

## Utility Modernization Act (UMA)









## What is the UMA?

- 1. Modernizes our existing Utility Users Tax (UUT)
  - No increase to current tax rates but expands things that are taxed
- 2. Confirms Alameda Municipal Power's (AMP) historical support of essential city services
  - No increase to electric bills (adjusted for inflation)

The UMA modernizes our existing laws and practices and allows us to maintain core city services.



## What is the UUT?

- The Utility Users Tax (UUT) is an existing 7.5% tax on the consumption of:
  - Electricity
  - Gas
  - Cable TV
  - Telecommunications Services











# History of the UUT

- In 1970, the City Council enacted a Utility Users Tax (UUT) to help fund general city services
- In 1995, the City Council increased the UUT to 7.5%
- Prop 218 stipulated that any tax must be ratified by the voters
- As a result, in November 1998, the City placed the UUT on the ballot and it was passed by the voters











# What Will the Modernization Do?

- This measure will return the UUT revenue in the General Fund back to the FY 2007/08 level.
  - Expect to raise approximately \$1.5 million
- \$0 \$5 per user per month increase depending on if your carrier is currently applying the tax correctly.
  - (Two different users with the same plan under different carriers pay different amounts for UUT)
  - 10 agencies in Alameda County have a Utility
    Users Tax. Of these, 8 have updated and
    modernized their UUT through a vote.



# Why is the UUT Important?

- The UUT is the City's 4<sup>th</sup> largest revenue source that was put in place to ensure the City of Alameda had steady revenue to support essential public services, including:
  - Medical emergency response
  - Police Patrol and Investigations
  - Fire Protection
  - Street and Road Repair
  - Libraries
  - Maintenance of Parks and Recreation Facilities



## Alameda Municipal Power (AMP)

## Alameda Municipal Power (AMP) – Historical Support of City

Annual Transfer - \$2.8 million

- Transfer since 1914
- Written into the Charter in 1937
- Amount varies Peaked in 1995 at \$3.6 million

Street Lights - \$900,000

 Maintenance, Replacement, and Electricity

Other Support - \$1.4 million

- Payment In Lieu Of Taxes (PILOT)
- Return On Investment (ROI)



## Alameda Municipal Power (AMP)

#### **October 2015 - Ginsburg vs. City of Alameda**

 Lawsuit alleges AMP's support of the General Fund is in violation of Proposition 26 (approved Nov 2010)

"Charge for a government service cannot be more than the reasonable cost to provide that service – otherwise it's a tax"

Common practice among municipal utilities

# Why is the Transfer Important?

AMP's annual transfer provides the City of Alameda with key financial support to fund essential services, which maintain Alameda's quality of life, including:

- Emergency medical response
- Fire response to emergencies
- Police response to violent and property crimes
- Streets and pothole repair
- Maintaining neighborhood parks



## What Exactly is "Modernization"?

## Alameda Municipal Power (AMP)

Current language in Charter written in 1937 and is grossly outdated.

#### **PROPOSED NEW LANGUAGE:**

 Effective July 1, 2017 Alameda Municipal Power will make an annual transfer to the City, in the amount of \$3,700,000, plus an adjustment for inflation and minus any exemptions

## Alameda Municipal Power (AMP)

- The Public Utilities Board (PUB) is authorized to fix rates in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of the annual transfer as part of its authority to fix rates; and
- Alameda Municipal Power will collect the amount of the annual transfer from its ratepayers, by including an amount "proportionate to the amount paid as a percentage of the total revenue collected, within each rate, fee, or other charge."

#### THIS LANGUAGE CONFIRMS EXISTING PRACTICE AND WILL NOT IMPACT EXISTING RATES

- Includes a modern, functional definition of telecommunication and video services that is technology-neutral, and includes VoIP (voice over internet protocol) telephone service, IP-TV (broadband cable-like services), paging, and private communication services;
- Follows definitions similar to Streamlined Sales and Use Tax definitions that are widely followed in other states and are easily administered by the telecommunication industry;
- Incorporates definitions of "ancillary telecommunication and video services" that are commonly recognized by the industry;

- Includes a modern definition of "video services" since telephone companies are now providing "video" or cable-like services (IP-TV) and CATV companies are providing voice services (VoIP).
- Provides detailed definitions and descriptions of unbundled services that historically have been included in taxable gas and electric services;
- Provides other administrative tools for addressing taxation issues including administrative rulings and sourcing, bundling and nexus guidelines to assure broad and even-handed application of the tax;

- Assures that the Utility Users Tax revenue will be properly collected through the use of third party auditors; and
- Maintains the 2% exemption for Alameda residents whose gross annual household income meets guidelines for low income designation or who are senior citizens. The definition of senior citizen, however, has been raised from 62+ to 65+ similar to other taxing entities.

Complies with current Federal Law which states:

- No tax on "internet access" such as email and digital downloads as well as games, music, and software etc.
- No tax on direct broadcast satellite TV

#### A TYPICAL CUSTOMER LIKELY WILL NOT SEE AN INCREASE IN TAXES THOUGH SOME TELECOMMUNICATION USERS MAY DEPENDING ON IF THEIR SERVICE PROVIDER IS PROPERLY APPLYING THE EXISTING TAX.

### How Will the UMA Affect the Balanced Revenue Index (BRI)?

- The BRI is used to calculate salary increases for some employees, including public safety
- The BRI represents the City's top five General Fund Revenue Sources:
  - Property Tax
  - Bradley Burns Sales Tax
  - Utility Users Tax
  - Property Transfer Tax
  - Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT)

• The collection of any new UUT revenue will affect compensation changes effective January 1, 2018

### How Will the UMA Affect the Balanced Revenue Index (BRI)?

- It is expected that additional UUT revenue will not escalate BRI any more than currently anticipated based on the current revenue projection.
- Should other revenues (property tax, sales tax, transient occupancy tax and/or transfer tax) used in the calculation of BRI exceed current projections cumulatively by more than \$2.1 million, it will cause an increase in the BRI.
- AMPs transfer is not part of the BRI.

# Why is Modernization so Important?

 Combined – the UUT and AMPs Transfer will represent 15% of the City's General Fund.

 Loss of this revenue would significantly affect the City's ability to provide essential city services.



## Recommendation

- Call and notice a General Municipal Election to be held on Tuesday, November 8, 2016;
- Order the submission to the electors of the Utility Modernization Act;
- Consider authoring a direct and possible rebuttal argument; and
- Direct the City Attorney to prepare the impartial analysis.

### **Question and Answer**

