actions to adopt or amend redevelopment plans and other similar actions, except action required by law or to carry out existing enforceable obligations, as defined in ABx1 26.

In addition, ABx1 26 and AB1484 direct the State Controller to review the activities of all redevelopment agencies and successor agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between the agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation purports to require the State Controller to order the asset returned to the redevelopment agency.

Effective January 31, 2012 the Community Improvement Commission (CIC) was dissolved. Certain assets of the CIC Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were distributed to a Housing Successor; and all remaining CIC assets and liabilities were distributed to a Successor Agency.

The City elected to become the Successor Agency and on February 1, 2012 the CIC's remaining assets were distributed to and liabilities were assumed by the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established. The activities of the Successor Agency were subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which was comprised of seven members, including the City Manager and one former CIC employee appointed by the Mayor. On July 1, 2018, the duties of the Alameda Oversight Board transferred to a new Alameda County-wide Consolidated Oversight Board, which will now be responsible for overseeing the wind down of affairs of all Successor Agencies in Alameda County, including the Successor Agency to the CIC.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former CIC.

Cash and investments of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2024 are discussed in Note 2. Information presented in the following footnotes represents other assets and liabilities of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2024.



Note 16 – Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities (Continued)

B. Long-Term Debt

The Successor Agency assumed long-term debt from the Redevelopment Agency consisted of the following:

Current Year Transaction and Balances

	B	alance June 30, 2023	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2024				Du	e within one year
2014 A SA CIC Tax Exempt Bonds	\$	23,495,000	\$ 	\$	23,495,000	\$			
Plus: Unamortized bond premium		1,937,706	(190,227)		1,747,479				
2014 B SA CIC Taxable Bonds		8,350,000	(2,305,000)		6,045,000		2,395,000		
2017 SA CIC Taxable Bonds		11,830,000	(325,000)		11,505,000		365,000		
Less: Unamortized bond discount		(135,528)	 7,452		(128,076)				
Total Bonds	\$	45,477,178	\$ (2,812,775)	\$	42,664,403	\$	2,760,000		

2014 Community Improvement Commission Tax Allocation Bonds

On December 23, 2014, the Successor Agency issued Series 2014 A Subordinated Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the principal amount of \$23,495,000 and Series 2014 B Subordinated Taxable Allocation Refunding Bonds in the principal amount of \$25,080,000, for a total original principal amount of \$48,575,000, for the former agency's merged improvement areas. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used to (a) refund certain outstanding bonds issued by the former Community Improvement Commission of the City of Alameda (Former Agency), the proceeds of which were used to finance redevelopment and low and moderate income housing activities within and for the benefit of the redevelopment project areas of the Former Agency, (b) purchase a municipal bond insurance policy in lieu of funding a debt service reserve account for the Bonds, and (c) provide for the costs of issuing the bonds. The Series 2014 A and B Bonds are secured by a first lien on tax revenues. Principal and interest are payable annually on September 1 through 2034. The interest rates on the bonds vary from 0.553% to 5.0% The bonds were issued at a \$3,565,319 premium. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 was \$31,287,479 including the premium.

2017 Community Improvement Commission Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

On May 11, 2017, the Successor Agency issued Series 2017 Taxable Allocation Refunding Bonds in the principal amount of \$12,850,000 for the former agency's merged improvement areas. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used to (a) refund and defease certain outstanding bonds issued by the former Community Improvement Commission of the City of Alameda (Former Agency), the proceeds of which were used to finance redevelopment and low and moderate income housing activities within and for the benefit of the redevelopment project areas of the Former Agency, (b) purchase a debt service reserve insurance policy in lieu of funding a debt service reserve fund for the Bonds, and (c) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Series 2017 Bonds are secured by a lien on tax revenues. Principal and interest are payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through 2042. The interest rates on the bonds vary from 1.5% to 4.2%. The bonds were issued at a \$180,706 discount. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 was \$11,376,924, net of the discount.



Note 16 – Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities (Continued)

With the dissolution of the CIC discussed above, tax increment is no longer distributed, and instead the Successor Agency receives payments from the County's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) that are to be used to fund debt service on the Bonds, with no distinction between housing and non-housing revenues. In addition, under the provisions of the laws dissolving the CIC, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations. Total property taxes received by the Successor Agency in the current fiscal year were \$9,191,137 which represented coverage of 2.02 times the \$4,545,187 of debt service.

The outstanding balance of the defeased debt as of June 30, 2024 was \$10,630.00.

Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below:

For the Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest			
2025	\$ 2,760,000	\$	1,817,802		
2026	2,910,000		1,710,444		
2027	3,060,000		1,587,809		
2028	3,225,000		1,445,031		
2029	3,420,000		1,286,331		
2030-2034	20,245,000		3,686,138		
2035-2039	4,235,000		595,745		
2040-2043	1,190,000		79,050		
Subtotal	41,045,000	\$	12,208,350		
Plus unamortized bond premium	1,747,479				
Less unamortized bond discount	 (128,076)				
Total	\$ 42,664,403				

C. State Approval of Enforceable Obligations

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semi-annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. Although the State Department of Finance may not question items included on the ROPS in one period, they may question the same items in a future period and disallow associated activities. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the State Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time.



City of Alameda Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 17 – Subsequent Events

On October 8, 2024, the Alameda Public Financing Authority entered into a fixed-rate loan agreement in amount of \$7,026,000 with JPMorgan Chase Bank to refund the previously issued 2003 ARRA Variable Rate Demand Lease Revenue Bonds. The proceeds from the previously issued 2003 ARRA Variable Rate Demand Lease Revenue Bonds in original principal amount of \$13,440,000 at a variable rate of interest determined on a weekly basis were used to refund the 1999 ARRA Revenue Bonds, which were issued to finance the costs of certain improvements at Alameda Point (assigned to the Base Reuse Special Revenue Fund), and to finance professional services for land use planning and other activities required for the redevelopment process at Alameda Point. Repayment of these bonds is from lease revenues paid to ARRA from certain land, buildings, fixtures and equipment. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually on June 1st and December 1st. The pledge of sublease revenues ends upon repayment of the \$7,026,000 in the remaining principal on the Bonds, which is scheduled to occur in 2034.



City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





CALPERS AGENT-MULTIPLE EMPLOYER MISCELLANEOUS PLAN Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2024		2023		2022		2021
Measurement Period		2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$	6,346,371	\$	5,911,433	\$	5,631,496	\$	5,012,281
Interest on the total pension liability		23,075,940		22,327,270		21,964,673		21,185,528
Changes of benefit terms		462,001						
Changes of assumptions				8,306,535				
Difference between expected and actual experience		993,650		(1,803,255)		1,175,561		(1,654,709)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(19,495,611)		(18,627,456)		(17,080,553)		(16,491,161)
Net change in total pension liability		11,382,351		16,114,527		11,691,177		8,051,939
Total pension liability - beginning		339,552,886		323,438,359		311,747,182		303,695,243
Total pension liability - ending (A)		350,935,237		339,552,886		323,438,359		311,747,182
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer		10,806,368		10,067,574		9,307,781		8,386,195
Contributions - employees		2,835,427		3,118,750		2,801,576		2,721,137
Net investment income		15,395,859		(20,664,693)		51,716,414		11,067,395
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(19,495,611)		(18,627,456)		(17,080,553)		(16,491,161)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement								
Administrative expense		(181,407)		(170,044)		(226,211)		(311,667)
Other Miscellaneous Income/ (Expense)								
Net change in fiduciary net position		9,360,636		(26,275,869)		46,519,007		5,371,899
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		246,694,257		272,970,126		226,451,119		221,079,220
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		257 054 802		246 604 257		272.070.12(22(451 110
(B) Net pension liability - ending (A)-(B)	\$	256,054,893 94,880,344	\$	246,694,257 92,858,629	\$	272,970,126	\$	226,451,119 85,296,063
Net pension natinty - chaing (A)-(B)	φ	74,000,544	¢	92,030,029	φ	50,408,255	φ	85,270,005
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension								
liability		72.96%		72.65%		84.40%		72.64%
Covered payroll	\$	34,341,832	\$	33,404,342	\$	33,404,342	\$	32,362,652
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		276.28%		277.98%		151.08%		263.56%
Measurement date		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020



2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	 2015-16	2014-15		2013-14	
\$ 4,969,281 20,619,356	\$ 4,744,578 19,883,808	\$ 4,641,162 19,356,195	\$ 3,760,714 18,828,640	\$ 3,766,998 18,158,298	\$	3,808,115 17,592,705	
	(1,729,391)	15,192,135		(4,194,628)			
895,766	(334,914)	271,870	163,395	(1,883,727)			
(15,582,694)	(15,115,521)	(14,095,607)	(13,711,596)	(12,934,211)		(12,081,658)	
 10,901,709	 7,448,560	 25,365,755	 9,041,153	 2,912,730		9,319,162	
292,793,534	285,344,974	259,979,219	250,938,066	248,025,336		238,706,174	
 303,695,243	 292,793,534	 285,344,974	 259,979,219	 250,938,066		248,025,336	
6,979,527	5,710,346	5,273,062	4,525,123	3,713,053		3,088,658	
2,289,733	2,435,141	2,306,147	2,159,065	2,094,771		2,206,769	
14,100,692	17,324,360	21,234,381	1,095,194	4,478,705		30,399,751	
(15,582,694)	(15,115,521)	(14,095,607)	(13,711,596)	(12,934,211)		(12,081,658)	
	(497)			(2,433,966)			
(152,318)	(317,906)	(279,892)	(119,223)	(222,927)			
 497	 (603,709)						
7,635,437	9,432,214	14,438,091	(6,051,437)	(5,304,575)		23,613,520	
 213,443,783	 204,011,569	 189,573,478	 195,624,915	 200,929,490		177,315,970	
 221,079,220	 213,443,783	 204,011,569	 189,573,478	 195,624,915		200,929,490	
\$ 82,616,023	\$ 79,349,751	\$ 81,333,405	\$ 70,405,741	\$ 55,313,151	\$	47,095,846	
72.80%	72.90%	71.50%	72.92%	77.96%		81.01%	
\$ 29,336,402	\$ 28,387,102	\$ 27,176,983	\$ 26,437,131	\$ 25,612,255	\$	24,479,720	
281.62%	279.53%	299.27%	266.31%	215.96%		192.39%	
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014	



CALPERS AGENT-MULTIPLE EMPLOYER SAFETY PLAN Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021
Measurement Period	 2022-23	 2021-22	 2020-21	 2019-20
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 8,183,968	\$ 7,969,523	\$ 7,321,091	\$ 7,366,903
Interest on the total pension liability	37,323,353	35,808,161	34,630,972	33,476,100
Changes of benefit terms	150,469			
Changes of assumptions		17,030,303		
Difference between expected and actual experience	9,481,523	4,870,267	2,591,031	3,083,875
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(32,685,563)	(30,429,605)	(28,704,897)	(25,813,263)
Net change in total pension liability	 15,838,197	 35,248,649	 15,838,197	 18,113,615
Total pension liability - beginning	492,450,123	508,288,320	492,450,123	474,336,508
Total pension liability - ending (A)	 508,288,320	 543,536,969	 508,288,320	 492,450,123
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	19,734,184	22,312,745	20,116,075	13,496,482
Contributions - employees	3,687,429	3,776,451	3,533,418	3,589,299
Net investment income	20,481,435	(27,454,946)	67,959,767	14,693,325
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(32,685,563)	(30,429,605)	(28,704,897)	(25,813,263)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement				
Administrative expense	(243,367)	(226,111)	(300,051)	(415,623)
Other Miscellaneous Income /(Expense)				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	10,974,118	(32,021,466)	62,604,312	5,550,220
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 330,952,625	 362,974,091	 300,369,779	 294,819,559
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	341,926,743	330,952,625	362,974,091	300,369,779
Net pension liability - ending (A)-(B)	\$ 224,063,976	\$ 212,584,344	\$ 145,314,229	\$ 192,080,344
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	60.41%	60.89%	71.41%	60.99%
Covered payroll	\$ 26,956,417	\$ 25,441,316	\$ 25,441,316	\$ 24,808,549
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	831.21%	835.59%	571.17%	774.25%
Measurement date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020



2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015
 2018-19	 2017-18	2016-17		2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
\$ 7,580,036	\$ 7,333,306	\$ 7,034,547	\$	6,047,019	\$ 6,121,040	\$ 6,141,031
32,199,260	30,481,692	29,313,329		28,386,449	27,178,001	25,739,517
	(1,858,258)	24,387,287			(6,618,407)	
9,115,231	3,224,389	248,108		2,256,432	5,283,538	
(23,984,124)	(22,079,185)	(20,966,135)		(20,335,284)	(19,108,175)	(17,814,345)
 24,910,403	 17,101,944	 40,017,136		16,354,616	 12,855,997	14,066,203
449,426,105	432,324,161	392,307,025		375,952,409	363,096,412	349,030,209
 474,336,508	 449,426,105	 432,324,161	_	392,307,025	 375,952,409	 363,096,412
18,190,209	22,171,954	10,537,863		9,569,765	9,071,332	8,190,138
3,762,229	3,780,834	3,678,165		3,329,883	2,920,035	3,115,074
18,360,463	21,815,840	25,858,078		1,191,816	5,399,063	36,726,928
(23,984,124)	(22,079,185)	(20,966,135)		(20,335,284)	(19,108,175)	(17,814,345)
(198,878)	(651) (396,033)	(347,534)		(147,352)	(272,101)	
 651	 (752,074)	 			 	
16,130,550	24,540,685	18,760,437		(6,391,172)	(1,989,846)	30,217,795
 278,689,009	 254,148,324	 235,387,887		241,779,059	 243,768,905	 213,551,110
294,819,559	278,689,009	254,148,324		235,387,887	241,779,059	243,768,905
\$ 179,516,949	\$ 170,737,096	\$ 178,175,837	\$	156,919,138	\$ 134,173,350	\$ 119,327,507
62.15%	62.01%	58.79%		60.00%	64.31%	67.14%
\$ 25,333,206	\$ 25,275,362	\$ 24,303,190	\$	25,965,660	\$ 25,200,216	\$ 23,779,986
708.62%	675.51%	733.14%		604.33%	532.43%	501.80%
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014



CALPERS AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER PLAN - MISCELLANEOUS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2024		2023		2022	2021		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$	10,806,368	\$	11,077,903	\$	9,905,744 9,905,744	\$	9,318,477 9,318,477	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ -		\$		
Covered payroll	\$	34,341,832	\$	\$ 36,308,477		\$ 33,404,342		33,404,432	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	31.47 %			30.51 %				27.90 %	
Notes to Schedule									
Valuation date:	6/30/2022			6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2018	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:									
Actuarial cost method	Entry .	Age	Entry A	Age	Entry A	.ge	Entry Age		
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll			percent of payroll	Level p	ercent of payroll	Level percent of payroll		
Asset valuation method	Fair Value of Assets		Fair Va	Fair Value of Assets		lue of Assets	Fair Va	alue of Assets	
Inflation	2.50%		2.30%		2.50%		2.50%		
Salary increase	Varies service	by entry age and	Varies by entry age and service		Varies by entry age and service		Varies by entry age and service		
Investment rate of return	plan ir admin	net of pension vestment and istrative expenses, ing inflation.	6.80% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.		7.00% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.		7.00% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.		
Retirement age	50-67	years	50-67 <u>-</u>	/ears	50-67 y	ears	50-67 y	/ears	
Mortality	Post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale			The probabilities of mortality are based on 2021 CalPERS experience study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.		babilities of y are based on alPERS nece study for the from 1997 to re-retirement and irement mortality clude 15 years of ed mortality ement using 90% e MP-2016 ed by the Society aries.	The probabilities of mortality are based on 2017 CalPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.		



	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
\$	8,387,122	\$ 6,968,668	\$ 5,710,194	\$ 5,265,991	\$ 4,527,506	\$ 3,713,053		
	8,387,122	6,968,668	5,710,194	5,265,991	4,527,506	3,713,053		
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
\$	32,362,652	\$ 29,336,402	\$ 28,387,102	\$ 27,176,983	\$ 26,437,131	\$ 25,612,255		
	25.92 %	23.75 %	20.12 %	19.38 %	17.13 %	14.50 %		
	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012		
Entry Level payrol	percent of	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll		
Fair V	alue of Assets	Fair Value of Assets	Fair Value of Assets	Fair Value of Assets	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial value of assets		
2.63%)	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%		
Varies servic	by entry age and e	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of		
plan ii	o net of pension nvestment se, including on.	7.375% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation	7.375% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation	7.50% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation	7.50% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation	7.50% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation		
50-67	years	50-67 years	50-67 years	50-67 years	50-67 years	50-67 years		
retirer rates i of pro impro 90% c publis	Retirement and post- retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2014 CalPERS experience study for the period from 1997 t 2011. Pre-reetirement mortality ares include 20 years of projected mortality improvemen using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.		The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2010 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2010 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2010 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2010 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.		



CALPERS AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER PLAN - SAFETY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2024		2023		2022		2021	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$	17,624,512	\$	17,710,730	\$	16,533,892	\$	15,122,079	
contributions		19,734,184		19,820,402		22,288,892		15,122,079	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(2,109,672)	\$	(2,109,672)	\$	(5,755,000)	\$		
Covered payroll	\$	26,956,417	\$	\$ 27,427,751		\$ 25,441,316		25,441,316	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		73.21 %		72.26 %		87.61 %		59.44 %	
Notes to Schedule									
Valuation date:		6/30/2022		6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2018	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:									
Actuarial cost method	Entry A	.ge	Entry A	lge	Entry A	ge	Entry A	ge	
Amortization method	Level p	ercent of payroll	Level p	ercent of payroll	Level p	ercent of payroll	Level percent of payroll		
Asset valuation method	Fair Va	lue of Assets	Fair Va	lue of Assets	Fair Val	ue of Assets	Fair Va	ue of Assets	
Inflation	2.50%		2.30%		2.50%		2.50%		
Salary increase	Varies l service	aries by entry age and ervice		by entry age and	Varies by entry age and service		Varies b service	by entry age and	
Investment rate of return	plan inv adminis	net of pension vestment and trative expenses, ng inflation.	plan in	net of pension vestment expense, ng inflation.	plan inv	et of pension estment expense, g inflation.	plan inv	et of pension estment expense, g inflation.	
Retirement age	The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019.		The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019.		The probabilities of Retirement are based on the CalPERS Experience Study		The probabilities of Retirement are based on the CalPERS Experience Study		
Mortality	mortalit 2021 Ca experies period f 2019. P Post-ret rates ind mortalit using 80 MP-202	babilities of y are based on alPERS nee study for the from 2001 to re-retirement and irement mortality clude generational y improvement 9% of Scale 20 published by iety of Actuaries.	mortali 2021 C experie period 2 2019. F Post-re rates in mortali using 8 MP-202	babilities of ty are based on alPERS nce study for the from 2001 to tre-retirement and tirement mortality clude generational ty improvement 0% of Scale 20 published by iety of Actuaries.	mortalit 2017 Ca experien period f 2015. Pr Post-ret rates inc projecte improve of Scale	nce study for the from 1997 to re-retirement and irement mortality clude 15 years of d mortality ment using 90% MP-2016 ed by the Society	mortalit 2017 Ca experien period f 2015. P Post-ret rates inc projecte improve of Scale	nce study for the rom 1997 to re-retirement and irement mortality clude 15 years of d mortality ment using 90% MP-2016 ed by the Society	



	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$	13,622,920	\$ 18,185,938	\$ 11,470,898	\$ 10,530,166	\$ 9,572,502	\$ 9,071,332
	13,622,920	18,185,938	11,470,898	10,530,166	9,572,502	9,071,332
\$	_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
\$	24,808,549	\$ 25,333,206	\$ 25,275,362	\$ 24,303,190	\$ 25,965,660	\$ 25,200,216
	54.91 %	71.79 %	45.38 %	43.33 %	36.87 %	36.00 %
	6/30/2017	6/30/2017 6/30/2016 6/30/2013		6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
Entry Age Level percent of payroll		Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll
Fair Va	alue of Assets	Fair Value of Assets	Fair Value of Assets	Fair Value of Assets	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial value of assets
2.63%		2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Varies service	by entry age and	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of employment	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of employment	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of employment	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of employment	3.3% to 14.2% depending on age, service, and type of employment
plan in	net of pension vestment se, including on.	7.375% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation	7.5% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation	7.5% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation	7.5% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation	7.5% net of administrative expenses, includes inflation
Retirer on the	obabilities of nent are based CalPERS ence Study	50-57 years	50-57 years	50-57 years	50-57 years	50-57 years
retirem rates in of proj improv 90% of publish	nent and post- nent mortality nclude 15 years ected mortality vement using f Scale MP-2016 ned by the y of Actuaries.	The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2014 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2010 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2010 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2010 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of retirement and mortality are based on 2010 CaIPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-reretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.



City of Alameda **Required Supplementary Information** For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The 1079 & 1082 Pension Plans Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Years*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021
Total Pension Liability				
Interest on the total pension liability	\$ 101,438	\$ 154,627	\$ 124,482	\$ 129,408
Difference between expected and actual experience	38,110	(983,164)	(750,456)	695,141
Changes of assumptions	(15,240)	(186,559)	(547,672)	639,890
Benefit payments	 (485,040)	 (475,746)	 (785,623)	 (851,675)
Net change in total pension liability	 (360,732)	(1,490,842)	(1,959,269)	 612,764
Total pension liability - beginning	2,870,424	 4,361,266	 6,320,535	 5,707,771
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 2,509,692	\$ 2,870,424	\$ 4,361,266	\$ 6,320,535
Measurement date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021

Note to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the following criteria of GASB Statement No. 73, paragraph 4:

Contributions from the employer and any nonemployer contributing entities, and earnings thereon, must be irrevocable.
Plan assets must be dedicated to providing pensions to Plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
Plan assets must be legally protected from the creditors of the employer, nonemployer contributing entities, the Plan administrator, and Plan members.

The plan is a closed plan and there are no active employees participating in the Plan.

* FY 2016-17 was the first year of implementation.



City of Alameda Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

 2020	 2019	 2018	2017			
\$ 180,745	\$ 258,849	\$ 288,416	\$	349,073		
	(983,223)	(46,556)		39,819		
248,890	131,138					
(919,573)	(1,209,440)	(1,448,612)		(1,448,612)		
 (489,938)	 (1,802,676)	(1,206,752)		(1,059,720)		
6,197,709	8,000,385	9,207,137		10,266,857		
\$ 5,707,771	\$ 6,197,709	\$ 8,000,385	\$	9,207,137		
June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Agent Multiple-Employer Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan Defined Benefit OPEB Plans Last 10 fiscal years*

Measurement Date		6/30/24		6/30/23		6/30/22		6/30/21
Total OPEB Liability								
Service Cost	\$	423,344	\$	921,694	\$	1,301,935	\$	644,219
Interest		2,632,367		3,003,276		2,579,151		2,704,008
Differences between expected and actual experience		(40,955)		(8,295,789)		(3,925,906)		5,250,940
Changes of assumptions		2,388,356		(7,804,184)		(14,950,435)		4,046,759
Benefit payments		(3,796,175)		(4,022,438)		(4,105,294)		(4,132,821)
Plan to Plan Transfer ⁽¹⁾								
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,606,937		(16,197,441)		(19,100,549)		8,513,105
Total OPEB liability - beginning		48,904,774		65,102,215		84,202,764		75,689,659
Total OPEB liability - ending (A)	\$	50,511,711	\$	48,904,774	\$	65,102,215	\$	84,202,764
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	3,796,175	\$	4,022,438	\$	4,105,294	\$	4,132,821
Net investment income	Φ	499,361	φ	310,212	ψ	(590,348)	φ	872,495
Administrative expense		(18,747)		(18,071)		(20,192)		(20,219)
Benefit payments		(3,796,175)		(4,022,438)		(4,105,294)		(4,132,821)
Other		(3,770,170)		(1,022,150)		(1,105,291)		(1,152,021)
Plan to Plan Transfer ⁽¹⁾								
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		480,614		292,141		(610,540)		852,276
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,915,851		4,623,710		5,234,250		4,381,974
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$	5,396,465	\$	4,915,851	\$	4,623,710	\$	5,234,250
Net OPEB liability - ending (A)-(B)	\$	45,115,246	\$	43,988,923	\$	60,478,505	\$	78,968,514
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		10.68 %		10.05 %		7.10 %		6.22 %
Covered-employee payroll	\$	34,275,478	\$	33,341,905	\$	34,169,745	\$	33,255,226
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		131.63 %		131.93 %		176.99 %		237.46 %

 \ast FY 2017-18 was the first year of implementation.



City of Alameda Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

 6/30/20	 6/30/19		6/30/18		
\$ 555,320	\$ 4,213,531	\$	4,193,392		
2,909,360	4,658,311		4,316,741		
(353,154)	(2,503,398)				
4,987,068	(1,184,636)		(6,336,836)		
(3,917,329)	(3,825,122)		(3,715,083)		
	(44,592,304)				
4,181,265	(43,233,618)		(1,541,786)		
71,508,394	114,742,012		116,283,798		
\$ 75,689,659	\$ 71,508,394	\$	114,742,012		
\$ 3,917,329	\$ 4,325,122	\$	7,546,879		
178,799	268,507		598,104		
(18,852)	(17,057)		(33,220)		
(3,917,329)	(3,825,122)		(3,715,083)		
			703		
	(8,314,828)				
 159,947	 (7,563,378)		4,397,383		
4,222,027	11,785,405		7,388,022		
\$ 4,381,974	\$ 4,222,027	\$	11,785,405		
\$ 71,307,685	\$ 67,286,367	\$	102,956,607		
5.79 %	5.90 %		10.27 %		
\$ 36,886,764	\$ 32,365,183	\$	61,252,086		
 193.32 %	 207.90 %	168.09 %			



SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety Plan Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan Last 10 fiscal years*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 2024	. <u> </u>	2023	 2022	 2021
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,796,175	\$	4,220,491	\$ 4,105,294	\$ 4,132,821
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(3,796,175)		(4,220,491)	(4,105,294)	(4,132,821)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ —	\$	—	\$ —	\$ _
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 34,275,478	\$	33,341,905	\$ 34,169,745	\$ 33,255,226
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 11.08 %		12.66 %	 12.01 %	 12.43 %

* FY 2017-18 was the first year of implementation.



City of Alameda Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

2020	 2019	2018					
\$ 3,917,329	\$ 3,825,122	\$	3,715,083				
 (3,917,329)	 (3,825,122)		(3,715,083)				
\$ —	\$ 	\$					
\$ 36,886,764	\$ 32,365,183	\$	61,252,086				
 10.62 %	 11.82 %		6.07 %				



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan Last 10 fiscal years*

Measurement Date	6/30/24	6/30/23	6/30/22	6/30/21	6/30/20	6/30/19
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$ 1,243,839	\$ 2,319,666	\$ 3,504,390	\$ 3,959,737	\$ 3,090,491	\$
Interest	2,483,497	2,073,029	1,762,214	2,089,924	2,027,284	
Changes in benefit terms						143,210
Differences between expected and actual experience	400,219	499,228	(2,549,486)	(9,353,708)	(371,750)	(1,796,845)
Changes of assumptions	400,219	(6,564,351)	(12,486,596)	(3,333,708) (1,654,652)	7,779,856	1,413,660
Benefit payments	(1,666,236)	(0,304,331) (1,194,193)	(12,480,590)	(1,034,032) (619,278)	(231,604)	(70,984)
Plan to Plan Transfer ⁽¹⁾	(1,000,230)	(1,194,195)	(304,023)	(019,278)	(231,004)	44,592,304
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,461,319	(2,866,621)	(10,334,103)	(5,577,977)	12,294,277	44,281,345
Total OPEB liability - beginning	37,796,921	40,663,542	50,997,645	56,575,622	44,281,345	
Total OPEB liability - ending (A)	\$40,258,240	\$37,796,921	\$40,663,542	\$50,997,645	\$56,575,622	\$44,281,345
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$ 1,916,236	\$ 1,444,193	\$ 1,403,907	\$ 2,470,986	\$ 1,109,102	\$ 963,680
Contributions - employee	. , ,	\$ 1,444,195	\$ 1,403,907	\$ 2,470,980	\$ 1,109,102	\$ 905,080
Net investment income	518,788 1,961,301	1 220 000	(1,000,122)	2 710 075	249 (52	5(0.241
Administrative expense	(1,666,236)	1,229,909 (1,194,193)	(1,906,123)	2,710,975	348,653 (41,310)	568,341 (19,988)
Benefit payments			(60,557)	(52,928)		
Plan to Plan Transfer ⁽¹⁾	(63,730)	(57,498)	(564,625)	(619,278)	(231,604)	(70,984)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2 (((250	1.022.01/	(1.127.209)	4.500.755	1 104 041	8,314,828
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,666,359	1,988,916	(1,127,398)	4,509,755	1,184,841	9,755,877
	16,311,991	14,323,075	15,450,473	10,940,718	9,755,877	¢ 0.755.077
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$18,978,350	\$16,311,991	\$14,323,075	\$15,450,473	\$10,940,718	\$ 9,755,877
Net OPEB liability - ending (A)-(B)	\$21,279,890	\$21,484,930	\$26,340,467	\$35,547,172	\$45,634,904	\$34,525,468
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	47.14 %	43.16 %	35.22 %	30.30 %	19.34 %	22.03 %
Covered-employee payroll	\$27,240,178	\$26,498,228	\$31,615,830	\$30,769,664	\$30,782,274	\$29,946,145
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	78.12 %	81.08 %	83.31 %	115.53 %	148.25 %	115.29 %

* Plan was established in FY 2018-19.



City of Alameda Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Post-1/1/2019 Safety Plan Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan Last 10 fiscal years*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the	\$1,916,236	\$1,562,028	\$1,403,907	\$2,470,986	\$1,109,102	\$ 952,694
contractually required contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	(1,916,236)	(1,562,028)	(1,403,907)	(2,470,986)	(1,109,102)	(952,694)
Covered-employee payroll	\$27,240,178	\$26,498,228	\$31,615,830	\$30,769,664	\$30,782,274	\$29,946,145
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.03 %		4.44 %	8.03 %	3.60 %	3.18 %

* Plan was established in FY 2018-19.



Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

Community Development

This fund accounts for the activities and services of the Planning, Building and Code Enforcement Divisions. Revenues are derived from fees, licenses, and fines collected in conjunction with the planning, permitting and enforcement activities of the department in accordance with State law, requiring fees not to exceed the cost of providing services. Expenditures are made in support of the administration of the divisions, the provision and enhancement of services, and the enforcement of municipal codes.

Library

This fund accounts for revenues received from a library tax, library grants and operating transfers from the General Fund for the operations of the City's three libraries.

Gas Tax

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures received from the State of California under Street and Highways Code Sections 2105, 2106, 2107, 2107.5, 7360 and 2103.1. The allocations must be expended for street related maintenance and construction and a limited amount for engineering.

Asset Seizure/Traffic Safety

This fund accounts for restricted Asset Seizure/Traffic Safety funds to be used for eligible Public Safety Programs.

County Measure B/BB

This fund accounts for the City's share of the proceeds of a one-half cent sales tax increase approved by the voters in November 2000, which was renewed in November 2014. The program is administered by the Alameda County Transportation Commission. The tax provides funds for the maintenance of local streets, roads, bike paths, pedestrian walkways, and paratransit operations.

Tidelands

This fund accounts for revenues received from tidelands property leases. Leases are for State tidelands properties delegated to local agencies for management and control.

Parking Meter

This fund accounts for revenues collected from parking meters and the expenditure of these revenues for parking and transportation related projects.

Commercial Revitalization

This fund accounts for funds to be used for the City's commercial revitalization programs.

HOME Program

This fund accounts for funds received under the Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) designed to create affordable housing for low-income households.

Community Development Block Grant

This fund accounts for grant funds received under the Community Development Act of 1974 for activities approved and subject to federal regulations.

Housing

This fund accounts for funds received from developer impact fees to be used for the affordable housing programs in the City.



City of Alameda

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Garbage/Recycling Surcharge

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the City's waste management and recycling programs.

Athletic Recreation

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the various City recreation fee-based programs.

Waste Reduction Surcharge

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the operation of the City's waste management and recycling programs.

Maintenance Assessment Districts

This fund accounts for special assessments collected and expended for various landscaping and maintenance areas throughout the City.

Vehicle Registration Fee

This fund accounts for these fees collected by the County to be used to sustain the County's transportation network and reduce traffic congestion.

FISC Lease Revenue

This fund accounts for revenues from the Fleet Industrial Supply Center (FISC) lease and related capital improvement expenditures.

Open Space Improvement

This fund accounts for revenues collected from the proceeds of the sale of land for open space expansion within City limits.

Urban Forest

This fund accounts for various landscaping and maintenance programs funded from construction impact fees.

Debt Service Funds:

City Hall and Library Bonds

This fund accounts for the repayment of two bonds that were issued to fund various improvements and the construction of a new library.

Base Reuse

The 2003 Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds were issued in December 2003 by the Alameda Public Financing Authority to refund the 1999 Base Reuse Revenue Bonds and to finance professional land use planning and other activities required in the redevelopment process at Alameda Point. The debt will be repaid solely from lease revenues related to base reuse.



City of Alameda

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Capital Projects Funds:

Construction Impact Fee

This fund accounts for revenues from development impact fees required from certain new developments. Funds are used to mitigate the impacts on public facilities and infrastructure caused by these developments.

Streets/Transportation

This fund accounts for expenditures for street and transportation projects.

Development Impact Fee

This fund accounts for revenues from development impact fees required from certain new developments. Funds are used to mitigate the impacts on availability and condition of public facilities caused by these developments.

Urban Runoff Storm Drain Fee

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the City's compliance under the Alameda County Urban Runoff Clean Water Program.

Maintenance Assessment Districts

This fund accounts for bond proceeds used to finance the construction and acquisition of public improvements in the District.

Alameda Point

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to construction, improvements and capital maintenance projects within Alameda Point.



City of Alameda

Non-Major Governmental Funds





City of Alameda Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheets June 30, 2024

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ASSETS		ommunity evelopment	Library			Gas Tax	Asset Seizure/ Traffic Safety	
Cash and investments	\$	1,857,358	\$	5,823,310	\$	4,135,486	\$	100,431
Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable		37,471		187,589		537,753		
Loans receivable Leases receivable								
Total Assets	\$	1,894,829	\$	6,010,899	\$	4,673,239	\$	100,431
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	176,172	\$	103,578	\$	50,801	\$	
Accrued payroll		185,918		140,415		13,793		
Due to other funds		42.025						
Due to other agencies Unearned revenue		43,025						
Refundable deposits		374,595						6,654
Advances from other funds								- ,
Total Liabilities		779,710		243,993	_	64,594		6,654
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable Unavailable revenue - revolving loans receivable Related to leases								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
FUND EQUITY								
Fund balances Nonspendable								
Restricted						4,608,645		93,777
Committed Unassigned		1,115,119		5,766,906				,
Total Fund Balances		1,115,119		5,766,906		4,608,645		93,777
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	1,894,829	\$	6,010,899	\$	4,673,239	\$	100,431

(Page 1 of 6)



City of Alameda Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheets June 30, 2024

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

County Measure B/BB Tidelands		Parking Meter		IAL REVENUE F Commercial Revitalization		HOME Program		Community Development Block Grant		Housing		
\$	9,120,186	\$ 3,058,857	\$	1,451,969	\$	3,141,029	\$	_	\$	524,136	\$	2,184,133
	988,683	7,161,818		3,332		3,936 9,555,051		513,438 7,301,805		148,330 2,192,679		61,105 1,790,358
\$	10,108,869	\$ 	\$	1,455,301	\$		\$	7,815,243	\$	2,865,145	\$	4,035,596
\$	_	\$ 6,054	\$	59,847 27,667	\$	9,094	\$	35,428 477,865	\$	105,376 6,459	\$	55,282 66,362
		23,341				25,000						235,251
		 29,395		87,514		34,094		513,293		111,835	- <u> </u>	356,895
		7,005,180				9,222,189		7,301,805		2,192,679		1,790,358
		 7,005,180				9,222,189		7,301,805		2,192,679	- <u> </u>	1,790,358
	10,108,869	3,186,100		1,367,787		3,443,733		145		560,631		1,888,343
	10,108,869	 3,186,100		1,367,787		3,443,733	_	145		560,631	_	1,888,343
\$	10,108,869	\$ 10,220,675	\$	1,455,301	\$	12,700,016	\$	7,815,243	\$	2,865,145	\$	4,035,596

(Page 2 of 6)



	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
ASSETS		Garbage/ Recycling Surcharge		Athletic Recreation		Waste Reduction Surcharge		Maintenance Assessment Districts	
		8				8			
Cash and investments	\$	1,662,376	\$	1,378,083	\$	4,078,318	\$	12,627,928	
Restricted cash and investments									
Accounts receivable				36,021		59,906		101,384	
Loans receivable Leases receivable				7,607,284					
Total Assets	\$	1,662,376	\$	9,021,388	\$	4,138,224	\$	12,729,312	
LIABILITIES				, ,		,			
Accounts payable	\$	34,827	\$	73,377	\$	162,085	\$	429,839	
Accrued payroll		2,069				14,643		20,452	
Due to other funds									
Due to other agencies						20,271			
Unearned revenue						260,839			
Refundable deposits						77			
Advances from other funds									
Total Liabilities		36,896		73,377		457,915		450,291	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable Unavailable revenue - revolving loans receivable				7 407 414					
Related to leases				7,427,414					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				7,427,414					
FUND EQUITY									
Fund balances Nonspendable									
Restricted Committed Unassigned		1,625,480		1,520,597		3,680,309		12,279,021	
Total Fund Balances		1,625,480		1,520,597	_	3,680,309		12,279,021	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	1,662,376	\$	9,021,388	\$	4,138,224	\$	12,729,312	



City of Alameda Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheets June 30, 2024

	SPECIAL REV	E FUNDS			DEBT SERVICE FUNDS						
Vehicle Registration Fee		FISC Lease Revenue		Open Space Improvement		Urban Forest		ity Hall and brary Bonds	Base Reuse		
\$ 581,242	\$	486,807	\$	69,334	\$	4,130,399	\$	16,720,223	\$	236,010 75,805	
52,757						8,924		37,604			
				68,031							
\$ 633,999	\$	486,807	\$	137,365	\$	4,139,323	\$	16,757,827	\$	311,815	
\$ _	\$	336	\$	-	\$	387,487 8,527	\$	_	\$	_	
		336				396,014					
				65,858							
				65,858							
633,999		486,471		71,507		3,743,309		16,757,827		311,815	
 633,999		486,471		71,507		3,743,309		16,757,827	. <u> </u>	311,815	
\$ 633,999	\$	486,807	\$	137,365	\$	4,139,323	\$	16,757,827	\$	311,815	

(Page 4 of 6)



City of Alameda Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheets June 30, 2024

				CAPITAL PROJ		
	С	onstruction Impact	r ·	Streets/ Fransportation	evelopment Impact Fee	ban Runoff orm Drain Fee
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	3,558,500	\$	3,187,524	\$ 10,309,818	\$ 1,714,461
Restricted cash and investments						17,300
Accounts receivable		3,805		232,417		236,530
Loans receivable						
Leases receivable					 	
Total Assets	\$	3,562,305	\$	3,419,941	\$ 10,309,818	\$ 1,968,291
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	24,578	\$ _	\$ 118,127
Accrued payroll						56,957
Due to other funds						
Due to other agencies						
Unearned revenue						
Refundable deposits					1,500	52,712
Advances from other funds					 560,446	
Total Liabilities				24,578	 561,946	 227,796
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable Unavailable revenue - revolving loans receivable Related to leases						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						
FUND EQUITY						
Fund balances						
Nonspendable Restricted		3,562,305		3,395,363	9,747,872	1,740,495
Committed		-,,-,,		-,-,-,-,-,-	-,,	-, , . , . , . , . , . , . , . , .
Unassigned						
Total Fund Balances		3,562,305		3,395,363	 9,747,872	 1,740,495
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and						
Fund Balances	\$	3,562,305	\$	3,419,941	\$ 10,309,818	\$ 1,968,291



City of Alameda Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheets June 30, 2024

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Ι	Maintenance	JEC			tal Nonmajor
	Assessment Districts	Al	ameda Point	G	overnmental Funds
\$	4,542,823	\$	2,509,057	\$	82,469,575
					16,813,328
	2,356				3,253,341
					11,284,842
					24,392,184
\$	4,545,179	\$	2,509,057	\$	138,213,270
.		.		.	
\$		\$	41,442	\$	1,867,676
	831				550,147
					477,865
					63,296
					496,090 483,879
					483,879 560,446
	021		41.440		
	831		41,442		4,499,399
					11,284,842
					23,720,641
					35,005,483

4,544,348	2,467,615	88,380,001 10,328,387
 4,544,348	 2,467,615	 98,708,388
\$ 4,545,179	\$ 2,509,057	\$ 138,213,270

(Page 6 of 6)



	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	Community Development	Library	Gas Tax	Asset Seizure/ Traffic Safety		
REVENUES		v		·		
Property taxes	\$	\$ 3,642,401	\$	\$		
Other taxes						
Licenses and permits	3,565,871					
Developer fees						
Revenue from other agencies	229,686	32,018	4,154,047	30,451		
Charges for current services	1,546,217	13,346				
Fines and forfeitures	188,996					
Use of money and property	96,723	285,171	175,066	3,347		
Other revenues		26,673	3,627	3,763		
Total Revenues	5,627,493	3,999,609	4,332,740	37,561		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	348,438					
Police						
Fire						
Public works			980,013			
Community Development						
Recreation and Parks						
Library		5,672,733				
Planning, Building and Transportation	6,659,014					
Community Services						
Housing						
Capital outlay						
Debt service:						
Principal						
Interest						
Bond issuance costs						
Total Expenditures	7,007,452	5,672,733	986,570			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,379,959)	(1,673,124)	3,346,170	37,561		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	923,457	1,200,000				
Transfers (out)	(343,587)		(1,304,533)			
Issuance of Long Term Debt						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	579,870	1,200,000	(1,304,533)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(800,089)	(473,124)	2,041,637	37,561		
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	1,915,208	6,240,030	2,567,008	56,216		
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,115,119	\$ 5,766,906	\$ 4,608,645	\$ 93,777		

(Page 1 of 6)



County Measure B/BB	Tidelands	SPECI Parking Meter	IAL REVENUE	FUNDS HOME Program	Community Development Block Grant	Housing
\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
			5,500			
6,407,226				480,019	1,585,470	
		942,397				2,029,98
505,026	1,044,390	935,257 78,892 158	745,003	34,213	71,673	89,54 168,33 49,24
6,912,252	1,044,390	1,956,704	750,503	514,232	1,657,143	2,337,10
				514,232	1,585,468	2,593,441

	1,994,454	
341,934	106,568	(7)

		341,934	 1,994,454	 106,568	 514,232	 1,585,468	 2,593,434
6,912,252		702,456	 (37,750)	 643,935		 71,675	 (256,328)
22,205 (5,855,023		(108,697)	(312,760)	200,000 (413,000)			100,000
(5,832,818)	(108,697)	 (312,760)	 (213,000)	 		 100,000
1,079,434		593,759	 (350,510)	 430,935		71,675	 (156,328)
9,029,435		2,592,341	1,718,297	3,012,798	145	488,956	2,044,671
\$ 10,108,869	\$	3,186,100	\$ 1,367,787	\$ 3,443,733	\$ 145	\$ 560,631	\$ 1,888,343

(Page 2 of 6)



		SPECIAL REV	ENUE FUNDS	
	Garbage/ Recycling Surcharge	Athletic Recreation	Waste Reduction Surcharge	Maintenance Assessment Districts
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$	\$	\$ —	\$ 3,926,010
Other taxes	250,563		808,203	
Licenses and permits				
Developer fees				
Revenue from other agencies		53,067	328,998	
Charges for current services		57,689	593,763	920
Fines and forfeitures				
Use of money and property	81,434	463,567	152,804	552,027
Other revenues		101,136	79,698	
Total Revenues	331,997	675,459	1,963,466	4,478,957
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		1,023,187		
Police		, ,		
Fire				
Public works	336,443		1,221,717	2,499,293
Community Development	,		, ,	, ,
Recreation and Parks		125,649		731,963
Library		-)		
Planning, Building and Transportation				280,148
Community Services				,
Housing				
Capital outlay			37,248	
Debt service:			,	
Principal				
Interest				
Bond issuance costs				
Total Expenditures	336,443	1,148,836	1,258,965	3,511,404
-				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		<i></i>		
OVER EXPENDITURES	(4,446)	(473,377)	704,501	967,553
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		250,000		160,469
Transfers (out)	(84)	(31,824)		(151,000
Issuance of Long Term Debt	(-)	(-)-)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(84)	218,176		9,469
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,530)	(255,201)	704,501	977,022
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	1,630,010	1,775,798	2,975,808	11,301,999
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,625,480	\$ 1,520,597	\$ 3,680,309	\$ 12,279,021
	, , , -	, ,	, , -	(Page 3 of 6

(Page 3 of 6)



	SPECIAL REV	ENUE FUNDS		DEBT SERV	/ICE FUNDS
Vehicle Registration Fee	FISC Lease Revenue	Open Space Improvement	Urban Forest	City Hall and Library Bonds	Base Reuse
\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 624,204	\$ —
314,246					
17,292	55,752	21,428	(23,662) 132,407	294,964 32,900	1,976
331,538	55,752	21,428	108,745	952,068	1,976

2,138,177

				3,066,061	600,000
				839,050	382,914
				362,595	
		 	 2,138,177	 4,267,706	 982,914
 331,538	 55,752	 21,428	 (2,029,432)	 (3,315,638)	 (980,938)
	(675,000)	(15,000)	5,772,741	3,591,935 (346,193) 15,371,410	990,000
	 (675,000)	 (15,000)	 5,772,741	 18,617,152	 990,000
331,538	 (619,248)	 6,428	3,743,309	 15,301,514	9,062
302,461	1,105,719	65,079		1,456,313	302,753
\$ 633,999	\$ 486,471	\$ 71,507	\$ 3,743,309	\$ 16,757,827	\$ 311,815
					(Page 4 of 6)



	_		CA	PITAL PRO	JEC	FUNDS		
		onstruction mpact Fee		Streets/ nsportation		velopment npact Fee		ban Runoff orm Drain Fee
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	1,032,188	\$	1,408,366	\$		\$	2,065,662
Other taxes								
Licenses and permits		10,593						
Developer fees						567,332		2,440,381
Revenue from other agencies								
Charges for current services				184,438				
Fines and forfeitures								
Use of money and property		363,778		134,156		492,628		131,596
Other revenues								21,637
Total Revenues		1,406,559		1,726,960		1,059,960		4,659,276
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government								
Police								
Fire								
Public works				514,108				
Community Development				,				
Recreation and Parks								
Library								
Planning, Building and Transportation				997,192				
Community Services				,				
Housing								
Capital outlay								3,670,020
Debt service:								
Principal								5,790
Interest								767
Bond issuance costs								
Total Expenditures				1,511,300				3,676,577
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,406,559		215,660		1,059,960		982,699
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		28,701		343,587				
Transfers (out)		(4,465,855)		(141,416)		(206,092)		(2,171,406)
Issuance of Long Term Debt								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,437,154)		202,171		(206,092)		(2,171,406)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,030,595)		417,831		853,868		(1,188,707)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES		6,592,900		2,977,532		8,894,004		2,929,202
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$	3,562,305	\$	3,395,363	\$	9,747,872	\$	1,740,495
	-	- ,2 - ,2 00		- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,-		· ,· · · , · · ·	*	(Page 5 of 6)

(Page 5 of 6)



(CAPITAL PRO	JECTS FUNDS	-				
	Aaintenance Assessment District	Alameda Point	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
\$	183,604	\$	\$ 12,882,435				
Ψ	100,001	Ψ	1,058,766				
			3,581,964				
			3,007,713				
			13,615,228				
			5,368,752				
			1,213,798				
	185,050	6,448	6,139,075				
			451,245				
	368,654	6,448	47,318,976				
			6,064,766				
	38,791		9,722,996				
			448,495				
			857,612				
			5,672,733 7,936,354				
		8,915,023	12,622,291				
			3,677,641				
			1,223,498				
			362,595				
	38,791	8,915,023	48,588,981				
	329,863	(8,908,575)	(1,270,005)				
	(143,372)	8,915,023	22,498,118 (16,684,842)				
	(175,572)		15,371,410				
	(143,372)	8,915,023	21,184,686				
	186,491	6,448	19,914,681				
	4,357,857	2,461,167	78,793,707				
\$	4,537,837	\$ 2,467,615	\$ 98,708,388				
ψ	4,344,340	φ 2,407,013	φ 90,700,300				

⁽Page 6 of 6)



City of Alameda Budgeted Non-Major Funds Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

COMM								
COMM	UNITY DEVELO	PMENT	LIBRARY					
D 1 4		Variance Favorable			Variance Favorable			
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)			
\$	s	s	\$ 3,490,000	\$ 3.642.401	\$ 152,401			
\$	ф —	۰ ۵	\$ 5,490,000	\$ 5,042,401	\$ 152,401			
5 015 000	3 565 871	(1 449 129)						
5,015,000	, ,		80.400	32.018	(48,382)			
1 862 000	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(48,382) 8,346			
	, ,		5,000	15,540	0,540			
105,000	· · · · · ·	,	1.000	295 171	284,171			
	90,725	90,725	1,000		<i>,</i>			
(002 000	5 (27 402	(1.254.507)	2.576.400		26,673			
6,982,000	5,627,493	(1,354,507)	3,576,400	3,999,609	423,209			
	348,438	(348,438)						
			5 925 926	5 672 733	253,193			
			5,725,720	5,012,155	235,175			
9,646,111	6,659,014	2,987,097						
9 646 111	7 007 452	2,638,659	5 925 926	5 672 733	253,193			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,	_,,	-,,	-,,				
(2,664,111)	(1,379,959)	1,284,152	(2,349,526)	(1,673,124)	676,402			
1,761,100	923,457	(837,643)	1,200,000	1,200,000				
	(343,587)	(343,587)						
		<u>`</u> ````						
1,761,100	579,870	(1,181,230)	1,200,000	1,200,000				
\$ (903,011)	(800,089)	\$ 102,922	\$ (1,149,526)	(473,124)	\$ 676,402			
	1,915,208			6,240,030				
	\$ 1,115,119			\$ 5,766,906				
	9,646,111 (2,664,111) 1,761,100	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	BudgetActualFavorable (Unfavorable)\$-\$-\$-\$-\$03,565,871 $(1,449,129)$ 229,686229,6861,862,0001,546,217 $(315,783)$ 105,000188,996105,000188,99683,99696,72396,72396,7236,982,0005,627,493 $(1,354,507)$ 348,438348,438348,4389,646,1116,659,0142,987,0979,646,1117,007,4522,638,659 $(2,664,111)$ $(1,379,959)$ 1,284,1521,761,100923,457 $(837,643)$ $(343,587)$ 1,761,100579,870 $(1,181,230)$ $\underline{$ (903,011)}$ $(800,089)$ $\underline{$ 102,922}$ $1,915,208$	BudgetActualFavorable (Unfavorable)Budget\$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $ -$	BudgetActualFavorable (Unfavorable)BudgetActualS-S-S-S3,490,000S3,642,401 $5,015,000$ $3,565,871$ $(1,449,129)$ $229,686229,68680,40032,0181,862,0001,546,217(315,783)5,00013,346105,000188,99696,72396,7231,000285,17126,6736,982,0005,627,493(1,354,507)3,576,4003,999,609348,438(348,438)5,925,9265,672,7339,646,1117,007,4522,638,6595,925,9265,672,7339,646,1117,007,4522,638,6595,925,9265,672,733(2,664,111)(1,379,959)1,284,152(2,349,526)(1,673,124)1,761,100923,457(837,643)1,200,0001,200,0001,761,100579,870(1,181,230)1,200,0001,200,0005(903,011)(800,089)5102,9225(1,149,526)(473,124)$			

(Page 1 of 9)



City of Alameda Budgeted Non-Major Funds Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		OLO TAY				REVENUE				COUNTY MEASURE B/BB				
	Budget	GAS TAX Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		ASSET SE	RE/TRAFFI Actual		SAFETY Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		Budget	<u>NTY</u>	Actual]	BB Variance Favorable nfavorable)
\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	\$	_	\$ _	9	s —	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	4,142,500	4,154,047	11,547		41,310	30,451		(10,859)		6,052,217		6,407,226		355,009
		175,066 3,627	175,066 3,627			3,347 3,763		3,347 3,763				505,026		505,026
	4,142,500	4,332,740	190,240	_	41,310	 37,561		(3,749)		6,052,217		6,912,252		860,035
					41,310			41,310						
	1,161,111	980,013	181,098											
		5,790 767	(5,790) (767)											
	1,161,111	986,570	174,541		41,310			41,310						
	2,981,389	3,346,170	364,781			 37,561		37,561		6,052,217		6,912,252		860,035
	(3,350,000)	(1,304,533)	2,045,467							(11,779,077)		22,205 (5,855,023)		22,205 5,924,054
	(3,350,000)	(1,304,533)	2,045,467							(11,779,077)		(5,832,818)		5,946,259
\$	(368,611)	2,041,637	\$ 2,410,248	\$		37,561	5	\$ 37,561	\$	(5,726,860)		1,079,434	\$	6,806,294
_	_	2,567,008	_	_	_	 56,216			_	_		9,029,435	_	
		\$ 4,608,645				\$ 93,777					\$	10,108,869		
														(Page 2 of 9)

(Page 2 of 9)



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	TIDELANDS						PARKING METER					
	Bu	lget		Actual	Fav	riance orable worable)		Budget		Actual	F	⁷ ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES		<u> </u>										<u> </u>
Property taxes	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—
Other taxes												
Licenses and permits												
Revenue from other agencies												
Charges for current services								1,018,000		942,397		(75,603)
Fines and forfeitures								900,000		935,257		35,257
Use of money and property	8	385,000		1,044,390		159,390				78,892		78,892
Other										158		158
Total Revenues		385,000		1,044,390		159,390		1,918,000		1,956,704		38,704
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government												
Police												
Fire												
Public works								2,494,757		1,994,454		500,303
Community Development		769,944		341,934		428,010						
Recreation and Parks												
Library												
Planning, Building and Transportation												
Community Services												
Housing												
Capital outlay												
Debt service:												
Principal												
Interest												
Total Expenditures		769,944		341,934		428,010		2,494,757		1,994,454		500,303
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		15.056		702 456		507 400				(27.750)		520.007
OVER EXPENDITURES		15,056		702,456		587,400		(576,757)		(37,750)		539,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Issuance of debt								250.000				(250,000)
Transfers in				(100 (07)		551 202		250,000		(212 7(0)		(250,000)
Transfers (out)	((560,000)		(108,697)		551,303		(250,000)		(312,760)		(62,760)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6	560,000)		(108,697)		551,303				(312,760)		(312,760)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (5	544,944)		593,759	\$ 1	,138,703	\$	(576,757)		(350,510)	\$	226,247
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	`			·						, ,		<i>.</i>
(DEFICITS)				2,592,341						1,718,297		
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			\$	3,186,100					\$	1,367,787		

(Page 3 of 9)



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	COMMER	CIAL REVITA	LIZATION	Н	OME PROGRA	М	COMMUNIT	FY DEVELOPM GRANT	ENT BLOCK
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
	250,000	5,500	(244,500)	528,000	480,019	(47,981)	2,937,205	1,585,470	(1,351,735)
	580,000	745,003	165,003	90,000	34,213	(55,787)	80,000	71,673	(8,327)
_	830,000	750,503	(79,497)	618,000	514,232	(103,768)	3,017,205	1,657,143	(1,360,062)
				618,000	514,232	103,768	3,017,205	1,585,468	1,431,737
	748,028	106,568	641,460				432,286		432,286

748,028	106,568	641,460	618,000	514,232	103,768	3,449,491	1,585,468	1,864,023
81,972	643,935	561,963		0		(432,286)	71,675	503,961
200,000 (413,000)	200,000 (413,000)					(400) 400		400 (400)
(213,000) \$ (131,028)	(213,000) 430,935	\$ 561,963	\$	- <u></u>	\$	\$ (432,286)	71,675	\$ 503,961
	3,012,798 \$ 3,443,733			145 \$ 145			488,956 \$ 560,631	

(Page 4 of 9)



			SI LOLIE KEV	повтоны	,	
		HOUSING		GARBAGE/	RECYCLING	SURCHARGE
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				0		<u>`</u>
Property taxes	\$	\$	\$ —	\$ _	\$	\$
Other taxes				237,258	250,563	13,305
Licenses and permits						
Revenue from other agencies						
Charges for current services	1,945,000	2,029,982	84,982			
Fines and forfeitures	75,000	89,545	14,545			
Use of money and property	52,000	168,333	116,333		81,434	81,434
Other	1,382,500	49,246	(1,333,254)			
Total Revenues	3,454,500	2,337,106	(1,117,394)	237,258	331,997	94,739
EXPENDITURES				· · · · ·		
Current:						
General government	2,711,165	2,593,441	117,724			
Police						
Fire						
Public works				363,188	336,443	26,745
Community Development		(7)	7			
Recreation and Parks						
Library						
Planning, Building and Transportation						
Community Services						
Housing						
Capital outlay						
Debt service:						
Principal						
Interest						
Total Expenditures	2,711,165	2,593,434	117,731	363,188	336,443	26,745
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	743,335	(256,328)	(999,663)	(125,930)	(4,446)	121,484
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of debt						
Transfers in	100,000	100,000				
Transfers (out)	,	,		(279,900)	(84)	279,816
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100,000	100,000		(279,900)	(84)	279,816
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 843,335	(156 329)	\$ (999,663)	\$ (405,830)	(1 520)	\$ 401,300
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$ 843,335	(156,328)	φ (<i>333</i> ,003)	\$ (405,830)	(4,530)	φ 401,300
(DEFICITS)		2,044,671			1,630,010	
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		\$ 1,888,343			\$ 1,625,480	
```'						

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

(Page 5 of 9)



City of Alameda Budgeted Non-Major Funds Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ATHLETIC RECREATION				EDUCTION SU		MAINTENANCE ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS					
Budge		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,032,210	\$ 3,926,010	\$ (106,200)		
	,000 ,000	53,067 57,689	28,067 (41,311)	262,666 474,596	328,998 593,763	66,332 119,167	31,000	920	(30,080)		
375, 99,	,000 ,000	463,567 101,136	88,567 2,136		152,804 79,698	152,804 79,698		552,027	552,027		
598,	,000	675,459	77,459	1,648,193	1,963,466	315,273	4,063,210	4,478,957	415,747		
950,	,000	1,023,187	(73,187)								
				1,756,999	1,221,717	535,282	3,785,035	2,499,293	1,285,742		
224,	,392	125,649	98,743				880,958	731,963	148,995		
							269,000	280,148	(11,148)		
				40,330	37,248	3,082	71,797		71,797		
1,174,	,392	1,148,836	25,556	1,797,329	1,258,965	538,364	5,006,790	3,511,404	1,495,386		
(576,	,392)	(473,377)	103,015	(149,136)	704,501	853,637	(943,580)	967,553	1,911,133		
250,	,000	250,000 (31,824)	(31,824)	72,500 (961,000)		(72,500) 961,000	354,020 (293,551)	160,469 (151,000)	(193,551) 142,551		
250,	,000	218,176	(31,824)	(888,500)		888,500	60,469	9,469	(51,000)		
\$ (326,	,392)	(255,201)	\$ 71,191	\$ (1,037,636)	704,501	\$ 1,742,137	\$ (883,111)	977,022	\$ 1,860,133		
		1,775,798 \$ 1,520,597			2,975,808 \$ 3,680,309			11,301,999 \$ 12,279,021			

(Page 6 of 9)



			SPECIAL REV	VENUE FUNDS		
	VEHICI	LE REGISTRAT	ION FEE	FISC	C LEASE REVE	NUE
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$	\$
Other taxes						
Licenses and permits						
Revenue from other agencies	312,000	314,246	2,246			
Charges for current services						
Fines and forfeitures						
Use of money and property		17,292	17,292		55,752	55,752
Other						
Total Revenues	312,000	331,538	19,538		55,752	55,752
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government						
Police						
Fire						
Public works						
Community Development				2,469		2,469
Recreation and Parks						
Library						
Planning, Building and Transportation						
Community Services						
Housing						
Capital outlay						
Debt service:						
Principal						
Interest						
Bond issuance costs						
Total Expenditures				2,469		2,469
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				,		,
OVER EXPENDITURES	312,000	331,538	19,538	(2,469)	55,752	58,221
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of debt						
Transfers in			••••		((=== 0.00)	
Transfers (out)	(200,000)		200,000	(675,000)	(675,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(200,000)		200,000	(675,000)	(675,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 112,000	331,538	\$ 219,538	\$ (677,469)	(619,248)	\$ 58,221
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES		202.441			1 105 510	
(DEFICITS)		302,461			1,105,719	
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		\$ 633,999	1		\$ 486,471	:

(Page 7 of 9)



DEBT SERVICE FUND

Budget	EN SPAC	Variance Favorable Actual (Unfavorable)		Urban Forest Budget Actual			Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
5	- \$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	627,000	\$	624,204	\$	(2,796
		21,428	2	1,428				(23,662)		(23,662)				294,964		294,964
		21,428	2	1,428			·	132,407 108,745		132,407 108,745		627,000		32,900 952,068		32,900 325,068

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

5,439,850 2,138,177 3,301,673

						3,391,413 857,923	3,066,061 839,050 362,595	325,352 18,873
 			5,439,850	2,138,177	3,301,673	4,249,336	4,267,706	(18,370)
 	21,428	21,428	(5,439,850)	(2,029,432)	3,410,418	(3,622,336)	(3,315,638)	306,698
(15,000)	(15,000)		5,772,808	5,772,741	(67)	3,622,336	15,371,410 3,591,935 (346,193)	15,371,410 (30,401) (346,193)
(15,000)	(15,000)		5,772,808	5,772,741	(67)	3,622,336	18,617,152	14,994,816
\$ (15,000)	6,428	\$ 21,428	\$ 332,958	3,743,309	\$ 3,410,351	\$	15,301,514	\$ 15,301,514
	65,079 \$ 71,507			\$ 3,743,309			1,456,313 \$ 16,757,827	

(Page 8 of 9)



## DEBT SERVICE FUND

	BASE REUSE DEBT SERVICE							
	Budg	get		Actual	Fa	vriance vorable avorable)		
REVENUES	<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>		â			
Property taxes	\$	_	\$	—	\$	_		
Other taxes								
Licenses and permits								
Revenue from other agencies								
Charges for current services								
Fines and forfeitures								
Use of money and property				1,976		1,976		
Other								
Total Revenues				1,976		1,976		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government								
Police								
Fire								
Public works								
Community Development								
Recreation and Parks								
Library								
Planning, Building and Transportation								
Community Services								
Housing								
Capital outlay								
Debt service:								
Principal	60	0,000		600,000				
Interest	39	0,000		382,914		7,086		
Bond issuance costs								
Total Expenditures	(99	0,000)		(980,938)		7,086		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(99	0,000)		(980,938)		9,062		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of debt								
Transfers in	99	0,000		990,000				
Transfers (out)								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	99	0,000		990,000				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$			9,062	\$	9,062		
(DEFICITS)				302,753				
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			\$	311,815				
			_					

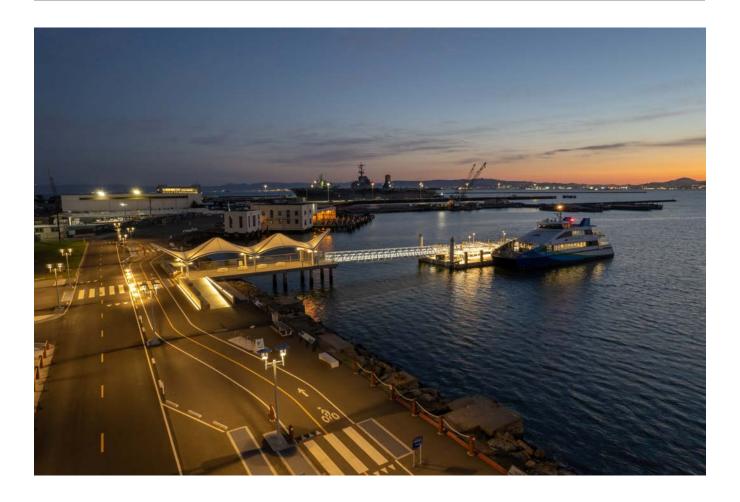
(Page 9 of 9)



City of Alameda Budgeted Non-Major Funds Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024









Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The concept of major funds does not extend to internal service funds because they do not do business with outside parties. Generally accepted accounting principles require that for the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of each internal service fund be eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position. However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the Fund financial statements, including the funds below:

## IT Cable Replacement

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the City's cable equipment, which broadcasts City meetings from City Hall and provides a public/educational cable broadcast studio in conjunction with the School District. The primary revenue source is additional charge to cable providers, which can only be used for Public, Educational, and Government (PEG) equipment expenditures.

## Fleet Maintenance and Replacement

This fund accounts for equipment replacement and maintenance for the City's Fleet Maintenance and Replacement programs for equipment with value greater than \$25,000 and/or a minimum useful life of 10 years.

## Technology Services

This fund accounts for information technology. Reimbursements occur through administrative charges assessed to other departments based upon their proportional share of program costs.

#### Facilities Replacement and Maintenance

This fund accumulates funds for the costs associated with the replacement and maintenance of the City's facilities.

#### Workers' Compensation Insurance

This fund accounts for the expenditures for administration of the City's workers' compensation program, payment of workers' compensation claim payments, and related insurance premiums.

## General Liability Insurance

This fund accounts for the administration of the City's risk management program, payment of general liability claims and insurance premiums for general liability and property coverage.

#### Unemployment Insurance

This fund accounts for the administration of the City's unemployment insurance program and payment of unemployment claim payments.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)/Vacation

This fund accounts for expenditures for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and accumulates funds for future payoffs of accrued leave balances.

#### Pension Stabilization Fund

This fund accounts for expenditures for the City's pension obligation in future periods when unforeseen changes or adjustments to required contributions requires additional funding beyond anticipated expenditures.



City of Alameda Internal Service Funds Combining Statements of Net Position June 30, 2024

		IT Cable eplacement		Fleet aintenance and eplacement		Fechnology Services
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,725,345	\$	10,989,819	\$	5,254,513
Accounts receivable		32,242		70,716		
Prepaids and deposits				2,452,521		
Total Current Assets		1,757,587		13,513,056		5,254,513
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted investments						
Advances to other funds				138,857		
Capital assets:						
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation				4,926,274		2,278,382
Total Non-current Assets				5,065,131		2,278,382
Total Assets		1,757,587		18,578,187		7,532,895
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable				1,001,035		205,842
Interest payable				30,892		
Accrued payroll				35,071		50,850
Refundable deposits						
Claims payable:						
Due within one year				( 00 )		000 064
Subscription liability - current				6,224		882,864
Equipment lease payable:				241 452		
Due within one year				341,453		1 120 55(
Total Current Liabilities				1,414,675		1,139,556
Long-Term Liabilities: Claims payable: Due in more than one year Equipment purchase agreement						
Lease Liability				871,085		
Subscription Liability				6,682		1,469,096
Total Long-Term Liabilities				877,767		1,469,096
Total Liabilities				2,292,442		2,608,652
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets				3,700,830		(73,578)
Unrestricted		1,757,587		12,584,915		4,997,821
	¢		¢		¢	
Total Net Position (Deficits)	\$	1,757,587	\$	16,285,745	\$	4,924,243



City of Alameda Internal Service Funds Combining Statements of Net Position June 30, 2024

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	R	Facilities eplacement and aintenance	Workers' Compensation Insurance	General Liability Insurance	Unemployment Insurance	OPEB/Vacation	Pension Stabilization Fund	Total
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	\$	11,125,000	198,625		\$ 267,849		\$ 835,534	925,62
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		11,125,000	17,580,515	9,902,933	267,849	7,602,577	835,534	67,839,56
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				50,000			19,215,879	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		1,559,384						8,764,04
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1,559,384		50,000			19,215,879	28,168,77
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		12,684,384	17,580,515	9,952,933	267,849	7,602,577	20,051,413	96,008,34
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		25,616	7,005	21,219 21,604	22,905			30,89 139,76 21,60 8,506,59
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
871,085         55,651       1,531,429         55,651       9,791,508       4,397,973         374,454       14,082,214       8,984,833       22,905       20,518       28,386,018         1,474,462       5,101,714         10,835,468       3,498,301       968,100       244,944       7,582,059       20,051,413       62,520,608		318,803	4,290,706	4,586,860	22,905	20,518		11,794,02
55,651       1,531,429         55,651       9,791,508       4,397,973         374,454       14,082,214       8,984,833       22,905       20,518       28,386,018         1,474,462       5,101,714       5,101,714       5,101,714       5,20,608			9,791,508	4,397,973				14,189,48
374,454         14,082,214         8,984,833         22,905         20,518         28,386,018           1,474,462         5,101,714         5,101,714         5,101,714         5,101,714           10,835,468         3,498,301         968,100         244,944         7,582,059         20,051,413         62,520,608		55,651						
1,474,462       5,101,714         10,835,468       3,498,301       968,100       244,944       7,582,059       20,051,413       62,520,608		55,651	9,791,508	4,397,973				16,591,99
10,835,468 3,498,301 968,100 244,944 7,582,059 20,051,413 62,520,608		374,454	14,082,214	8,984,833	22,905	20,518		28,386,01
\$ 12,309,930 \$ 3,498,301 \$ 968,100 \$ 244,944 \$ 7,582,059 \$ 20,051,413 \$ 67,622,322			3,498,301	968,100	244,944	7,582,059	20,051,413	
	\$	12,309,930	\$ 3,498,301	\$ 968,100	\$ 244,944	\$ 7,582,059	\$ 20,051,413	\$ 67,622,32



City of Alameda Internal Service Funds Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	T Cable placement	Fleet Maintenance and Replacement	Technology Services
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ —	\$ 6,557,725	\$ 3,954,958
Miscellaneous	 149,513		
Total Operating Revenues	 149,513	6,557,725	3,954,958
OPERATING EXPENSES			
General administrative	2,039	391,355	849,576
Wages and benefits		904,591	1,493,772
Insurance and claims			
Contractual services	18,521	513,867	655,619
Supplies and maintenance	25,447	1,330,830	1,155,979
Depreciation		1,329,810	807,006
Total Operating Expenses	 46,007	4,470,453	4,961,952
Operating Income (Loss)	 103,506	2,087,272	(1,006,994)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	78,291	457,483	294,077
Interest expense		(41,741)	(127,793)
Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets	 	178,710	7,750
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	78,291	594,452	174,034
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	 181,797	2,681,724	(832,960)
Transfers in		1,674,051	
Transfers out			
Net Transfers		1,674,051	
Change in Net Position	181,797	4,355,775	(832,960)
BEGINNING NET POSITION	1,575,790	11,929,970	5,757,203
ENDING NET POSITION	\$ 1,757,587	\$ 16,285,745	\$ 4,924,243



City of Alameda Internal Service Funds Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Facilities eplacement and laintenance	Co	Workers' mpensation Insurance	General Liability Insurance	Unemployment Insurance	OP	EB/Vacation	5	Pension Stabilization Fund	 Total
\$ 5,467,940	\$	5,300,981	\$ 6,603,585	\$ —	\$	4,205,216	\$	_	\$ 32,090,405 149,513
 5,467,940		5,300,981	 6,603,585			4,205,216			 32,239,918
635,915 653,235		347,869 223,397	306,196 550,572	49,918		427,312	\$	2,109,672	3,010,180 5,935,239
·		2,470,292	5,482,064	76,685		4,400,228			12,429,269
2,603,162 159,809 111,066		223,758 1,231	864,995 30,378	2,000				62,347	4,944,269 2,703,674 2,247,882
 4,163,187		3,266,547	 7,234,205	128,603	·	4,827,540		2,172,019	 31,270,513
 1,304,753		2,034,434	 (630,620)	(128,603)		(622,324)		(2,172,019)	 969,405
 300,261		739,721	356,127	16,729		383,310		1,940,499	 4,566,498 (169,534) 186,460
300,261		739,721	356,127	16,729		383,310		1,940,499	4,583,424
1,605,014		2,774,155	 (274,493)	(111,874)		(239,014)		(231,520)	5,552,829
3,693,082			(91,575)					1,440,000	6,807,133 (91,575)
 3,693,082			 (91,575)					1,440,000	 6,715,558
 5,298,096		2,774,155	 (366,068)	(111,874)		(239,014)		1,208,480	 12,268,387
7,011,834		724,146	1,334,168	356,818		7,821,073		18,842,933	55,353,935
\$ 12,309,930	\$	3,498,301	\$ 968,100	\$ 244,944	\$	7,582,059	\$	20,051,413	\$ 67,622,322



City of Alameda Internal Service Funds Combining Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		IT Cable eplacement		Fleet laintenance and eplacement	Т	echnology Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		·		<u> </u>		
Receipts from customers	\$	154,452	\$	6,536,345	\$	3,955,092
Payments to suppliers		(46,007)		(3,674,425)		(1,702,940)
Payments to employees				(1,289,409)		(2,334,878)
Insurance and claims paid						
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	_	108,445		1,572,511		(82,726)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Interfund receipts				48,749		
Transfers In (out)				1,674,051		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				1,722,800		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of capital assets, net				(1,337,059)		(751,129)
Proceeds from the sale of assets				178,710		7,750
Principal payments on capital debt				(345,068)		(21,577)
Interest payments on capital debt				(44,795)		(127,793)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	_		_	(1,548,212)		(892,749)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sales (purchases) of restricted investments						
Interest		78,291		457,483		294,077
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		78,291	_	457,483		294,077
Net Cash Flows		186,736		2,204,582		(681,398)
Cash and investments at beginning of period		1,538,609		8,785,237		5,935,911
Cash and investments at end of period	\$	1,725,345	\$	10,989,819	\$	5,254,513
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	103,506	\$	2,087,272	\$	(1,006,994)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation				1,329,810		807,006
Pension related amounts						
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		4,939		(21,380)		134
(Increase) decrease in prepaids and deposits				(2,452,521)		33,443
Increase (decrease) accounts payable				622,793		75,215
Increase (decrease) accrued payroll				6,537		8,470
Increase (decrease) refundable deposits Claims payable						
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	108,445	\$	1,572,511	\$	(82,726)
Cush riows nom Operating Activities	φ	100,773	φ	1,372,311	φ	(02,720)



City of Alameda Internal Service Funds Combining Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

R	Facilities eplacement and laintenance	Workers' Compensation Insurance		General Liability Insurance	U	nemployment Insurance	OF	PEB/Vacation		Pension Stabilization Fund		Total
\$	5,467,940 (2,941,133) (1,278,251)	\$ 5,311,922 (424,529) (571,613) (2,926,452)	\$	6,604,537 (1,015,218) (849,172) (3,818,789)	\$	249 (2,000) (103,698)	\$	4,226,611 (4,379,710) (427,312)	\$	(62,347)	\$	32,257,148 (14,248,309) (6,854,333) (6,745,241)
	1,248,556	1,389,328		921,358		(105,449)		(580,411)		(62,347)		4,409,265
	3,693,082 3,693,082			(91,575)						1,440,000		48,749 6,715,558 6,764,307
	(5,379) (22,320)											(2,093,567) 186,460 (388,965) (172,588)
	(27,699)				_							(2,468,660)
	300,261	739,721		356,127		16,729		383,310		(3,278,255) 1,940,499		(3,278,255) 4,566,498
	300,261	739,721		356,127		16,729		383,310		(1,337,756)		1,288,243
	5,214,200	2,129,049		1,185,910		(88,720)		(197,101)		39,897		9,993,155
	5,910,800	14,752,841		8,102,431		356,569		7,790,229		795,637		53,968,264
\$	11,125,000	\$ 16,881,890	\$	9,288,341	\$	267,849	\$	7,593,128	\$	835,534	\$	63,961,419
\$	1,304,753	\$ 2,034,434	\$	(630,620)	\$	(128,603)	\$	(622,324)	\$	(2,172,019)	\$	969,405
	111,066									2,109,672		2,247,882 2,109,672
		10,941 (200,000)		(901)		249		21,395				15,377 (2,619,078)
	(178,162) 10,899	460 (347)		(119,845) 7,596 1,853		22,905		20,518				443,884 33,155 1,853
\$	1,248,556	(456,160) \$ 1,389,328	\$	1,663,275 921,358	\$	(105,449)	\$	(580,411)	\$	(62,347)	\$	1,207,115 4,409,265
ψ	1,240,330	φ 1,307,320	φ	721,330	ψ	(103,449)	φ	(500,411)	φ	(02,347)	ψ	т,т07,203



City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City





City of Alameda, California People and Places in the City



# Alameda STATISTICAL SECTION







## **Statistical Section**

This section of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information presents with respect to the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the Financial Section, the Statistical Section information is not subject to independent audit.

# Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 5. Basic Revenue Index (BRI)

# **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property taxes:

- 1. Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Property Tax Rates All Direct and Overlapping Governments
- 3. Principal Property Taxpayers
- 4. Property Tax Levies and Collections
- 5. Alameda Municipal Power Electric Operating Revenues by Source
- 6. Alameda Municipal Power Customer Accounts
- 7. Alameda Municipal Power Pricing Changes
- 8. Alameda Municipal Power Top Ten Customers

# Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
- 3. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 4. Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin
- 5. Sewer Services Fund Debt Coverage
- 6. Alameda Municipal Power Fund Debt Coverage

# Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

# **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 2. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 3. Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

# Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.



City of Alameda Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		June 30,	
Governmental activities	2015	2016 2017	2018
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 259,298,585	\$ 257,003,558 \$ 258,670,492	\$ 261,696,061
Restricted	47,340,040	49,089,375 53,494,064	91,334,323
Unrestricted	(132,097,358)	(128,732,691) (138,357,430)	(218,481,489)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 174,541,267	\$ 177,360,242 \$ 173,807,126	\$ 134,548,895
Business-type activities			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 72,843,612	\$ 77,527,656 \$ 87,340,526	\$ 93,673,669
Restricted	31,979,615	32,369,845 29,829,844	26,462,741
Unrestricted	17,235,250	23,848,220 31,259,576	28,810,985
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 122,058,477	\$ 133,745,721 \$ 148,429,946	\$ 148,947,395
Primary government			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 332,142,197	\$ 334,531,214 \$ 346,011,018	\$ 355,369,730
Restricted	79,319,655	81,459,220 83,323,908	117,797,064
Unrestricted	(114,862,108)	(104,884,471) (107,097,854)	(189,670,504)
Total primary government net position	\$ 296,599,744	\$ 311,105,963 \$ 322,237,072	\$ 283,496,290

Source: City of Alameda Finance Department



	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	269,397,500	\$	297,299,908	\$	306,331,058	\$	316,665,168	\$	339,462,250	\$	338,369,021
	110,162,983		123,984,088		137,396,539		144,588,032		137,169,810		149,664,357
	(214,617,059)		(231,645,513)		(217,133,326)		(191,206,553)		(157,346,612)		(145,274,550)
\$	164,943,424	\$	189,638,483	\$	226,594,271	\$	270,046,647	\$	319,285,448	\$	342,758,828
¢	00.017.520	¢	102 050 124	¢	110.041.070	¢	112 122 574	¢	111 266 774	¢	101 016 017
\$	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$	102,850,134	\$	110,041,879	\$	113,133,574	\$	111,366,774	\$	121,316,317
	26,055,896		25,632,407		20,951,023		18,843,152		22,156,568		21,489,847
	33,134,340		35,731,238		37,380,508		49,557,794		52,217,409		53,567,452
\$	157,207,756	\$	164,213,779	\$	168,373,410	\$	181,534,520	\$	185,740,751	\$	196,373,616
\$	367,415,020	\$	400,150,042	\$	416,372,937	\$	429,798,742	\$	450,829,024	\$	459,685,338
ψ		ψ		ψ		ψ		ψ		ψ	
	136,218,879		149,616,495		158,347,562		163,431,184		159,326,378		171,154,204
	(181,482,719)		(195,914,275)		(179,752,818)		(141,648,759)		(105,129,203)		(91,707,098)
\$	322,151,180	\$	353,852,262	\$	394,967,681	\$	451,581,167	\$	505,026,199	\$	539,132,444



# City of Alameda Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				For the Fiscal Ye	ar End	ed June 30,		
		2015		2016		2017		2018
Expenses								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	15,566,704	\$	17,312,864	\$	22,613,362	\$	27,567,933
Police		30,310,509		31,230,359		34,249,563		38,203,293
Fire		30,247,841		33,701,192		34,380,486		39,616,964
Public Works		20,576,356		21,611,732		22,493,921		21,305,228
Community Development		21,707,219		19,926,259		20,854,357		19,124,858
Community Services		6,808,162		8,192,325		7,825,636		10,785,609
Housing		1,883,617		2,298,345		1,955,239		3,343,039
Recreation and parks								
Library								
Planning, Building and Transportation								
Principal								
Interest on Long-Term Debt		984,165		1,104,604		983,685		1,298,608
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		128,084,573		135,377,680		145,356,249		161,245,533
Business-Type Activities:								
Sewer Service		6,069,959		5,189,080		5,062,826		4,915,297
Alameda Municipal Power ^(B)		47,958,639		54,131,601		53,311,749		59,886,250
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		54,028,598		59,320,681		58,374,575		64,801,547
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	182,113,171	\$	194,698,361	\$	203,730,824	\$	226,047,080
Component Unit:	¢							
Alameda Municipal Power	\$		¢		¢		¢	
Total Component Unit	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
General Government	\$	9,928,486	\$	9,914,050	\$	11,400,449	\$	9,068,963
Police		1,557,542		1,461,077		1,378,632		1,228,935
Fire		2,902,627		3,161,928		3,134,509		3,306,867
Public Works		8,048,038		8,869,421		9,955,286		9,280,689
Community Development		10,900,322		11,261,739		13,523,363		13,044,105
Community Services		3,273,681		3,550,181		3,671,588		4,423,440
Housing		2,500						
Recreation and parks								
Library								
Planning, Building and Transportation								
Operating Grants and Contributions		5,806,249		5,209,502		6,045,401		9,032,803
Capital Grants and Contributions		6,156,043		6,270,247		7,058,283		12,386,648
Total Government Activities Program Revenues		48,575,488		49,698,145		56,167,511		61,772,450
Business-Type Activities:				· · · ·				, , ,
Charges for Services:								
Sewer Service		9,906,045		9,404,120		9,690,132		10,498,070
Alameda Municipal Power ^(B)		58,759,497		62,012,528		63,449,233		63,455,688
Operating Grants and Contributions		, ,		- ,- ,		, -,		,,
Capital Grants and Contributions				546,768		489,751		
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue		68,665,542		71,963,416		73,629,116		73,953,758
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	117,241,030	\$	121,661,561	\$	129,796,627	\$	135,726,208
Component Unit:	<u>-</u>	,2.1,000		,001,001				
Charges for Services:								
Alameda Municipal Power ^(B)	\$							
Total Component Unit Program Revenues	<u>\$</u> \$		\$		\$		\$	
Net (Expense)/Revenue			J		Ð		Ð	
Governmental Activities	\$	(79,509,085)	\$	(85,679,535)	\$	(89,188,739)	\$	(99,473,082)
Business-Type Activities	φ	14,636,944	ψ	12,642,735	Ψ	15,254,541	Ψ	9,152,211
Component Unit Activities		14,050,944		12,042,755		15,254,541		2,132,211
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(64,872,141)	\$	(73,036,800)	\$	(73,934,198)	\$	(90,320,871)
······································	Ψ	(21,072,111)	4	,,,	~	(,	*	(, 0, 5 = 0, 0 / 1)

^(A) The City expanded certain departmental reporting during FY 2021-22. Prior year amounts have not been restated.
^(B) Reclassified as Enterprise Fund
Source: City Finance Department



	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	19,673,640	\$	16,958,175	\$	24,018,435	\$	9,320,442	\$	11,160,513	\$	20,448,342
	45,109,592		45,157,133		40,102,074		33,123,049		39,359,081		50,106,789
	47,372,705		47,027,551		44,780,248		36,170,224		45,132,050		52,565,392
	16,185,664		25,410,099		22,362,750		24,738,562		31,827,064		37,014,141
	16,626,697		17,247,041		17,476,605		15,030,618		15,687,999		11,636,390
	4,172,503		11,591,599		9,388,765					(A)	
	2,868,235		3,987,655		4,941,615					(A)	
							12,082,777		14,006,850	(A)	13,974,966
							6,748,033		5,623,505	(A)	7,097,477
							8,179,331		7,898,315	(A)	8,479,428
	1,276,122		1,035,955		801,228		888,487		1,097,709		1,842,567
	153,285,158		168,415,208		163,871,720		146,281,523		171,793		203,165,492
	100,200,100		100,110,200		100,071,720		110,201,020		1/1,//0		200,100,102
	5,565,859		6,018,295		5,861,001		4,249,245		6,889,000		6,955,122
	63,101,513		63,831,890		64,313,277		57,159,221		72,010,694		74,704,059
	68,667,372		69,850,185		70,174,278		61,408,466		78,899,694		81,659,181
\$	221,952,530	\$	238,265,393	\$	234,045,998	\$	207,689,989	\$	250,692,780	\$	284,824,673
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ				Ψ	
\$	3,289,980	\$	3,562,474	\$	3,692,675	\$	2,772,718	\$	2,826,109	\$	3,557,324
	1,121,616		973,227		816,240		583,063		598,562		469,365
	3,494,527		3,961,473		4,457,369		4,134,221		5,151,081		5,559,380
	10,023,569		10,727,879		11,023,739		8,818,755		10,152,589		10,365,828
	13,541,107		13,119,155		12,037,359		2,083,815		1,950,839		1,134,789
	4,564,276		4,224,548		4,308,651					(A)	
							3,558,604		3,461,620	(A)	4,096,332
							14,781		19,714	(A)	13,346
							6,444,733		6,427,553	(A)	5,496,254
	5,700,076		8,402,139		10,771,830		7,445,218		25,215,932		12,058,627
	10,877,405		22,446,476		25,423,585		6,454,953		7,954,847		11,328,172
	52,612,556		67,417,371		72,531,448		42,310,861		63,758,846		54,079,417
	02,012,000		07,117,071		72,001,110		12,510,001		05,750,010		01,079,117
	11,216,139		11,243,295		11,721,286		11,815,658		12,281,537		12,987,587
	66,567,838		66,703,706		66,260,963		65,799,230		72,287,719		77,470,175
			,				,		,,,,		.,,,
	77,783,977		77,947,001		77,982,249		77,614,888		84,569,256		90,457,762
\$	130,396,533	\$	145,364,372	\$	150,513,697	\$	119,925,749	\$	148,328,102	\$	144,537,179
\$	130,396,533	\$	145,364,372	\$	150,513,697	\$	119,925,749	\$	148,328,102	\$	144,537,17
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
\$	(100,672,602)	¢	(100,997,837)	¢	(01 240 272)	¢	(103,970,662)	¢	(108,034,240)	\$	(149,086,075
Э		э		Э	(91,340,272)	Ф		э		Э	
	9,116,605		8,096,816		7,807,971		16,206,422		5,669,562		8,798,581
\$	(91,555,997)	\$	(92,901,021)	\$	(83,532,301)	\$	(87,764,240)	\$	(102,364,678)	\$	(140,287,494
	(11,000,771)	ψ	(74,901,021)	φ	(00,004,001)	<b>U</b>	107.704.4401	<b>U</b>	1104.204.0/01	φ	1170,207,474

(Continued)



	_		For	the Fiscal Ye	ar E	nded June 30,		
	_	2015		2016		2017		2018
<b>General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position</b> Governmental Activities:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	39,057,776	\$	43,665,977	\$	45,651,646	\$	48,745,491
Urban runoff special assessments								
Sales Taxes		9,340,828		10,187,902		10,740,580		10,967,955
Utility Users Tax		8,330,638		8,368,125		9,061,296		9,336,326
Transfer Tax		8,258,516		9,451,755		10,333,813		15,679,218
Franchise Tax		1,496,491		2,396,918		2,473,634		2,473,040
Transient Occupancy Tax		1,928,731		2,174,973		2,126,612		2,146,038
Property Tax In-Lieu		1,002,871		1,157,160		1,167,072		1,203,862
Other Taxes		4,460,633		1,831,805		1,500,155		1,339,471
Use of Money and properties		4,465,916		5,136,494		6,957,802		5,300,785
Gain/Loss from disposal of capital assets								12,971,153
Miscellaneous		2,787,194		1,160,517		2,312,459		1,478,855
Transfers		3,027,004		2,831,684		2,891,411		8,463,788
Extraordinary item		1,007,196						
Total Government Activities		85,163,794		88,363,310		95,216,480		120,105,982
Business-Type Activities:								
Use of Money and properties		279,817		685,463		507,799		1,014,577
Miscellaneous		90,277		1,190,730		1,813,296		1,235,399
Transfers		(3,027,004)		(2,831,684)		(2,891,411)		(8,463,788)
Total Business-Type Activities		(2,656,910)		(955,491)		(570,316)		(6,213,812)
Total Primary Government	\$	82,506,884	\$	87,407,819	\$	94,646,164	\$	113,892,170
Component Unit Activities:								
Use of Money and properties	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	_
Miscellaneous								
Increase in value of certain NPCA projects and reserves								
Total Component Unit Activities	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Change in Net Position								
Governmental Activities	\$	5,654,709	\$	2,683,775	\$	6,027,741	\$	20,632,900
Business-Type Activities		11,980,034		11,687,244		14,684,225		2,938,399
Total Primary Government		17,634,743	_	14,371,019	_	20,711,966	_	23,571,299
Changes in Net Position								
Component Unit Activities	\$		¢		¢		¢	

Source: City Finance Department

^(A) Reclassified as Enterprise Fund
 ^(B) The City expanded certain departmental reporting during FY 2021-22. Prior year amounts have not been restated.



\$	52,886,048										
		\$	56,814,066	\$	63,421,779	\$	64,534,572	\$	70,538,809	\$	71,846,979
	14.070.1(0		17 (01 000		10 420 070		22 755 (00		22 522 274		22 (20 145
	14,072,162		17,601,220		19,439,879		22,755,698		22,522,274		22,620,145
	9,080,200		8,809,356		9,091,389		9,011,553		10,102,930		9,779,914
	17,134,704		15,195,899		18,536,929		21,929,943		11,118,684		10,822,407
	2,481,408		2,346,930		2,706,949		3,373,794		3,508,074		3,543,265
	2,292,350		1,952,077		1,996,230		2,555,336		3,207,364		3,380,956
	1,227,585		1,210,667		1,362,667		1,551,000		1,322,000		1,283,000
	1,239,629		1,173,089		789,190		314,674		315,911		314,246
	9,009,003		12,672,608		5,774,634		16,738,842		28,263,394		33,178,202
	16,751,109						21,457		72,481		186,460
	1,060,459		3,359,972		664,514		471,713		2,008,481		11,221,881
	3,832,474		4,557,012		4,511,900		4,164,456		4,292,639		4,382,000
	131,067,131		125,692,896		128,296,060		147,423,038		157,273,041		172,559,455
	2,181,706		2,952,331		441,610		(1,210,245)		2,108,912		5,559,341
	794,524		513,888		421,950		2,329,389		720,396		656,943
	(3,832,474)		(4,557,012)		(4,511,900)		(4,164,456)		(4,292,639)		(4,382,000)
	(856,244)		(1,090,793)		(3,648,340)		(3,045,312)		(1,463,331)		1,834,284
\$	130,210,887	\$	124,602,103	\$	124,647,720	\$	144,377,726	\$	155,809,710	\$	174,393,739
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
<u>ф</u>		φ.		<u>_</u>		Φ.		<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>	
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
¢	20.204.520	¢	24 (05 050	¢	26 055 500	¢	12 152 254	¢	40.000.001	¢	22 172 200
\$	30,394,529	\$	24,695,059	\$	36,955,788	\$		\$		\$	23,473,380
	8,260,361		7,006,023		4,159,631		13,161,110		4,206,231		10,632,865
	38,654,890		31,701,082		41,115,419		56,613,486		53,445,032		34,106,245
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	



	June 30,							
		2015		2016		2017		2018
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$	2,591,009	\$	872,617	\$	1,575,550	\$	782,440
Restricted								
Committed				6,043,000		11,568,004		
Assigned		3,000,000		6,281,684		8,525,868		15,354,029
Unassigned		30,165,670		27,284,395		28,726,377		25,072,934
Total General Fund	\$	35,756,679	\$	40,481,696	\$	50,395,799	\$	41,209,403
All Other Governmental Funds								
Nonspendable	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,115
Restricted		50,922,259		48,736,806		52,352,209		64,846,207
Committed		17,909,767		21,233,524		21,938,791		23,357,819
Assigned								
Unassigned		(14,081)				(2,519,632)		(831,560)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	68,817,945	\$	69,970,330	\$	71,771,368	\$	87,373,581

Source: City of Alameda Finance Department

^(A) The change in total fund balance for the General Fund and other government funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.



2019	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023	2024	
\$ 1,591,812	\$ 1,011,157	\$ 937,545	\$ 3,138,094	\$ 4,093,903	\$	3,631,814
			8,700,000			7,500,000
16,173,757	18,220,882	15,544,000	13,929,791	48,621,221		50,039,490
23,445,239	35,413,925	56,594,050	64,260,392	59,816,414		52,445,888
\$ 41,210,808	\$ 54,645,964	\$ 73,075,595	\$ 90,028,277	\$ 112,531,538	\$	113,617,192 ^{(A}
\$ 2,784,114	\$ 2,878,114	\$ 1,200,533	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_
84,169,854	98,743,112	113,087,912	122,038,092	113,249,231		133,475,448
25,959,758	15,258,412	14,105,669	12,804,312	12,820,131		10,328,387
		1,346,011				
(510,884)	(1,780,179)	—	(365,801)	(1,526,673)		(7,285,724)
\$ 112,402,842	\$ 115,099,459	\$ 129,740,125	\$ 134,476,603	\$ 124,542,689	\$	136,518,111 ^{(A}



**City of Alameda** Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 41,511,670	\$ 43,665,978	\$ 45,651,646	\$ 48,681,491
Other local taxes	34,307,623	36,600,031	38,995,559	43,717,400
Licenses and permits	4,834,523	4,599,669	5,353,671	5,435,030
Developer fees				
Revenue from other agencies	10,472,056	11,799,727	13,461,497	20,936,253
Charges for current services	16,601,934	18,801,604	19,328,754	18,586,442
ines and forfeitures	1,579,608	1,505,913	1,141,664	1,235,816
Jse of money and property	17,472,748	18,278,665	18,876,427	19,512,445
Other	2,898,060	1,088,097	4,920,412	2,362,537
Total Revenues	129,678,222	136,339,684	147,729,630	160,467,414
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	17,213,207	22,246,735	21,770,743	26,765,743
Police	28,682,826	28,816,779	30,853,005	38,367,994
Fire	27,961,054	28,529,688	30,652,703	37,809,548
Public Works	4,558,311	4,742,674	4,918,684	5,452,709
Community Development	16,145,736	17,686,827	18,077,608	17,180,357
Recreation and Parks				
Library				
Planning, Building and Transportation		( 152 007	( 202 002	7 504 207
Community Services	5,797,562	6,453,987	6,382,003	7,584,297
Culture and Recreation				
Housing	1,883,479	2,298,345	1,955,239	4,056,097
apital outlay	16,402,343	17,408,895	22,147,962	28,835,746
Debt service:				
Principal repayment	1,906,000	2,149,564	1,957,436	2,153,966
Interest and fiscal charges	791,566	1,128,676	1,163,030	1,229,634
Total Expenditures	121,342,084	131,462,170	139,878,413	169,436,091
xcess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	8,336,138	4,877,514	7,851,217	(8,968,677)
	6,550,156	7,077,517	7,031,217	(8,708,077)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
ontribution from (to) other entities	10.040.150	00 555 510	24 (50 200	20 546 520
ransfers in	18,842,178	20,777,712	24,650,200	29,546,528
ransfers (out)	(19,093,145)	(22,913,024)	(22,300,789)	(27,133,187)
ale of capital assets			1,514,513	12,971,153
ayment to escrow agent				
ond issuance premium (discount) on debt				
ssuance of long-term debt		3,000,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(250,967)	864,688	3,863,924	15,384,494
xtraordinary item	1,007,196			
Net Change in fund balances	\$ 9,092,367	\$ 5,742,202	\$ 11,715,141	\$ 6,415,817
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	2.5 % (4	^{A)} 2.6 %	(A) 2.3 % ^(z)	A) 2.2 %

NOTE:

Calculation of percentage only includes non-capitalized expenditures that is not being reflected on the capital outlay line. The City implemented a new ERP system in FY 2021-22 and revised the presentation of certain departmental activity.

(B)

Source: City of Alameda Finance Department



City of Alameda Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		2024	_
¢ 52.452.820	¢ 5(775.420	¢ (2.421.770	¢ (4 822 204	¢ 70,570 (10		74 221 850	_
\$ 52,452,829 48 515 027	\$ 56,775,439 48,010,048	\$ 63,421,779 54,861,864	\$ 64,823,204	\$ 70,579,610 52,776,225	4	52 474 844	
48,515,927	48,919,948	54,861,864	62,205,185	52,776,235		52,474,844	
5,824,270	6,790,077	7,036,885	7,047,477	7,590,812		6,830,114	
15 5 11 500	4,452,877	8,377,385	2,362,622	3,318,251		3,007,713	
17,541,700	26,662,943	28,373,176	16,029,558	29,801,551		26,494,321	
12,671,775	13,859,317	13,047,885	14,764,505	17,609,381		18,740,960	
1,180,423	1,121,348	882,204	936,837	1,546,628		1,671,809	
21,843,012	24,354,283	16,928,549	19,307,468	25,958,857		31,483,178	
1,314,287	3,987,166	2,052,715	546,523	3,679,889		646,390	_
162,094,669	186,923,398	194,982,442	188,023,379	212,862,381		215,572,355	_
23,865,017	16,398,248	16,265,961	7,825,555	12,954,262		21,263,887	
33,970,893	34,337,435	34,404,813	37,353,571	39,409,430		46,306,636	
35,153,085	36,280,599	38,153,099	40,741,898	44,291,345		48,868,851	
5,384,542	5,782,721	6,960,509	11,399,139	13,364,537		16,496,078	
16,544,318	15,803,663	16,994,640	13,721,444	14,416,651		11,360,259	
			11,148,382	13,030,099	(B)	14,286,628	(B)
			4,857,264	5,299,291	(B)	5,659,822	(B)
			7,807,306	7,990,657	(B)	8,578,321	(B)
8,522,259	9,521,485	9,053,756	(E	3)	(B)		
2,828,691	3,941,148	5,392,053					
25,675,554	47,389,700	25,874,682	23,162,135	47,912,034		37,431,907	
7,131,495	2,311,954	2,490,674	2,724,662	2,733,581		3,703,385	
1,335,732	998,964	784,811	875,892	888,046		1,586,093	
160,411,586	172,765,917	156,374,998	161,617,248	202,289,933		215,547,963	_
1,683,083	14,157,481	38,607,444	26,406,131	10,572,448		23,225	_
33,127,183	55,347,106	57,442,538	26,397,850	56,700,673		43,151,960	
(31,436,709)	(53,372,814)	(62,979,685)	(31,114,821)	(57,770,505)		(45,485,514)	
16,751,109							
				2 0 17 000		15 051 110	
4,906,000	1.074.202	(5 527 147)	(1 716 071)	3,067,898		15,371,410	_
23,347,583	1,974,292	(5,537,147)	(4,716,971)	1,998,066		13,037,856	-
\$ 25,030,666	\$ 16,131,773	\$ 33,070,297	\$ 21,689,160	\$ 12,570,514		5 13,061,076	_
5.9 %	(A) 2.4 % (A)	A) 2.3 % ^(A)	2.5 % (#	A) 2.3 %	(A)	2.3 %	⁄0 ^(A)



# City of Alameda Basic Revenue Index (BRI)

		Calendar Year 2024 Wage Increase									
<b>Object Series</b>	<b>Revenue</b> Type		FY21-22	FY22-23		V	alue Change	% Change			
31100	General Fund Property Tax	\$	51,486,500	\$	57,215,944	\$	5,729,444	11.13 %			
31310	Bradley Burns Sales Tax		11,757,084		11,608,040		(149,044)	(1.27)%			
31600	Property Transfer Tax		21,929,943		11,118,684		(10,811,259)	(49.30)%			
31400	Utility Users Tax		9,011,553		10,102,930		1,091,377	12.11 %			
31700	Transient Occupancy Tax		2,555,336		3,207,364		652,028	25.52 %			
	TOTALS	\$	96,740,417	\$	93,252,962	\$	(3,487,454)	(3.60)%			
	50% Of Total Increase applicable	le to V	Vage Increases	5				(1.80)%			
	Minimum/Maximum per MOUs	5					2.5% to 3.0%				
	BRI WAGE INCREASE EFF	ECTI	VE JANUAR	Y				(1.80)%			



City of Alameda

**Basic Revenue Index (BRI)** 

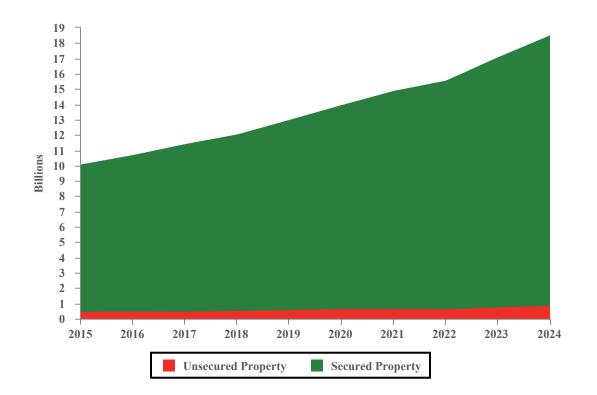
	Calendar Year 2025 Wage Increase												
	FY23-24	V	alue Change	% Change									
\$	61,339,424	\$	4,123,480	7.21 %									
	12,292,966		684,926	5.90 %									
	10,822,407		(296,277)	(2.66)%									
	9,779,914		(323,016)	(3.20)%									
	3,380,956		173,592	5.41 %									
\$	97,615,667	\$	4,362,705	4.68 %									
_													

2.34 %

2.5% to 4.0%

2.34 %





Fiscal Year	Secured Property	Percent Change	Unsecured Property	Percent Change	Total Assessed
2015	\$ 10,074,322,282	6.35 % \$	457,262,328	(4.05)%	\$ 10,531,584,610
2016	10,688,573,728	6.10 %	466,708,505	2.07 %	11,155,282,233
2017	11,404,111,189	6.69 %	454,198,686	-2.68 %	11,858,309,875
2018	12,033,671,681	5.52 %	511,300,374	12.57 %	12,544,972,055
2019	12,983,045,316	7.89 %	560,482,846	9.62 %	13,543,528,162
2020	13,948,085,350	7.43 %	632,158,585	12.79 %	14,580,243,935
2021	14,872,870,275	6.63 %	629,020,320	-0.50 %	15,501,890,595
2022	15,543,159,035	4.51 %	616,058,289	(2.06)%	16,159,217,324
2023	17,069,843,894	9.82 %	735,821,317	19.44 %	17,805,665,211
2024	18,500,709,443	8.38 %	844,961,835	14.83 %	19,345,671,278

NOTE: California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The State Constitution establishes the rate at 1% and allocates a portion of that amount, by an annual calculation, to all the taxing entities within a tax rate area. Estimated full market information is not available. See the following page for the total direct rate applied to the assessed valuation base for each year.

Source: Alameda County Auditor Controller Office Certificate of Assessed Valuations

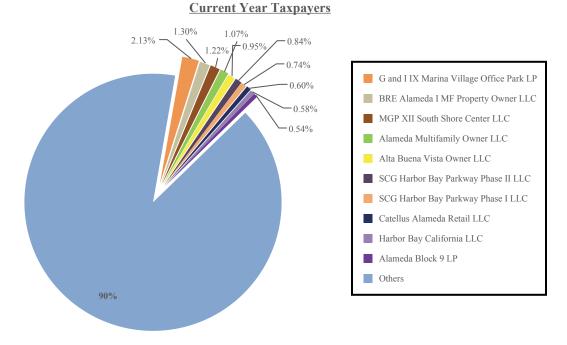


# City of Alameda Property Tax Rates All Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	(	Basic County Wide Levy ^(A)	 City	Alameda Unified School Bonds	East Bay Regional Park	EBMUD Special District 1	Oakland Unified School Dist. Bonds	 BART	Peralta College	County Go Bond	 Total
2015	\$	1.0000	\$ 0.0250	\$ 0.0503	\$ 0.0085	\$ 0.0047	0.0000	\$ 0.0045	\$ 0.0412	0.0000	\$ 1.1342
2016		1.0000	0.0240	0.1043	0.0067	0.0034	0.0000	0.0026	0.0337	0.0000	1.1747
2017		1.0000	0.0230	0.0967	0.0032	0.0028	0.0000	0.0080	0.0256	0.0000	1.1593
2018		1.0000	0.0225	0.0653	0.0021	0.0011	0.0000	0.0084	0.0310	0.0000	1.1304
2019		1.0000	0.0220	0.0974	0.0057	0.0000	0.0000	0.0070	0.0269	0.0112	1.1702
2020		1.0000	0.0215	0.1036	0.0060	0.0000	0.0000	0.0120	0.0257	0.0108	1.1796
2021		1.0000	0.0215	0.0737	0.0014	0.0000	0.0000	0.0139	0.0452	0.0036	1.1593
2022		1.0000	0.0210	0.0888	0.0020	0.0000	0.1202	0.0060	0.0407	0.0041	1.2888
2023		1.0000	0.0210	0.0806	0.0058	0.0000	0.0000	0.0140	0.0409	0.0103	1.1726
2024		1.0000	0.0205	0.0884	0.0057	0.0000	0.0000	0.0134	0.0418	0.0088	1.1786

Source: Alameda County Assessors Office (A) City of Alameda is 0.3331, Alameda County is 0.3293, Alameda USD is 0.1956 and other government agencies represent 0.142 of the basic county wide levy.





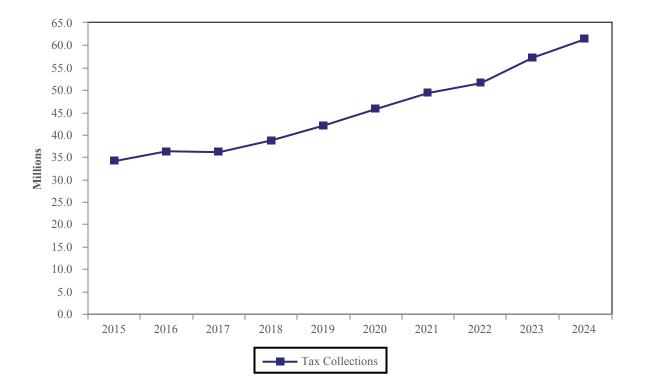
		2023-24		2014-15				
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		
G and I IX Marina Village Office Park LP	\$ 412,733,134	1	2.13 %	\$				
BRE Alameda I MF Property Owner LLC	252,059,599	2	1.30 %					
MGP XII South Shore Center LLC	236,867,923	3	1.22 %					
Alameda Multifamily Owner LLC	207,771,876	4	1.07 %					
Alta Buena Vista Owner LLC	183,415,538	5	0.95 %					
SCG Harbor Bay Parkway Phase II LLC	162,052,500	6	0.84 %					
SCG Harbor Bay Parkway Phase I LLC	142,949,389	7	0.74 %					
Catellus Alameda Retail LLC	116,118,935	8	0.60 %					
Harbor Bay California LLC	112,379,010	9	0.58 %					
Alameda Block 9 LP	105,385,385	10	0.54 %					
Legacy Partners I Alameda LLC				215,644,115	1	2.05 %		
Jamestown Harsch Alameda				190,816,687	2	1.81 %		
KW Alameda LLC				96,152,630	3	0.91 %		
Wind River Systems Inc				63,555,806	4	0.60 %		
Peet's Operating Company				59,803,592	5	0.57 %		
VF Outdoor Inc				47,606,370	6	0.45 %		
Amstar-105 LLC				47,201,554	7	0.45 %		
SKS Harbor Bay Associates LLC				43,127,469	8	0.41 %		
Woodstock Homes Corporation				35,967,428	9	0.34 %		
Crea Bridgeside LLC				34,780,000	10	0.33 %		
Subtotal	\$ 1,931,733,289		9.97 %	\$ 834,655,651		7.92 %		
Total Net Assessed Valuation:								
Fiscal Year 2023-24	\$ 19,345,671,278							

Source: Alameda County Assessor Fiscal Year Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

\$ 10,531,584,610

Fiscal Year 2014-15





Fiscal Year	 Total Tax Levy ^(A)	-	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections ^(A)	 Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2015	\$ 34,093,132	\$	34,093,132	100 %	\$	\$ 34,093,132	100 %
2016	36,292,959		36,292,959	100 %		36,292,959	100 %
2017	36,090,128		36,090,128	100 %		36,090,128	100 %
2018	38,726,740		38,726,740	100 %		38,726,740	100 %
2019	42,037,930		42,037,930	100 %		42,037,930	100 %
2020	45,733,246		45,733,246	100 %		45,733,246	100 %
2021	49,310,946		49,310,946	100 %		49,310,946	100 %
2022	51,486,500		51,486,500	100 %		51,486,500	100 %
2023	57,215,944		57,215,944	100 %		57,215,944	100 %
2024	61,339,424		61,339,424	100 %		61,339,424	100 %

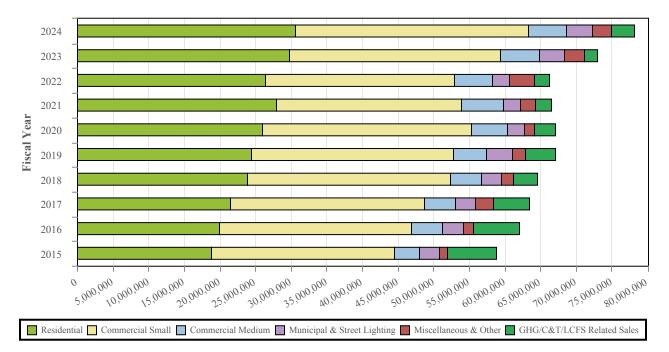
Source: City of Alameda Records

NOTE: Current tax collections beginning in 1993 have been reduced by a mandatory tax reallocation imposed by the State of California. ^(A)During FY 1994-95, the County began providing the City 100% of its tax levy under an agreement (Teeter Plan) which allows the County to keep all interest and delinquency charges collected.



City of Alameda Alameda Municipal Power Electric Operating Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### **ELECTRIC OPERATIONS**

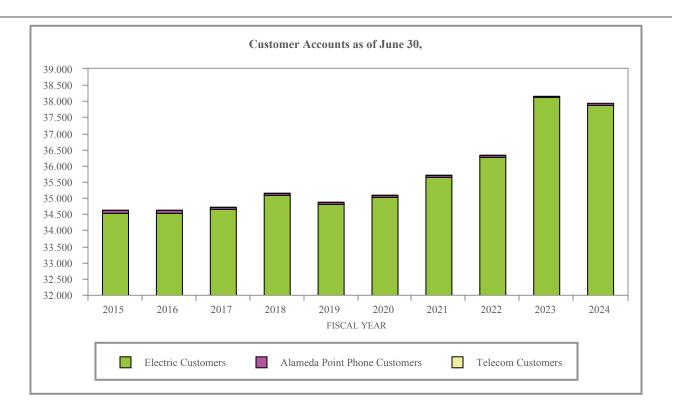


		5	Sales of Electricit	У					
Fiscal Year	Residential	Commercial Small	Commercial Medium	Municipal	Street Lighting/ Other	Miscellaneous Services	Plant Lease &Jobbing Sales	GHG/C&T/ LCFS Related Sales	Total
2015	\$ 18,849,656	\$ 25,660,869	\$ 3,435,518	\$ 2,047,549	\$ 797,198	\$ 742,071	\$ 402,567	\$ 6,824,069	\$ 58,759,497
2016	19,869,104	27,071,358	4,278,240	1,973,689	1,028,631	947,765	479,791	6,363,950	62,012,528
2017	21,510,126	27,177,335	4,366,885	1,958,154	913,248	1,275,191	1,177,119	5,071,175	63,449,233
2018	23,902,788	28,500,186	4,338,898	1,965,664	793,870	1,146,507	519,200	3,435,082	64,602,195
2019	24,414,010	28,354,299	4,580,711	2,225,142	1,453,471	510,524	1,380,846	4,159,358	67,078,361
2020	25,933,443	29,341,107	5,069,275	2,238,296	149,514	362,644	1,062,614	2,909,457	67,066,350
2021	27,946,417	26,015,342	5,845,303	2,058,753	320,052	284,931	1,778,194	2,296,903	66,545,895
2022	26,375,111	26,584,210	5,230,140	2,455,536	15,350	499,947	2,973,677	2,165,206	66,299,177
2023	29,742,058	29,670,943	5,493,443	2,536,925	970,954	682,855	2,108,141	1,765,255	72,970,574
2024	30,590,103	32,733,484	5,256,043	2,722,668	981,614	656,643	2,006,598	3,179,665	78,126,818

Fiscal Year	Residential	Commercial Small	(	Commercial Medium		Municipal		Street Lighting/ Other	Total KWH	-	Peak Demand (KW)
2015	\$ 125,431,220	\$ 174,257,771	\$	26,587,830	\$	12,809,590	\$	3,116,374	342,202,785		63,372
2016	125,831,929	176,575,883		31,490,040		12,375,517		2,546,494	348,819,863		64,283
2017	126,850,402	172,520,353		30,127,960		11,428,198		2,838,825	343,765,738		63,738
2018	124,589,523	168,873,305		28,321,180		10,723,565		2,518,330	335,025,903		59,624
2019	125,510,907	164,807,447		28,712,440		11,064,274		2,034,011	332,129,079		54,362
2020	129,591,566	166,745,235		31,301,090		11,539,236		2,605,615	341,782,742		61,990
2021	138,607,950	146,664,721		35,641,270		10,470,953		2,548,136	333,933,030		62,664
2022	130,100,333	150,731,047		31,576,810		12,536,267		1,763,268	326,707,725		60,551
2023	142,845,315	160,854,387		31,982,570		12,541,574		2,307,674	350,531,520		64,002
2024	135,285,528	167,903,386		28,368,710		12,555,799		1,912,228	346,025,651		60,014



City of Alameda Alameda Municipal Power Customer Accounts Last Ten Fiscal Years



### Number of Electric Customer Accounts:

Fiscal Year	Residential	Commercial Small	Commercial Medium	Commercial Large	Municipal	Street Lighting & Other	Total Customer Accounts	
2015	30,307	3,558	276	8	365	11	34,525	
2016	30,470	3,425	280	8	354	11	34,548	
2017	30,495	3,437	327	12	365	18	34,654	
2018	30,798	3,577	321	12	373	13	35,094	
2019	30,650	3,479	303	7	356	14	34,809	
2020	30,872	3,481	294	10	361	18	35,036	
2021	31,349	3,627	283	9	378	15	35,661	
2022	32,058	3,542	312	11	348	14	36,285	
2023	33,850	3,608	286	9	363	14	38,130	
2024	33,711	3,531	279	15	350	9	37,895	

NOTE: Telecommunication operation was sold in November 2008 - 10 year historical data is zero for 2009 onwards.

Fiscal Year	Cable TV	Internet Data	Telecommunications * Customer Accounts	Alameda Point Telephone Customer Accounts
2015	_	_	_	100
2016	_	_	_	88
2017	—	—	_	79
2018	—	—	—	66
2019	—	—	—	59
2020	—	—	—	58
2021	—	—	—	61
2022	—	—	—	57
2023	—	—	—	44
2024	—	—	_	48

*Telecommunication operation was sold in November 2008.



City of Alameda Alameda Municipal Power Pricing Changes Last Ten Fiscal Years

# **Electric Rate Changes**

Date	Percent Change
July 1, 2015	4.60 %
July 1, 2016	5.00 %
July 1, 2017	5.00 %
July 1, 2018	1.00 %
July 1, 2019	2.50 %
July 1, 2020	0.00 %
July 1, 2021	0.00 %
July 1, 2022	5.00 %
July 1, 2023	7.00 %
July 1, 2024	3.00 % (Fiscal Year 20

# #Alameda

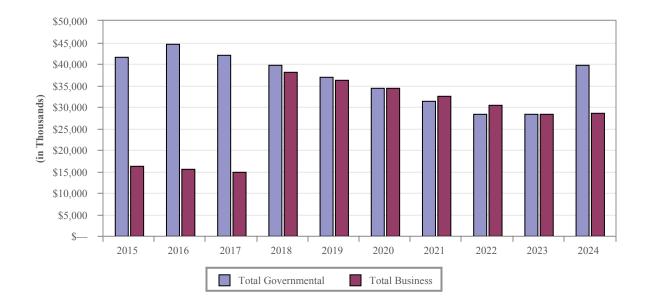
City of Alameda Alameda Municipal Power Top 10 Customers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

2024

No	Customer	Type of Business	KWHS	Percent of System Total	Revenues	Percent of System Total
1	U.S. Coast Guard	Regulation, Admin. of Transportation	14,623,405	4.23 %	\$ 2,678,205	3.71 %
2	Penumbra, Inc.	Medical Devices Developer/Manufacturer	9,037,655	2.61 %	1,758,368	2.43 %
3	G&I IX Marina Research Park LP	Life Science & Research Tenants	7,774,549	2.25 %	1,559,019	2.16 %
4	City of Alameda	Local Government	6,149,499	1.78 %	1,346,065	1.86 %
5	Alameda Unified School District	Public School District	5,832,655	1.69 %	1,193,249	1.65 %
6	Exelixis	Biopharmaceutical Company	5,678,220	1.64 %	1,166,474	1.61 %
7	Peets Coffee & Tea	Coffee Roaster and Retailer	5,035,920	1.46 %	945,055	1.31 %
8	Sila Nanotechnologies	An Engineered Materials Company	4,912,576	1.42 %	972,405	1.35 %
9	San Leandro Health System	Hospital, Medical and Emergency Services	4,517,673	1.31 %	844,807	1.17 %
10	Abbott Diabetes Care	Healthcare Industry	4,285,652	1.24 %	744,822	1.03 %
	Top 10 Customers KWHS		67,847,804	19.61 %	\$ 13,208,469	18.27 %
	Total Kilowatt Hour Sales	System Totals	346,025,651	100 %	\$ 72,283,911	100 %



City of Alameda Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years



	Governmental Activities											
Fiscal Year		Certificates of Participation	General Obligation Bond		Re	venue Bond		oans & Lease Purchases		Total		
2015	\$	10,930,000	\$	8,610,000	\$	11,000,000	\$	10,995,218	\$	41,535,218		
2016		9,960,000		8,270,000		10,600,000		15,807,781		44,637,781		
2017		9,210,000		7,925,000		10,200,000		14,812,439		42,147,439		
2018		8,736,269		7,634,770		9,800,000		13,642,297		39,813,336		
2019		7,905,750		7,264,303		9,400,000		12,427,012		36,997,065		
2020		7,045,231		6,878,836		9,000,000		11,388,194		34,312,261		
2021		6,149,712		6,483,369		8,600,000		10,253,070		31,486,151		
2022		5,214,193		6,072,902		8,100,000		9,030,104		28,417,199		
2023		4,603,674		5,652,435		7,500,000		10,663,403		28,419,512		
2024		3,968,158		5,216,965		21,622,490		8,947,566		39,755,178		

**Business-Type Activities** 

Fiscal Year	/ear COPS & Revenue Bonds		Loans & Lease Purchases		Total		otal Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^(A)	Per Capita ^(A)	
2015	\$ 14,190,000	5	5 2,033,841	\$	16,223,841	\$	57,759,059	1.87 %	\$ 760.38	
2016	13,905,000		1,616,170		15,521,170		60,158,951	1.88 %	758.84	
2017	13,615,000		1,187,296		14,802,296		56,949,735	1.66 %	712.51	
2018	37,472,390		746,920		38,219,310		78,032,646	2.21 %	989.47	
2019	35,878,793	(B)	448,878		36,327,671		73,324,736	1.98 %	924.46	
2020	34,160,196	(B)	291,527		34,451,723		68,763,984	1.80 %	845.68	
2021	32,356,599	(B)	196,836		32,553,435		64,039,586	1.55 %	791.75	
2022	30,468,002	(B)	99,682		30,567,684		58,984,883	1.34 %	758.32	
2023	28,449,408	(B)	2,657,081		31,106,489		59,526,001	1.24 %	770.19	
2024	26,310,811	(B)	2,387,805	(C)	28,698,616		68,453,794	1.30 %	876.81	

NOTE: Debt amounts exclude any premiums, discounts, or other amortization amounts.

Sources: City of Alameda

State of California, Department of Finance (population)

U.S. Department of commerce, Bureau of the Census (income)

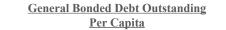
(A) See the Demographic Statistics for personal income and population data.

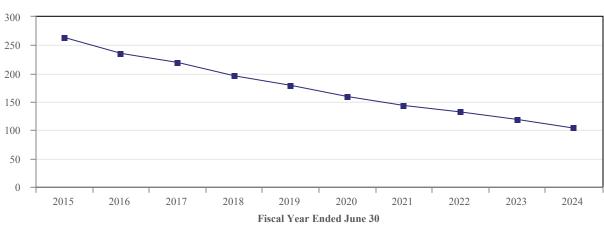
(B) Includes Alameda Municipal Power debt balances beginning in FY 2017-18.

Prior year amounts have not been restated.

(C) Includes the Alameda Municipal Power 1835 Alameda Property, LLC lease liability beginning in FY 2022-23. Prior year amounts have not been restated.







	General Bonded Debt Outstanding												
Fiscal Year	Certificates of General scal Year Participation Obligation Bond			Less Cas Plus Investn Unamortized Restricto Bond Premium Repayment				Net Bonds Outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property		Per Capita		
2015	\$	10,930,000	\$	8,610,000	\$	459,812	\$	—	\$	19,999,812	0.19 %	\$	263.29
2016		9,960,000		8,270,000		428,011				18,658,011	0.17 %		235.35
2017		9,210,000		7,925,000		397,025				17,532,025	0.15 %		219.35
2018		8,435,000		7,570,000		366,039		(931)		15,440,536	0.12 %		195.79
2019		7,630,000		7,205,000		335,053		(978,478)		14,191,575	0.10 %		178.92
2020		6,795,000		6,825,000		304,067		(978,860)		12,945,207	0.09 %		159.20
2021		5,925,000		6,435,000		273,081		(1,032,965)		11,600,116	0.07 %		143.42
2022		5,015,000		6,030,000		242,095		(1,019,139)		10,267,956	0.06 %		132.01
2023		4,430,000		5,615,000		211,109		(1,075,210)		9,180,899	0.05 %		118.79
2024		3,820,000		5,185,000		180,123		(1,106,814)		8,078,309	0.04 %		103.47

Source: City of Alameda Finance Department



2023-24 Assessed Valuation:

### \$19,347,224,678

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Total Debt 6/30/24	% Applicable ^(A)	City's Share of Debt 6/30/24
Alameda County	\$ 497,295,000	4.825 %	\$ 23,994,484
Bay Area Rapid Transit District	2,445,575,000	1.916 %	46,857,217
Peralta Community College District	434,210,000	13.006 %	56,473,353
Alameda Unified School District	309,881,968	100.0 %	309,881,968
East Bay Regional Park District	144,520,000	3.011 %	4,351,497
City of Alameda 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	5,185,000	100.0 %	5,185,000
City of Alameda Facilities District No. 13-1	36,835,000	100.0 %	36,835,000
City of Alameda Facilities District No. 22-1	17,500,000	100.0 %	17,500,000
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$ 501,078,519
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Alameda County and Coliseum Authority General Fund Obligations	\$ 656,746,000	4.825 %	\$ 31,687,995
Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District Certificates of Participation	10,420,000	5.680 %	591,856
Peralta Community College District Pension Obligations	115,150,043	13.006 %	14,976,415
Alameda Unified School District General Fund Obligations	4,557,000	100.0 %	4,557,000
City of Alameda General Fund Obligations	17,750,000	100.0 %	17,750,000
City of Alameda Demand Revenue Bonds	6,900,000	100.0 %	7,500,000
City of Alameda Loans and Leases from Direct Borrowing	8,947,565	100.0 %	10,663,403
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION			
DEBT			\$ 87,726,669
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	\$ 41,045,000	100.0 %	\$ 41,045,000
Total Direct Debt			\$ 38,782,565
Total Overlapping Debt			\$ 588,751,784
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 627,534,349 ^(B)

(A) Percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the City is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the City divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

1.13 %

(B) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded lease obligations.

Ratios to 2023-24 Assessed Valuation:

Direct Debt (\$5,615,000)	0.03 %
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.59 %
Total Direct Debt (\$28,208,403)	0.20 %
Combined Total Debt	3.24 %
Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$3,876,718,903):	

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt

NOTE: The overlap is calculated based upon information by the City and the County of Alameda.



## ASSESSED VALUATION:

Secured property assessed value, net of exempt real property <u>\$ 18,495,715,794</u>

BONDED DEBT LIMIT (15% OF ASSESSED VALUE) ^(A)		\$ 2,7	74,357,369
AMOUNT OF DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT:			
Total Bonded Debt	\$ 57,118,424		
Less:			
Revenue Bonds	47,933,301		
Certificates of Participation	 3,968,155		
Amount of debt subject to limit			5,216,968
LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN		\$ 2,7	69,140,401

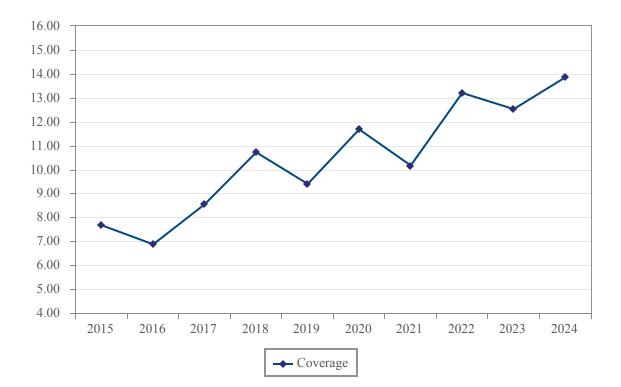
_	Fiscal Year	Debt Limit		 Net Debit ble to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total net Debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debit limit	
	2015	\$	1,510,066,600	\$ 8,610,000	\$ 1,501,456,600		0.57 %
	2016		1,602,204,317	8,270,000	1,593,934,317		0.52 %
	2017		1,709,534,936	7,925,000	1,701,609,936		0.47 %
	2018		1,804,066,088	7,570,000	1,796,496,088		0.42 %
	2019		1,946,576,941	7,205,000	1,939,371,941		0.37 %
	2020		2,091,332,946	6,878,836	2,084,454,110		0.33 %
	2021		2,230,050,685	6,483,369	2,223,567,316		0.29 %
	2022		2,330,662,285	6,072,902	2,324,589,383		0.26 %
	2023		2,559,665,014	5,652,435	2,554,012,582		0.22 %
	2024		2,774,357,369	5,216,968	2,769,140,401		0.19 %

(A) California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted prior to the change in being assessed value to full market value when it was previously 25% of market value. Thus, the limit shown as 3.75% is one-fourth the limit to account for the adjustment of showing assessed valuation at full cash value.

Source: City of Alameda Finance Department



City of Alameda Sewer Fund Debt Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years



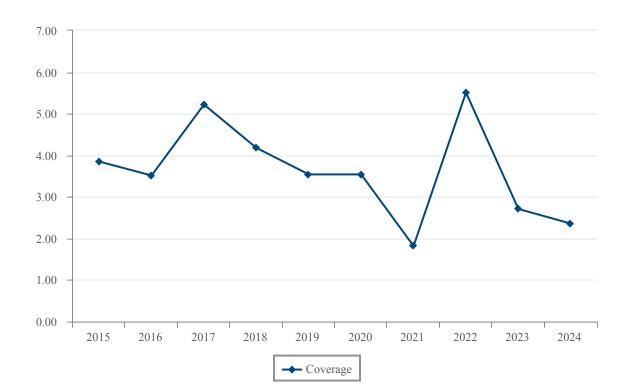
			Oi	perating		et Revenue vailable for							
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenu	ie ^(A)	Ex	penses ^(B)	D	Debt Service		Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2015	\$ 10,011	,701	\$	4,475,317	\$	5,536,384	\$	275,000	\$	447,069	\$	722,069	7.67
2016	10,278	,327		5,305,530		4,972,797		285,000		438,719		723,719	6.87
2017	10,197	,953		4,043,407		6,154,546		290,000		430,069		720,069	8.55
2018	10,671	,202		2,973,134		7,698,068		300,000		418,269		718,269	10.72
2019	11,495	,009		4,720,299		6,774,710		315,000		405,969		720,969	9.40
2020	12,347	,227		3,388,912		8,958,315		375,000		392,169		767,169	11.68
2021	11,694	,525		3,897,775		7,796,750		390,000		376,869		766,869	10.17
2022	11,521	,715		1,449,047		10,072,668		400,000		363,069		763,069	13.20
2023	12,731	,692		3,164,395		9,567,297		415,000		348,769		763,769	12.53
2024	13,868	,903		3,256,294		10,612,609		430,000		336,169		766,169	13.85

**Debt Service Requirements** 

NOTE: ^(A) Includes all Sewer Operating Revenues, Non-operating Interest Revenue, Connection Fees, other Non-operating Revenue ^(B) Includes all Sewer Operating Expenses, less Depreciation

Source: City of Alameda Annual Financial Statements





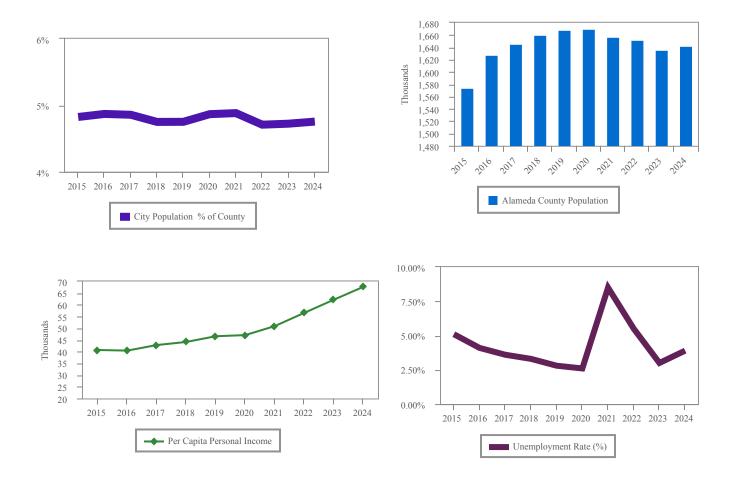
							 Det	ot Sei	vice Requiren	ents		
Fiscal Year	 Gross Revenue ^(A)	Av	venues Not vailable for ot Service ^(B)	Operating Expenses ^(C)	A	Vet Revenue Available for Debt Service	 Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2015	\$ 59,022,915	\$	6,824,069	\$ 41,755,514	\$	10,443,332	\$ 1,158,581	\$	1,554,056	\$	2,712,637	3.85
2016	63,509,684		6,363,950	47,864,750		9,280,984	1,130,000		1,510,325		2,640,325	3.52
2017	65,735,599		5,071,175	46,926,046		13,738,378	1,170,000		1,461,044		2,631,044	5.22
2018	65,532,532		3,435,082	51,123,219		10,974,231	1,220,000		1,406,364		2,626,364	4.18
2019	69,044,773		4,159,358	55,616,579		9,268,836	1,275,000		1,342,703		2,617,703	3.54
2020	69,124,622		2,909,457	56,426,290		9,788,875	1,340,000		1,273,787		2,613,787	3.75
2021	64,305,751		2,296,903	57,265,781		4,743,067	1,410,000		1,199,156		2,609,156	1.82
2022	66,299,177		2,165,206	49,791,154		14,342,817	1,485,000		1,118,327		2,603,327	5.51
2023	72,970,573		1,765,255	64,122,157		7,083,161	1,600,000		1,014,055		2,614,055	2.71
2024	78,126,818		3,179,665	68,797,667		6,149,486	1,705,000		902,940		2,607,940	2.36

NOTE: ^(A) Includes all Municipal Power operating revenues, non-operating interest revenue, other non-operating revenue ^(B) GHG / C&T related sales ^(C) Includes all Municipal Power operating expenses, less depreciation and interest

Source: City of Alameda Annual Financial Statements



City of Alameda Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years



Fiscal Year	City Population	Total Personal Income	 Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate (%)	Alameda County Population	City Population % of County
2015	75,961	\$ 3,092,904,037	\$ 40,717	5.1%	1,574,497	4.82%
2016	79,277	3,207,096,000	40,454	4.1%	1,627,865	4.87%
2017	79,928	3,423,524,000	42,833	3.6%	1,645,359	4.86%
2018	78,863	3,529,109,000	44,153	3.3%	1,660,202	4.75%
2019	79,316	3,695,508,000	46,592	2.8%	1,669,301	4.75%
2020	81,312	3,828,228,000	47,081	2.6%	1,670,834	4.87%
2021	80,884	4,118,360,000	50,916	8.5%	1,656,591	4.88%
2022	77,784	4,401,297,000	56,583	5.5%	1,651,979	4.71%
2023	77,287	4,807,291,000	62,201	3.0%	1,636,194	4.72%
2024	78,071	5,283,851,000	67,680	3.9%	1,641,869	4.76%

Source: California State Department of Finance



		2023-24			2014-15	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Penumbra, Inc.	2060	1	2.64%	761	2	1.00%
Alameda Unified School District	966	2	1.24%	900	1	1.18%
Exelixis	706	3	0.90%			
Felton Institute	601	4	0.77%			
City Of Alameda	579	5	0.74%	505	6	0.66%
World Market Management Services LLC	417	6	0.53%			
Sila Nanotechnologies Inc.	403	7	0.52%			
Webcor Builders LP	363	8	0.46%			
Kairos Power LLC	315	9	0.40%			
Bay Ship & Yacht Company	306	10	0.39%	309	10	0.41%
VF Outdoor				696	3	0.92%
Oakland Raiders				549	4	0.72%
Abbott Diabetes Care				512	5	0.67%
Alameda Hospital				490	7	0.65%
Safeway Stores				472	8	0.62%
Wind River				450	9	0.59%
Subtotal	6,716		8.59%	5,644		7.43%
Total City Day Population	78,071			75,961		

Sources: Businesses and City of Alameda Business License Records



City of Alameda Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

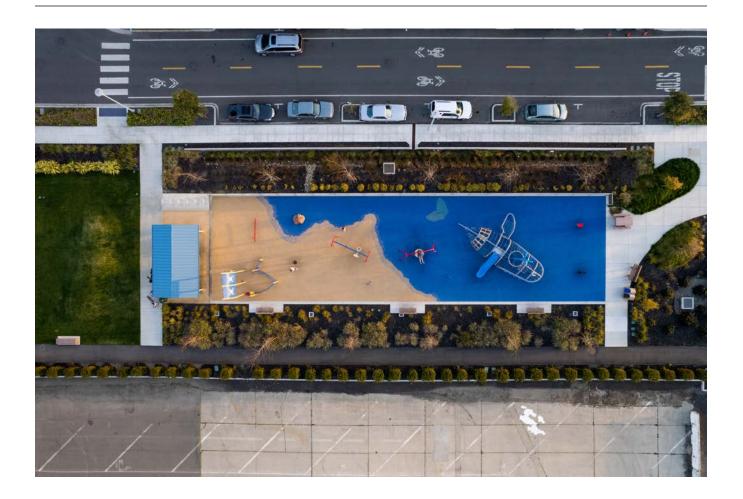


	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function										
General Government	39.35	40.62	50.47	51.97	44.70	47.75	48.75	54.00	66.20	69.00
Public Safety	226.00	229.00	229.00	233.00	233.00	239.00	239.00	241.00	248.00	250.00
Public Works	68.90	70.65	62.90	62.40	73.75	74.75	74.75	82.00	83.00	86.00
Community Development (A)	35.75	41.00	41.38	43.38	40.30	40.25	41.25	43.00	42.00	45.00
Community Services (B)	41.00	39.98	41.00	43.00	43.00	46.00	48.00	52.00	53.00	55.00
Alameda Municipal Power	93.50	96.75	96.25	97.25	98.25	95.25	95.25	94.25	91.00	91.00
Total	504.50	518.00	521.00	531.00	533.00	543.00	547.00	566.25	583.20	596.00

NOTE: (A) Community Development includes Planning, Building and Transportation. (B) Community Services includes Library and Recreation.

Source: City of Alameda







City of Alameda Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Y	ears	
	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Information				
Area in square miles	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7
Number of registered voters	44,006	46,055	48,074	47,367
Number of Hospitals	1	1	1	1
Education:				
Student enrollment	9,552	9,455	9,481	9,502
Elementary schools	10	10	10	9
Junior high schools	2	2	2	4
High schools	3	3	4	4
Continuation schools	1	1	1	1
Independent study	1	1	1	1
Teachers (full & part time)	549	626	713	610
Function/Program				
Fire:				
Fire calls for service	6,439	6,860	7,410	7,378
Primary fire inspections conducted	1,444	1,617	1,058	1,814
Police:				
Police calls for Service	69,347	74,517	67,832	68,074
Law violations:				
Part I and Part II crimes	4,383	4,494	4,638	5,133
Group A and Group B crimes (C)				
Physical arrests (adult and juvenile)	2,332	2,127	2,024	1,674
Traffic violations	8,507	8,334	9,058	7,807
Sewer				
Storm drain inlets	2,951	2,951	2,951	2,951
Sewer service connections	19,454	19,454	19,454	19,454
Solid Waste				
Refuse Landfill (tons per year)	26,139.00	28,742.07	28,420.00	27,170.35
Recyclables Processed (tons per year)	22,859.00	17,016.32	24,303.00	24,736.97



City of Alameda Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
22.	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7
51,52	50,717	50,108	50,162	52,339	49,036
	1	1	1	1	1
9,06	8,830	8,981	9,952	9,504	9,380
	9	9	9	9	9
	4	4	4	4	4
	4	4	4	4	4
	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1
49	500	502	531	548	686
9,86	9,478	7,963	6,990	7,274	7,027
2,98	2,896	1,873	903	1,071	1,685
67,08	65,435	60,615	51,259	67,141	74,369
	6,356	5,135	4,487	4,814	4,816
97	977	1,002	776	1,249	1,370
3,54	4,007	3,655	569	4,486	6,248
5,08	5,023	4,969	4,994	4,914	4,914
20,07	20,066	21,235	21,164	19,965	19,926
25,162.7	25,848.43	26,580.71	25,648.18	25,858.95	27,240.21
24,171.8	24,855.10	24,947.21	25,886.59	24,754.42	25,309.57



**City of Alameda Operating Indicators by Function/Program** Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

		Fiscal	Years	
	2015	2016	2017	2018
Planning & Building:				
Number of Building Permits issued	4,038	4,018	3,677	3,832
Recreation and Parks ^(A) :				
Youth & Teens:				
Number of youth programs ^(B)	278	277	268	299
Number of youth attendees	32,259	29,920	22,603	23,750
Seniors:				
Number of senior programs	164	177	216	233
Number of senior attendees	148,520	137,143	136,092	131,213
Number of meals served	6,620	3,021	5,340	5,963
Library:				
Volumes in Collection (thousands)	214	215	219	219
Total Volumes Borrowed (thousands)	476	456	392	424
Finance:				
Number of Business Licenses issued	5,553	5,169	6,068	6,948
Alameda Municipal Power:				
Number of electric customers	34,525	34,494	34,648	34,790
Number of kilowatt hours sold	342,202,785	348,819,863	343,765,738	335,025,903

Source: City of Alameda

NOTES: ^(A) Programs and participants lower due to pandemic. Senior Center was closed and adult/youth drop-in programs cancelled.
 ^(B) Starting in FY 2020-21, the department is more accurately accounting for programs. For example, summer camp is not one program, rather each program site and each summer camp week is counted as distinct.
 ^(C) During FY 2023-34, the Alameda Police Department began reporting crimes using the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS).



City of Alameda Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

		Fiscal	Years		
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3,722	3,401	3,734	4,255	3,829	3,634
625 41,108	625 41,108	868 14,168	770 13,285	835 15,346	940 16,676
272	272	114	125	180	305
113,838 5,472	113,838 5,472	21,156 7,575	51,988 9,809	78,227 13,232	95,274 13,452
120	221	210	222	220	201
139 403	221 362	219 234	222 493	220 550	201 588
7,168	8,846	6,279	8,357	7,502	8,243
35,396 332,129,079	36,067 341,782,742	36,201 333,933,030	35,728 326,402,131	36,643 350,531,519	38,685 345,891,484



City of Alameda Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Y	ears	
-	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program				
Fire:				
Fire stations	4	4	4	4
Police:				
Police stations	1	1	1	1
Public works:				
Miles of streets	140	138	120	125
Miles of bike lanes	15	15	26	28
Miles of on-street bikeways (G)				
Miles of separated bike lanes				
Miles of bike routes				
Miles of shared-use or separated bike/ped trails				
Street and parking lot fixtures				6,342
Traffic Signals	87	87	86	87
Wastewater				
Miles of sanitary sewers	150	143	143	142
Miles of storm sewers	70	70	126	126
Recreation and Parks:				
City parks	32	32	32	32
City parks acreage	152	152	152	152
Playgrounds	12	12	12	12
City trails/Bike paths ^(A)	13	13	13	13
Community centers	13	13	13	13
Senior centers	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools ^(B)	2	2	2	2
Tennis/pickleball courts (C)	16	16	16	16
Baseball/softball grass fields	18	18	18	18
Multipurpose grass fields (D)	3	3	3	3
Synthetic Turf Multi-Purpose Field				
Synthetic Turf Challenger Baseball Field				
Golf Course ^(E)				
Library:				
City Libraries	3	3	3	3
Alameda Municipal Power:				
Miles of lines	263	263	264	273
Street lights	5,441	5,470	5,470	(F

Source: City of Alameda

NOTE: (A) Every park has asphalt trails throughout. There are few distinct and separated trails/paths in parks.

(B) Owned by the City but operated and maintained by Alameda Swimming Pool Association.

(C) Includes 4 pickleball courts that were not new, but were not included prior to FY 2020-21.

(D) 7 multipurpose (soccer, football, lacrosse, etc.) fields in City Parks, plus 5 owned by the City at Alameda Point, but operated and maintained by Alameda Soccer Club.

 (E) 45-hole, 300-acre golf complex owned by City but operated and maintained by Greenway Golf. Includes separate concession agreement for onsite restaurant with Jim's on the Course.

Not a new facility, but included starting in FY 2020-21 to more accurately account for park facilities.

^(F) Street lights were transferred to Public Works per voter approval on November 2016 ballot.

^(G) Miles of on-street bikeways tracking only used in FY 2021-22.



City of Alameda Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years									
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024				
4	4	4	4	4	4				
1	1	1	1	1	1 + Annex				
125	125	125	147	140	140				
49	31	50	19	19	21				
			35						
					4				
					13				
			18	18	18				
6,609	6,609	6,800	6,850	7,011	7,224				
86	86	89	90	89	89				
142	142	142	142	148	148				
126	126	126	126	126	126				
35	35	35	36	36	36				
192	192	204	206	206	206				
13	13	15	16	17	17				
14	14	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
13	13	15	15	15	15				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
16	16	20	20	23	23				
18	18	18	18	18	18				
3	3	11	11	11	11				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
		1	1	1	1				
3	3	3	3	3	3				
273	280	282	286	289	291				
(F)	(F)	(F)	(F)	(F)	(F)				











