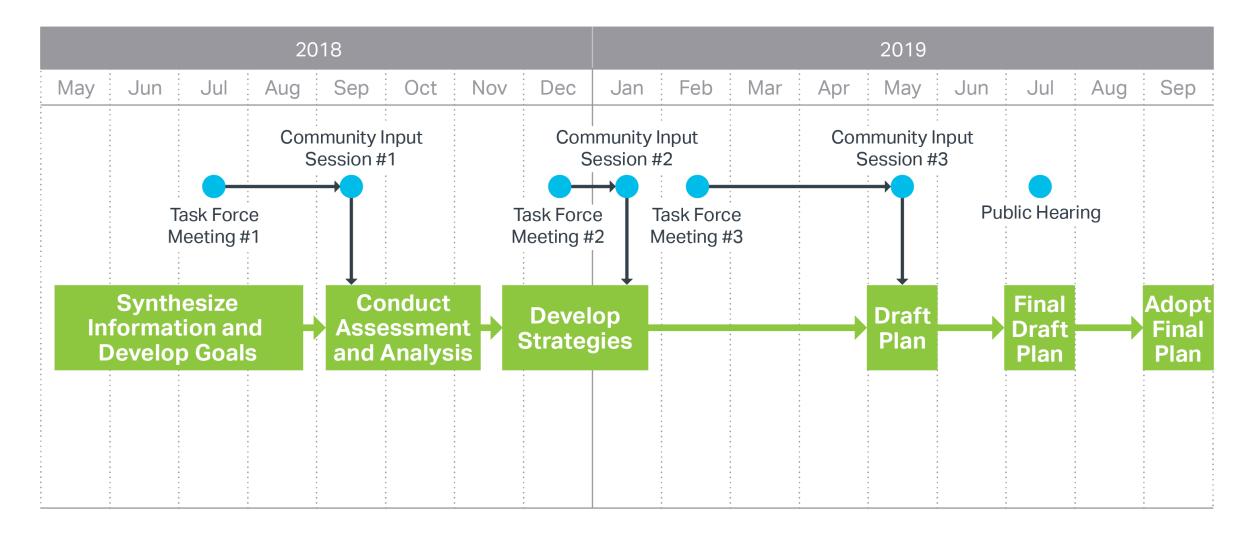


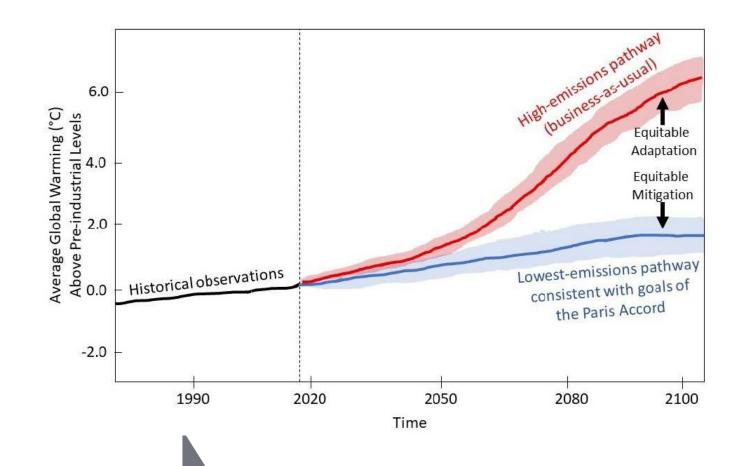
CARP Development Process





Alameda's Climate Safe Path

The combination of mitigation and adaptation into a single, actionable plan identifies significant co-benefits for Alameda.



Greehouse Gas Emission Reduction Goals

Climate Adaptation Goals **CARP**

Climate-Resilient

Alameda

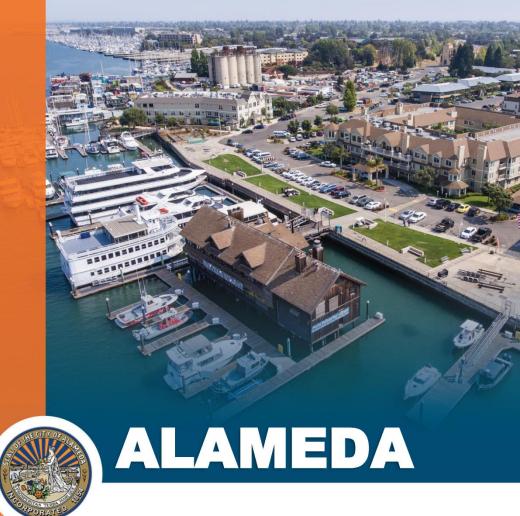
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- SLR and storm surges
- Inland flooding
- Drought

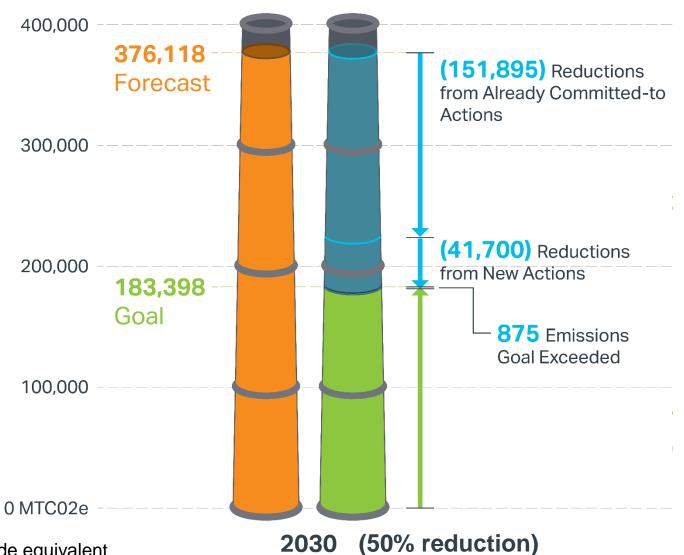
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- Earthquakes/liquefaction
- Effective implementation and capacity building



Climate Action and Resiliency Plan (CARP)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction Goals

The City aims to reduce GHG emissions to 50% below 2005 levels by 2030 and reach carbon neutrality as soon as possible.



GHG Emissions Reduction Actions

Transportation



- Encourage mode shift
- Encourage electric vehicle use

Sequestration

- Draw down carbon from atmosphere
- Plant trees

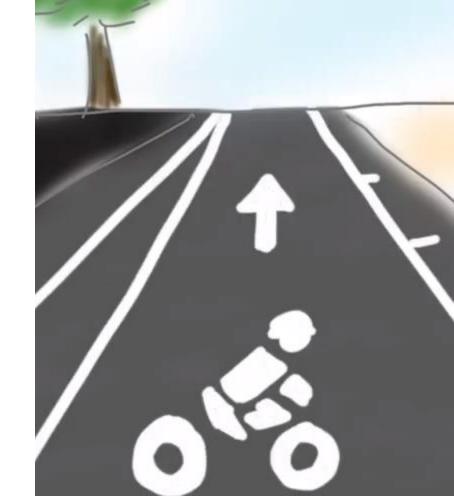
Buildings



- Reduce natural gas use
- All-electric new residential development
- Replace gas appliances in existing buildings



- 100% clean energy
- Implement the TCP
- Implement the ZWIP
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Alameda's Adaptation Planning Process

Existing and Future Conditions

 Define baseline and future climate conditions based on best available science

Vulnerability Assessment Identify key vulnerabilities and impacts to infrastructure, residents, economy, and environment

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 Develop strategies and actions at asset and citywide scale

Climate Hazard-Specific Goal Areas







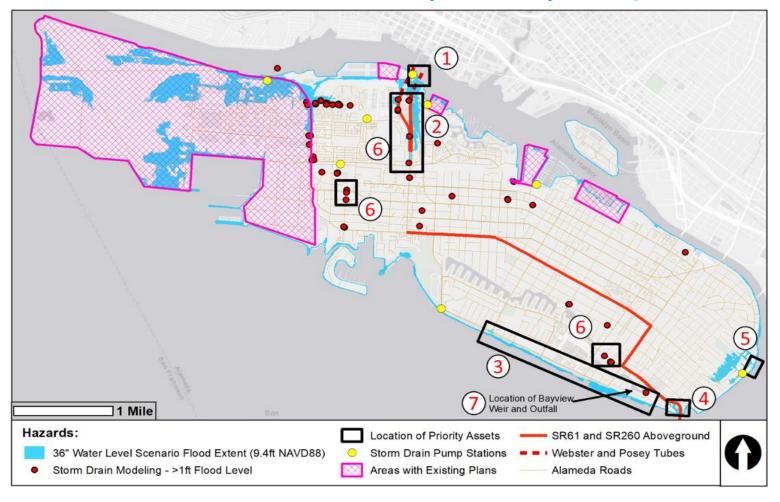


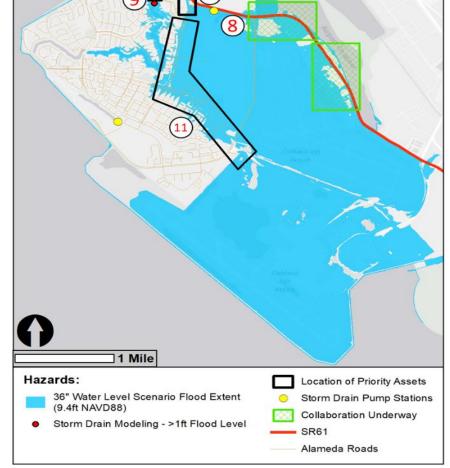




Location-based Priority Flooding Areas

Shoreline and Natural Areas | Utilities | Transportation





- 1 Shoreline at Webster and Posey Tubes
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CARP Phase 1 Milestones (Years 1-2)



OPERATIONAL



GHG REDUCTION



ADAPTATION

- Reassess City's organization and staffing
- Implement "Climate Impacts" section in staff reports
- Hire Sustainability Coordinator
- Reconvene Green Working Group
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Mode Shift

- T1: Encourage telecommuting
- **T3:** Improve traffic signal synchronization
- **T5:** Ban gas-powered leaf blowers



Vehicle Electrification

- **T7:** Promote purchase of LEVs and ZEVs
- **T8:** Continue programs to encourage EV purchases
- **T9:** Encourage businesses to install EV charging stations
- **T10:** Electrify City's fleet



Buildings

- **E1:** Fuel switch in existing buildings
- **E2:** Require new residential construction to be all-electric
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- **S1:** Complete composting feasibility study
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Update Alameda Point MIP for CARP consistency

- Develop Veteran's Court seawall adaptation project
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- Continue water conversation and drought-resistant landscaping programs
- Consider infrastructure bond for adaptation and mitigation projects

BY 7 PM TONIGHT

- -Q&A
- -Public Comment
- -Council Comment

FINAL ACTION ON 9/3









Alameda's Changing Climate













An Uncertain Future



Transportation



Public Utilities



Water and Food Supply



Public and Ecosystem Health



Air and Water Quality

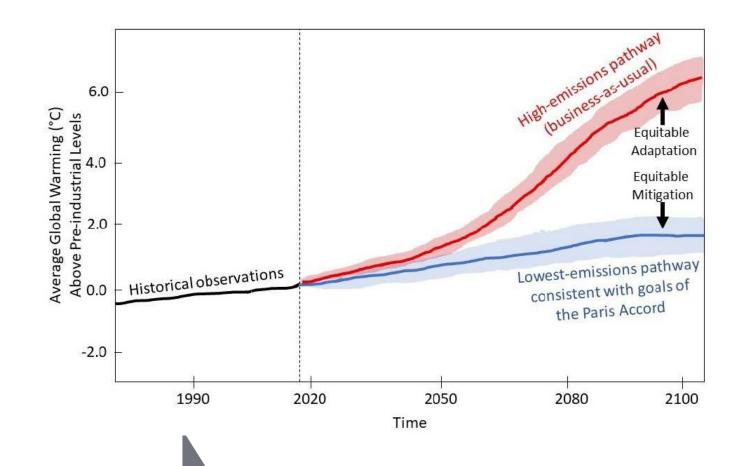


Public and Personal Property



Alameda's Climate Safe Path

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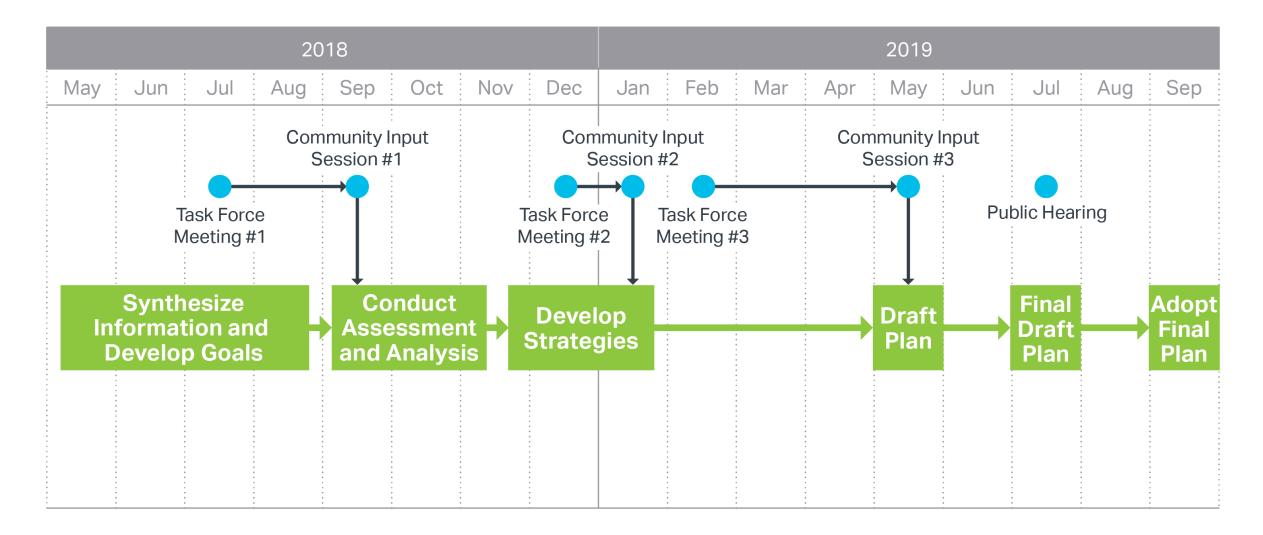
Greehouse Gas Emission Reduction Goals

Climate Adaptation Goals **CARP**

Climate-Resilient

Alameda

CARP Development Process



A Proactive Response

- Local Action Plan for Climate Protection (2008)
- Developed Alameda Point Master Infrastructure Plan (2014) and Local Hazard Mitigation Plan (2016)
- With more recycling and composting, achieved 79% landfill diversion (2017)
- Won \$40 million in transportation grants for modeshifting projects (2017)
- Council referral to update Local Action Plan (2017)
- Ban on plastic straws (2018)
- Won funding for two Climate Fellows and grant for climate planning (2018)
- City Council Climate Emergency Declaration (2019)
- GHG emissions inventory and Climate Action and Resiliency Plan (2019)
- In 2020, GHG emissions reduced by 23% since 2008



LOCAL ACTION PLAN FOR CLIMATE PROTECTION

PREPARED BY THE CITY OF ALAMEDA
CLIMATE PROTECTION TASK FORCE AND THE
PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

As Part of the Cities for Climate Protection Campaign

Adopted by the City Council of the City of Alameda on February 5, 2008



City of Alameda Planning and Building Department 2263 Santa Clara Avenue, Room 190, Alameda, CA 94501

A Community Response

- Climate change action originated from the community, CASA, and City Council
- CARP reflects input from hundreds of public comments and suggestions
- Youth engagement of middle and high school students. Watch their <u>video!</u>







Bay Area Climate Adaptation Network
Bike Walk Alameda
Building Decarbonization Coalition
Building Industry Association of the Bay Area
Climate Readiness Institute
Community Action for a Sustainable Alameda
Earth Justice
Rocky Mountain Institute
San Francisco Estuary Institute
Sierra Club
StopWaste

Stakeholder Engagement

- Green Working Team
- Task Force
- Community Input Sessions
- Online Input
- City-Led Stakeholder Engagement











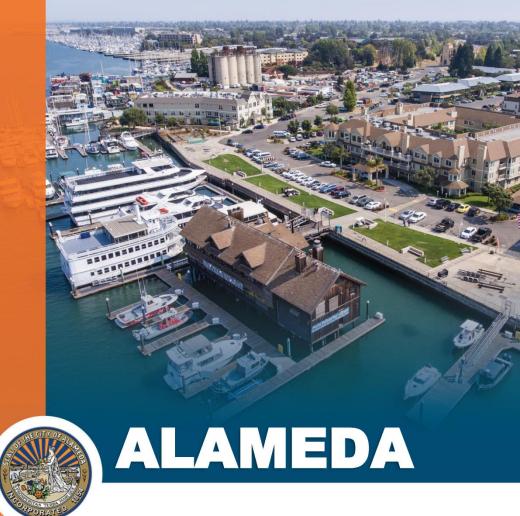
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Eight Targeted Goals:

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- Extreme heat
- Wildfires
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- Effective implementation and capacity building



Climate Action and Resiliency Plan (CARP)

CARP Guiding Principles

Aligning with State Goals



- CARP aligns with state policies
- Develop plan to address mitigation and adaptation
- Reduce reliance on fossil fuels

Building on Regional Planning



- Expands work of BCDC's ART Program
- Draws upon latest climate projections
- Identifies opportunities for collaboration with City and neighboring jurisdictions

Committing to Equity



- Considered society and equity, economy, environment, and governance
- Conducted social vulnerability assessment
- Identified equitable mitigation and adaptation strategies

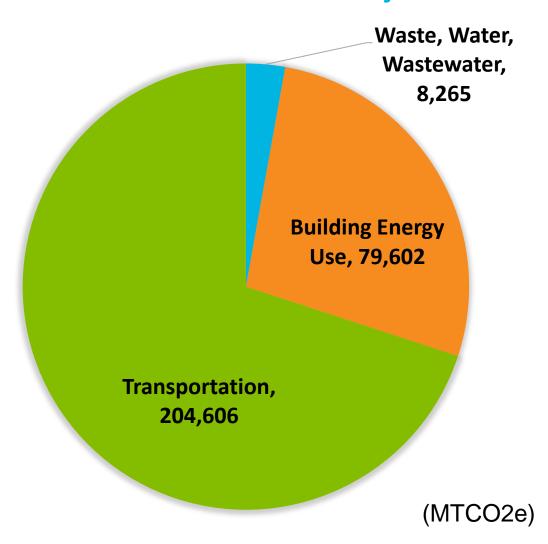




Greenhouse Gas Emissions

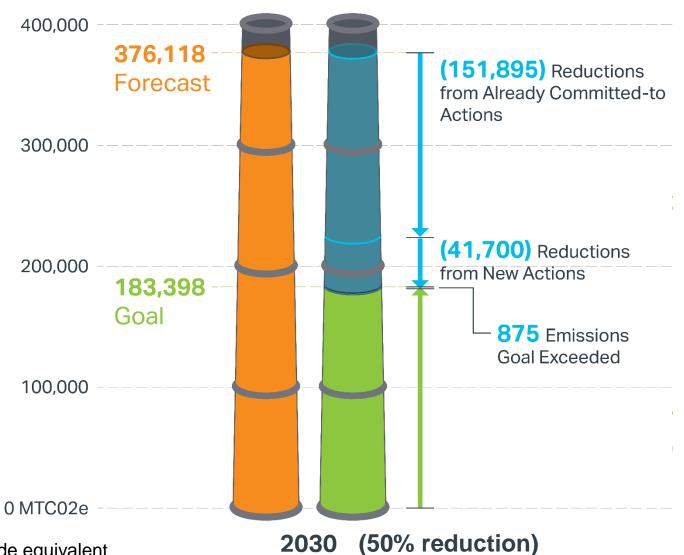
- City has worked to reduce GHG emissions since 2008
- City will achieve a 23 percent reduction relative to 2005 by 2020
- GHG reductions to date primarily from:
 - AMP's shift to 100 percent clean electricity
 - Zero Waste Implementation Plan (ZWIP)
 - Transportation Choices Plan (TCP)
 - Reduction in vehicle miles traveled (VMT)
- Future GHG reductions will come from transportation sector and natural gas consumption

Alameda's 2020 GHG Projections



Greenhouse Gas Reduction Goals

The City aims to reduce GHG emissions to 50% below 2005 levels by 2030 and reach carbon neutrality as soon as possible.



GHG Emissions Reduction Actions

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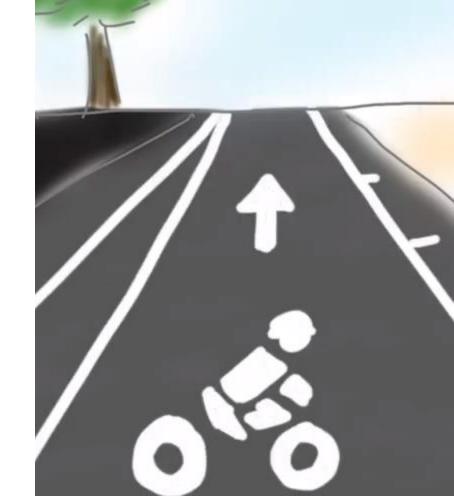
Buildings



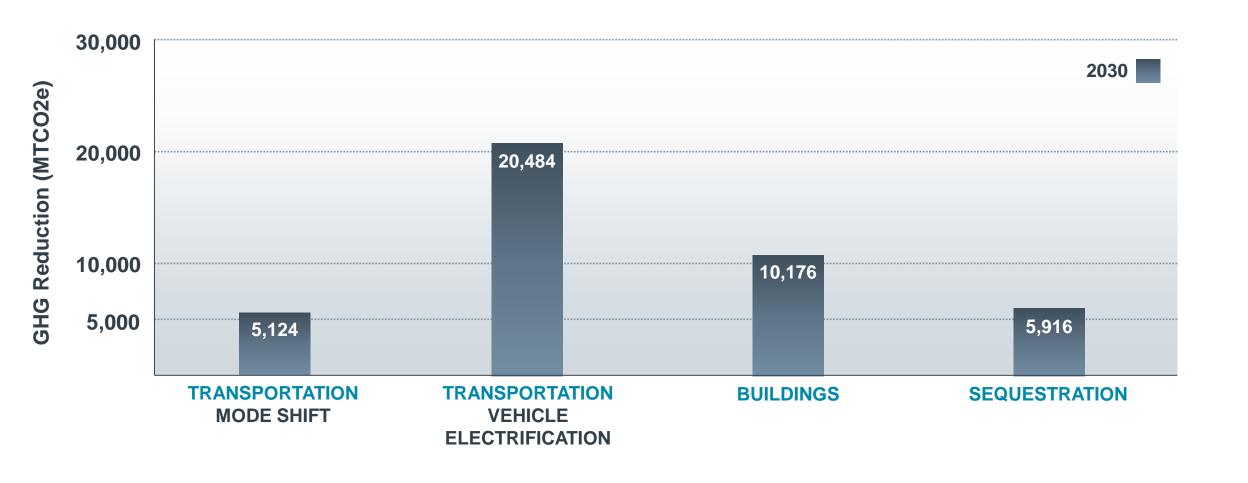
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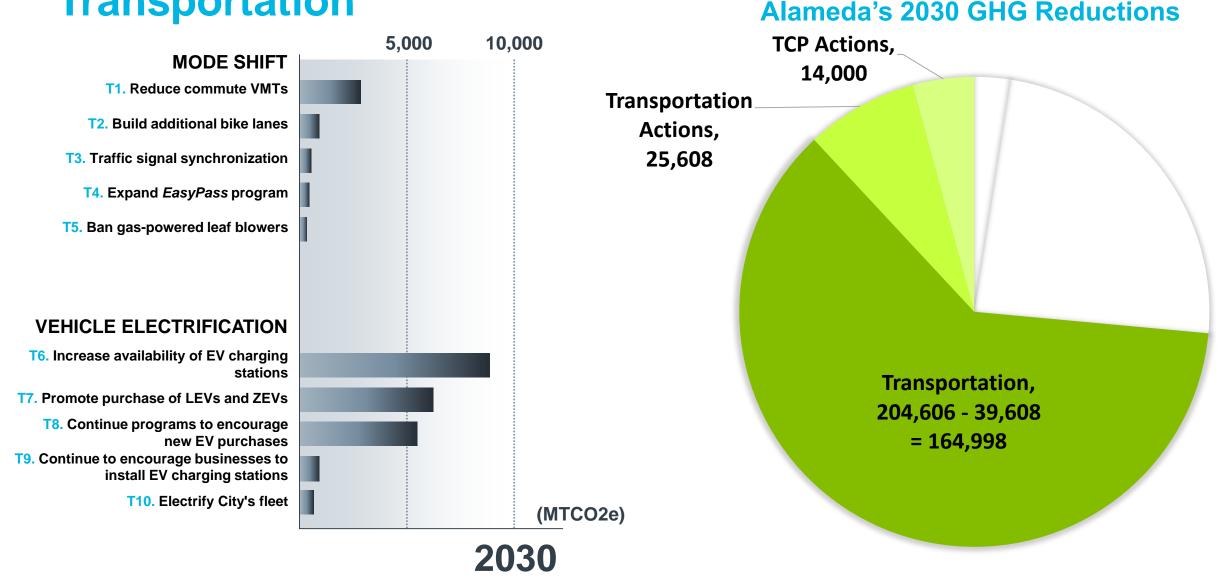
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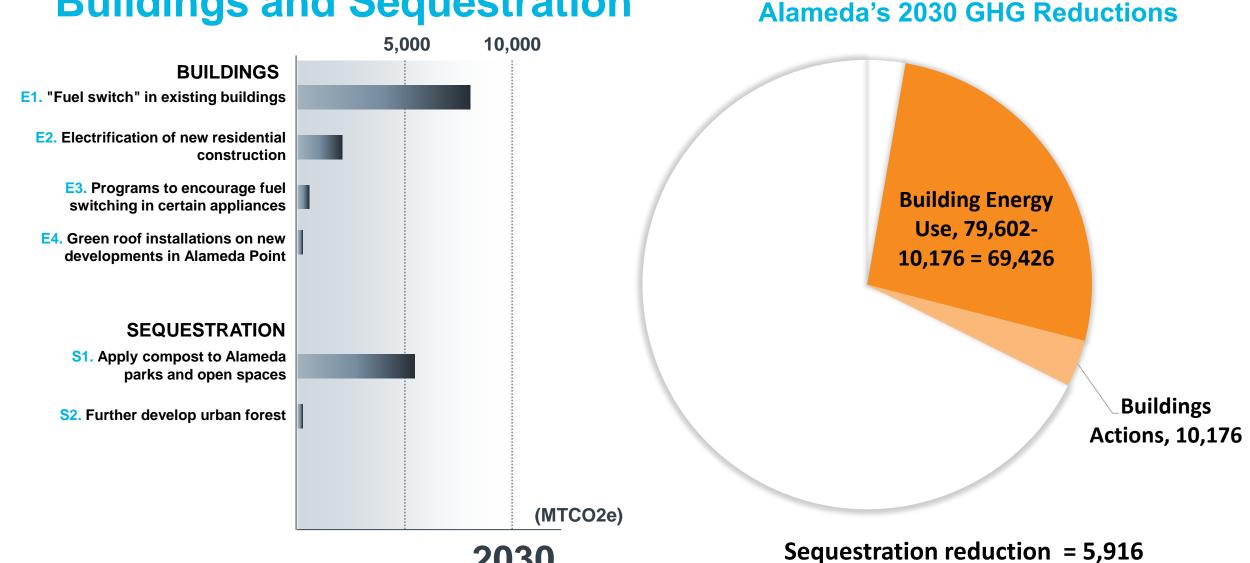
GHG Emissions Reductions Actions



GHG Emissions Reductions Actions: Transportation Alar



GHG Emissions Reductions Actions: **Buildings and Sequestration**



2030



Climate Hazard-Specific Goals



Protect assets from SLR and storm surge, plan future land use to avoid impacts, and enhance natural shoreline habitat to mitigate impacts.



Reduce water consumption and increase drought-resistant landscaping.



Increase resiliency and capacity of the stormwater system to prevent flooding of assets during extreme precipitation events



Reduce heat island effect and protect vulnerable populations from heat impacts during heat waves



Ensure building and infrastructure retrofit and new design standards in areas at high risk of liquefaction consider both seismic risk and SLR impacts.



Protect public health from smoke impacts during wildfire events, especially among vulnerable populations.

Alameda's Adaptation Planning Process

Existing and Future Conditions

 Define baseline and future climate conditions based on best available science

Vulnerability Assessment Identify key vulnerabilities and impacts to infrastructure, residents, economy, and environment

Adaptation Strategies

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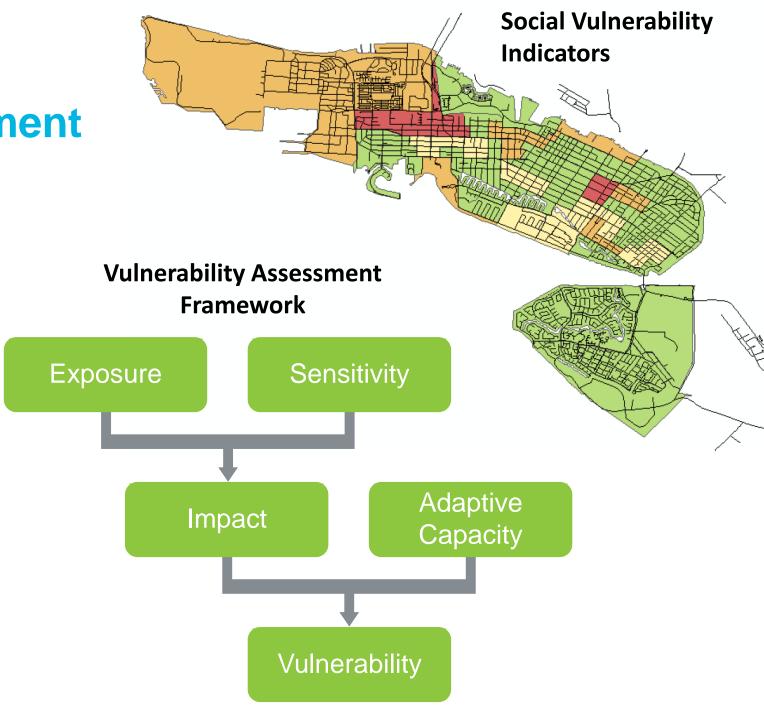






Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment

- Social vulnerability assessment
 - Social factors affect population sensitivity
 - Considered factors such as age, income, transitdependence, education, language, etc.
 - Identified portions of Alameda with high social vulnerability
- Location-based priority flooding areas (exposed soonest with greatest consequence)
- Citywide sectors evaluated

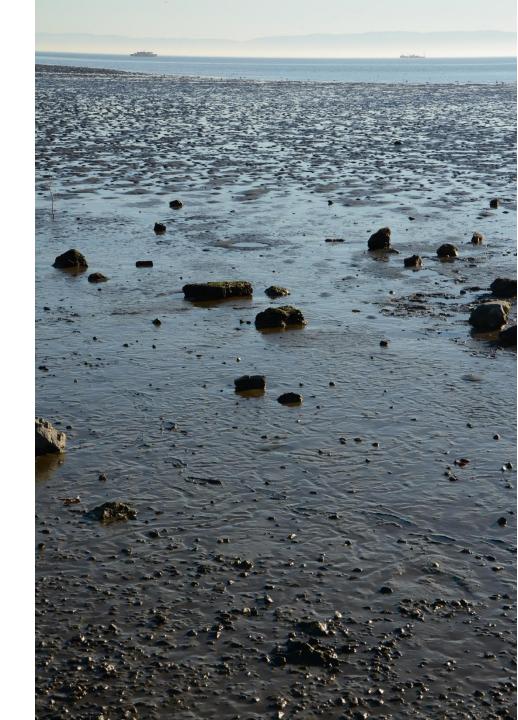


Increasing Resiliency by Sector

- Buildings
- Critical services
- Land use
- Shoreline and natural areas
- Transportation
- Contaminated lands and waste
- Utilities
- Public health and welfare

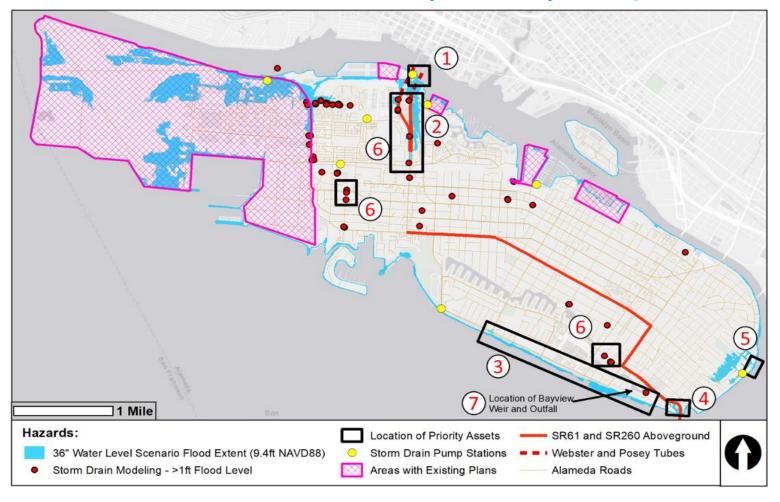
CARP includes list of potential strategies, relative cost, responsible entity, and timeline for each sector.

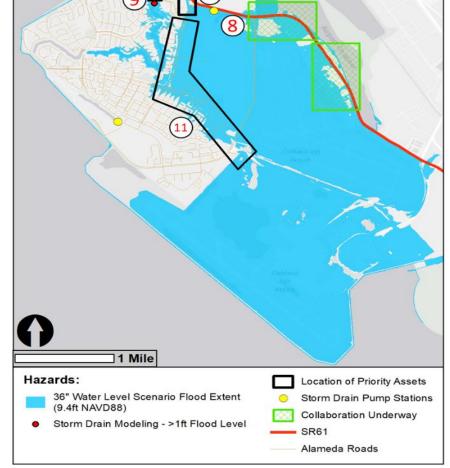
Case studies are also included.



Location-based Priority Flooding Areas

Shoreline and Natural Areas | Utilities | Transportation

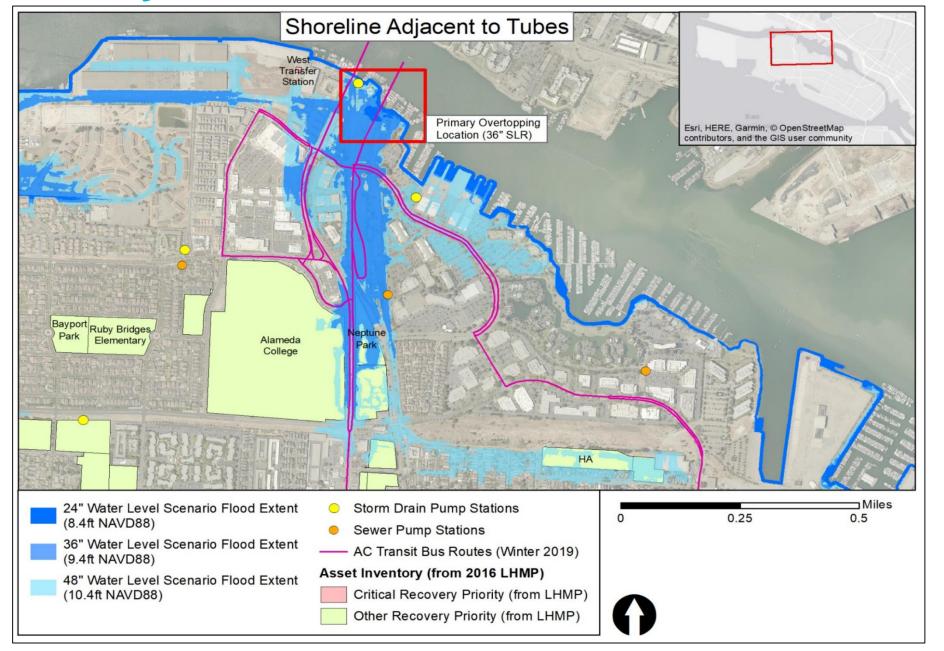




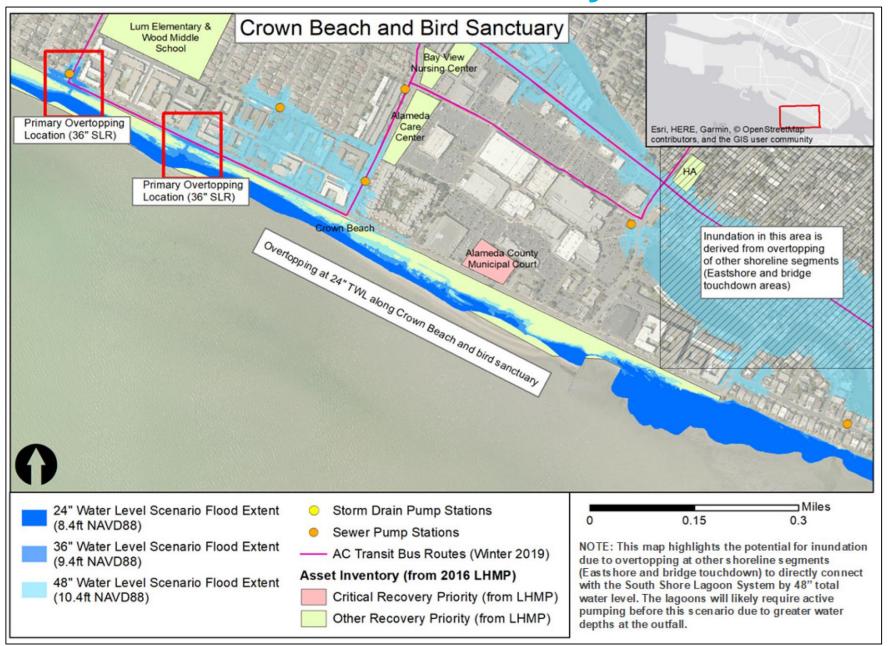
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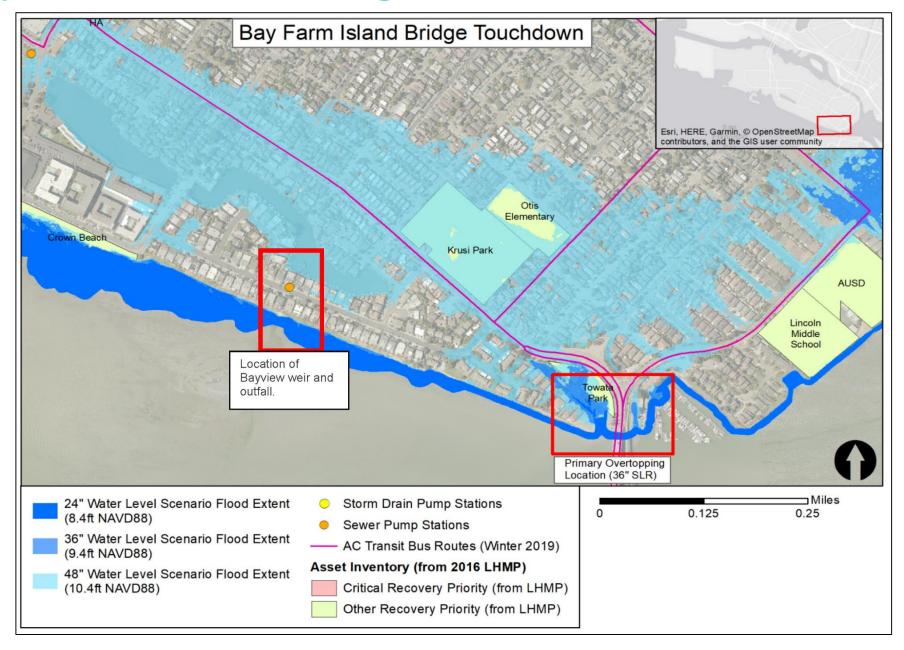
1 & 2 – Posey / Webster Tubes



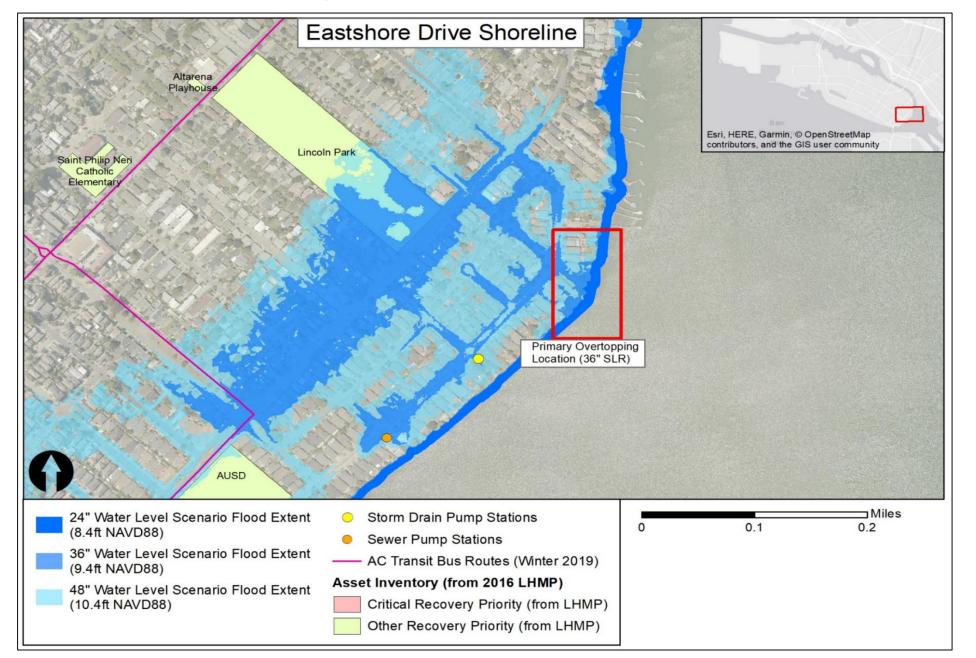
3 - Crown Beach and Bird Sanctuary



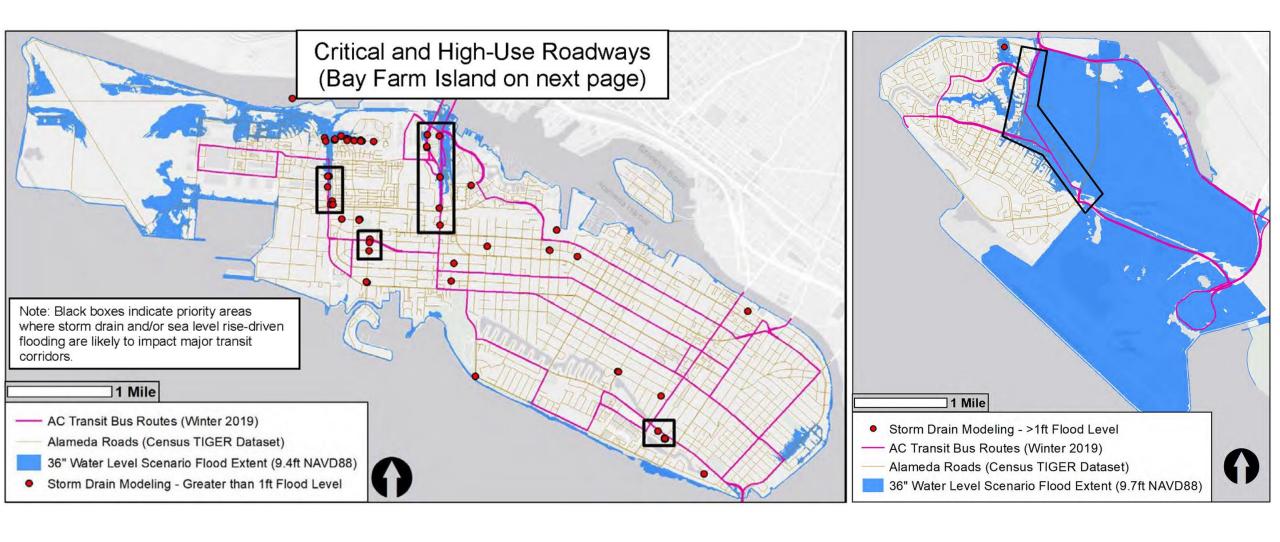
4 – Bay Farm Island Bridge Touchdown Area



5 – Eastshore Drive Shoreline



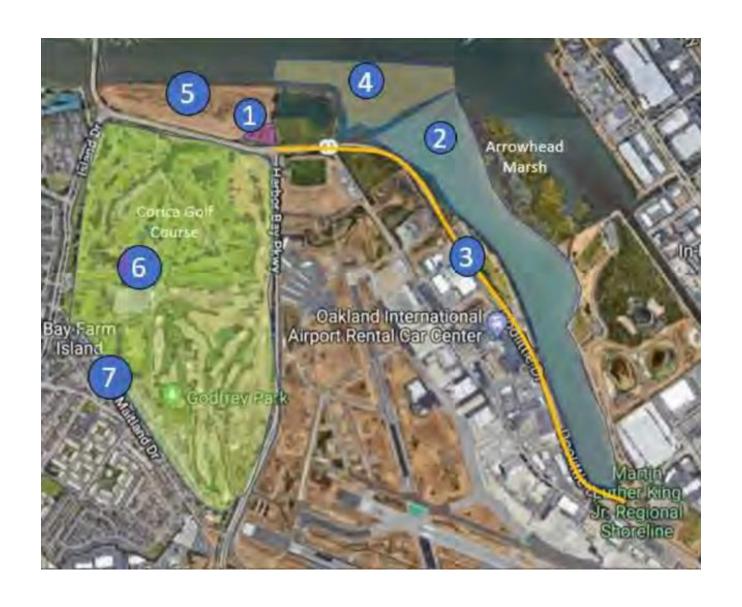
6 - Critical and High Use Roadways



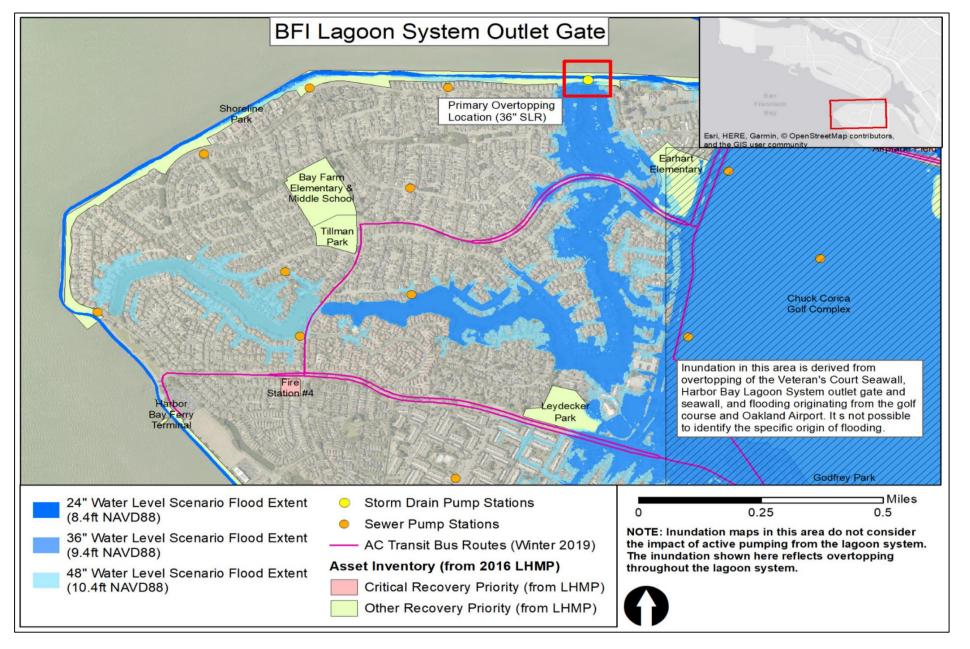
7 – Bayview Weir and Outfall



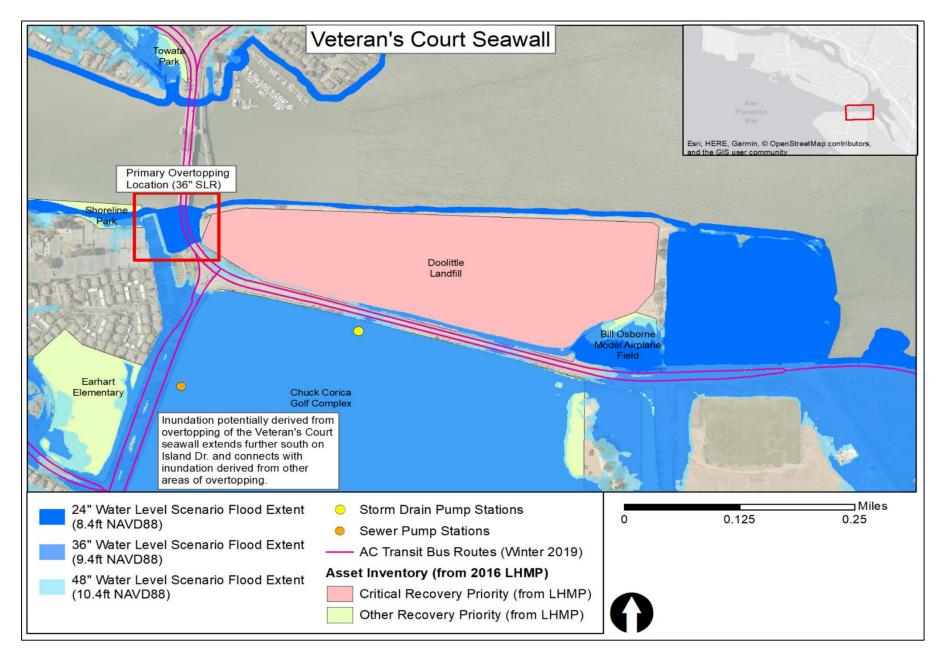
8 – SR 61 / Doolittle Drive



9 – Bay Farm Island Lagoon Outlet

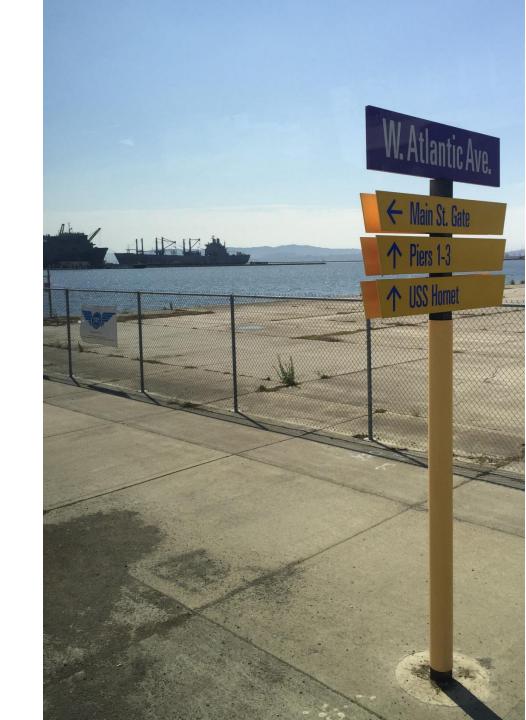


10 - Veteran's Court Seawall



Alameda's Adaptation Strategy Approach

- Asset-specific strategies for 11 location-based priority flooding assets
- Sector-based citywide strategies
- Focus on assets impacted soonest and with greatest consequence
- Identify short-term (< 5 years), mid-term (5-10 years), and long-term (>10 years) actions
- Develop adaptation pathways that accommodate end-of-century conditions
- Monitor changing conditions and climate projections to adaptively manage adaptation response
- Consider broad range of evaluation criteria and co-benefits



Example Strategies for Priority Flooding Areas

Physical / Infrastructure

- Dune beach nourishment
- Mudflat sediment augmentation
- Remove existing impervious surfaces to aid drainage
- Install flood-proofing
- Upgrade existing pump station
- Heighten existing seawalls and levees

Governance

- Coordinate with EBRPD on site masterplan
- Coordinate with homeowners on protection strategy. Establish MOU.
- Coordinate with Oakland on Bay Farm Island flood protection
- Develop ordinance to require flood retrofits to homes
- Consider future water levels in stormwater design

Informational

- Study marsh resilience to SLR
- Compile land ownership inventory along shoreline
- Conduct geotechnical investigation of shoreline
- Evaluate structural characteristics of weir and outfall



Making Economically Informed Climate Change Decisions

The CARP evaluates the following:

- Cost of inaction
- Cost and benefits of taking action to address SLR and storm surge
- Costs of GHG reduction actions
- Funding and financing for the CARP

"We must demonstrate that investments will achieve maximum benefits and are implemented most cost-effectively."



The Cost of Inaction and Action

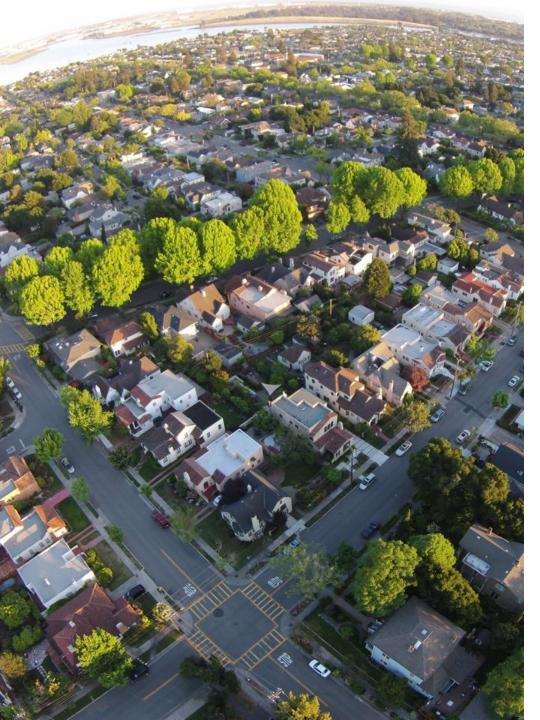
Cost of inaction and action considered:

- 2030, 2050, and 2100 scenarios
- Permanent inundation and temporary flooding (100-year storm surge)
- Economic impacts (building damage, land and infrastructure loss) and protective costs

Scenario	High-End Cost (\$M)	Avoided Loss (\$M)
2030	\$285	\$1,490
2050	\$559	\$2,018
2100	\$1,056	\$8,061

With conservative assumptions and incomplete calculation of benefits, in all scenarios, <u>for every</u> <u>dollar spent on adapting, at least \$3.50 in loss is avoided.</u>





Costs of GHG Reduction Actions

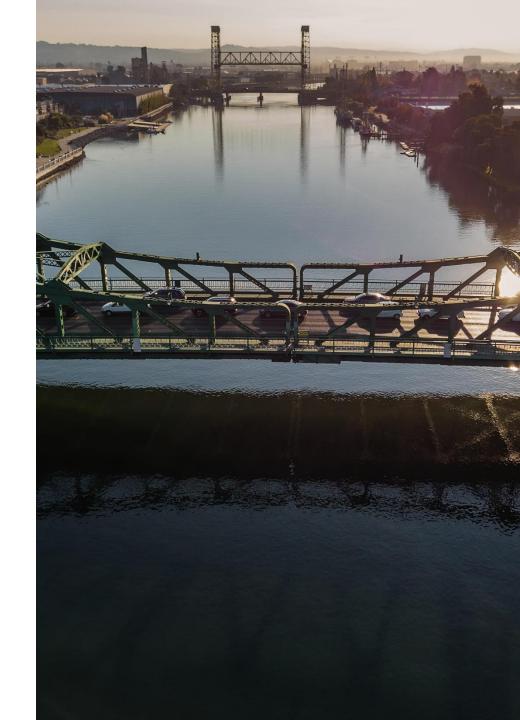
The CARP evaluates the following:

- Capital and ongoing costs for implementation of GHG reduction measures
- Costs presented in terms of "\$/MTCO2e reduced" for transportation (mode shift and vehicle electrification), buildings, and sequestration actions

Relative Cost	Cost (\$/MTCO2e Reduced)	Example Actions
Low	<\$100	Bike lanes, EasyPass program, peak hour congestion pricing, EV charging stations
Medium	<\$1000	Traffic signal synchronization, fuel switching programs, electrification of new construction
High	>\$1000	Ban gas-powered leaf blowers, Green roof installations at Alameda Point, new BART station

Funding and Financing the CARP

- The CARP recommends creating a new Climate Fund for GHG emissions reduction and climate change adaptation
- Funding may also come from state and federal dollars and grants
- Other local funding mechanisms include:
 - Infrastructure bonds
 - Flood assessments
 - Special districts
 - Stormwater fees
 - Enhanced Infrastructure Financing Districts



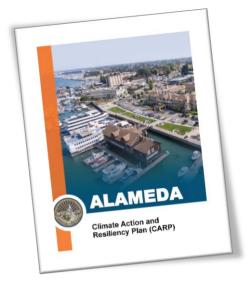


From Plan to Action

The CARP presents an implementation framework that charts the City's course going forward.

To start, the City will:

- Continue meetings of the Green Team, Adaptation/Sequestration Working Group, and Fuel Switching Working Group
- Establish progress metrics and tracking on public-facing dashboard
- Initiate annual reporting on progress
- Continue work on regional governance and collaboration
- Hire a Sustainability Coordinator





CARP Phase 1 Milestones (Years 1-2)



OPERATIONAL



GHG REDUCTION



ADAPTATION

- Reassess City's organization and staffing
- Implement "Climate Impacts" section in staff reports
- Hire Sustainability Coordinator
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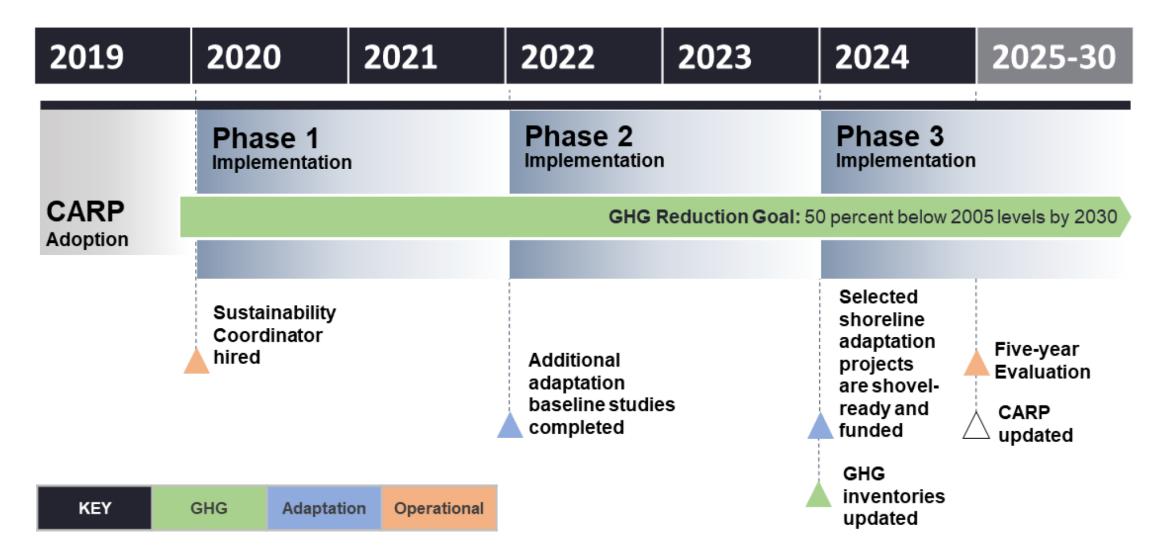
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CARP Timeline and Milestones



Q&A

